



Wistat Women's Indicators and Statistics Spreadsheet Database for Microcomputers (Version 2) Users Guide and Reference Manual



United Nations

كيفية الحصول على منشورات الأمم المتحدة

يمكن الحصول على منشورات الأمم المتحدة من المكتبات ودور التوزيع في جميع أنحاء العالم. استعلم عنها من المكتبة التي تتعامل معها أو اكتب إلى: الأمم المتحدة، قسم البيع في نيويورك أو في جنيف.

如何购取联合国出版物

联合国出版物在全世界各地的书店和经售处均有发售。请向书店询问或写信到纽约或日内瓦的联合国销售组。

HOW TO OBTAIN UNITED NATIONS PUBLICATIONS

United Nations publications may be obtained from bookstores and distributors throughout the world. Consult your bookstore or write to: United Nations, Sales Section, New York or Geneva.

COMMENT SE PROCURER LES PUBLICATIONS DES NATIONS UNIES

Les publications des Nations Unies sont en vente dans les librairies et les agences dépositaires du monde entier. Informez-vous auprès de votre libraire ou adressez-vous à : Nations Unies, Section des ventes, New York ou Genève.

КАК ПОЛУЧИТЬ ИЗДАНИЯ ОРГАНИЗАЦИИ ОБЪЕДИНЕННЫХ НАЦИЙ

Издания Организации Объединенных Наций можно купить в книжных магазинах и агентствах во всех районах мира. Наводите справки об изданиях в вашем книжном магазине или пишите по адресу: Организация Объединенных Наций, Секция по продаже изданий, Нью-Йорк или Женева.

COMO CONSEGUIR PUBLICACIONES DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS

Las publicaciones de las Naciones Unidas están en venta en librerías y casas distribuidoras en todas partes del mundo. Consulte a su librero o diríjase a: Naciones Unidas, Sección de Ventas, Nueva York o Ginebra.

Department of Economic and Social Development
Statistical Division
Social Statistics and Indicators Series K No. 10

Wistat Women's Indicators and Statistics Spreadsheet Database for Microcomputers (Version 2)

Users Guide and Reference Manual



United Nations
New York, 1992

20497

The designations employed and the presentation of material in this publication do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of the Secretariat of the United Nations concerning the legal status of any country, territory, city or area, or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries.

The term "country" as used in the text of this publication also refers, as appropriate, to territories or areas.

The designations "developed" and "developing" regions are intended for statistical convenience and do not necessarily express a judgement about the stage reached by a particular country or area in the development process.

In general, statistics contained in Wistat Version 2 are those available to the United Nations Secretariat up to October 1990 and refer to 1988 or earlier. They therefore reflect country nomenclature in use in 1988.

Wistat diskettes updated to 1992 will be available in mid-1993.

Wistat has been developed with support from the United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA).

ST/ESA/STAT/SER.K/10
United Nations publication • Sales number E.92.XVII.11
ISBN 92-1-109123-3

Copyright © United Nations 1992
All rights reserved
Manufactured in the United States of America

Inquiries should be directed to:

Publishing Division
United Nations
New York 10017

Preface

The World Plan of Action for the Implementation of the Objectives of the International Women's Year, adopted by the World Conference of the International Women's Year in 1975, recommended the development of statistics and indicators specifically concerned with the situation of women.¹ This recommendation was followed by recommendations of the Economic and Social Council (resolutions 2061 (LXII) of 12 May 1977 and 1981/11 of 6 May 1981) and reaffirmed and elaborated in the Programme of Action for the Second Half of the United Nations Decade for Women, adopted by the World Conference of the United Nations Decade for Women: Equality, Development and Peace, in 1980.² The first effort on the international level to meet this expressed demand for statistics on women was "Selected statistics and indicators on the status of women", compiled for the 1985 World Conference to Review and Appraise the Achievements of the United Nations Decade for Women, held in Nairobi, and the statistical poster *Selected Indicators on the Situation of Women 1985*.³

The demand for timely, comprehensive information about women has continued to grow. Wistat responds to this demand. Wistat brings together a wide cross-section of data prepared by agencies of the United Nations, based on information supplied by countries and areas. It provides in one system a comprehensive set of data on the situation of women—data on population composition, characteristics and distribution; education and training levels; family relationships; health; and economic, social, cultural and political activity.

The information is available on a global or a regional level. Wistat's handling of subject fields and topics provides flexibility in coverage and responsiveness to

individual user needs. Having a comprehensive database such as Wistat also allows for easier identification of data gaps—the subject fields and topics that are not yet addressed at the international level.

Wistat has been developed by the Statistical Division, Department of Economic and Social Development of the United Nations Secretariat, with the generous support and encouragement of the United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA). Users interested in consulting statistics and indicators derived from Wistat in hard-copy form may refer to the *Compendium of Statistics and Indicators on the Situation of Women 1986*, *The World's Women 1970-1990: Trends and Statistics* and the wall chart *The Situation of Women 1990: Selected Indicators*.⁴ Users interested in additional technical guidance for national work should consult the *Handbook for National Statistical Data Bases on Women and Development*.⁵ Comments and suggestions concerning this material are welcome. They should be addressed to the Director of the Statistical Division, United Nations, New York.

Notes

1. See *Report of the World Conference of the International Women's Year, Mexico City, 19 June-2 July 1975* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.76.IV.1), paras. 161-173.

2. See *Report of the World Conference of the United Nations Decade for Women: Equality, Development and Peace, Copenhagen, 14-30 July, 1980* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.80.IV.3 and corrigendum), chap. I, sect. A, paras. 257-263.

3. The conference document was issued with the symbol A/CONF.116/10 and the statistical poster as a United Nations publication, Sales No. E.85.XII.6A.

4. United Nations publications, Series K, Nos. 5, 8 and 8/Add. 1, Sales Nos. E/F.88.XVII.6, E.90.XVII.3 and E.90.XVII.3A.

5. United Nations publication, Series K, No. 6, Sales No. E.89.XVII.9.

Contents

Preface *iii*

Guide to the guide *vii*

1. Overview

Why a computerized database? 1
What form does Wistat take? 1
What does Wistat contain? 1
Can Wistat be expanded? 1
Updating Wistat 2
What products are available? 2
What experience is needed to use Wistat? 2
Notes 2

2. Getting started

System requirements 3
 Hardware 3
 Software 3
Acquiring Wistat 3
Installation 3

3. Using Wistat

Overview of the data files 5
Introduction to the reference files 5
Data processing 6
 Locating data 6
 Displaying data on screen 6
 Editing a data table 6
 Saving a data table 7
 Printing a data table 8
 Sorting records 8
Some applications of Wistat 9
 National and international monitoring and reporting 9
 Improving capability within the United Nations Statistical Division 9
 Dissemination of comprehensive data sets 9
 Dissemination of techniques for the establishment of a computerized data base 9
 Training 10
Notes 10

4. Description and technical notes on series

Field 1 Population composition and distribution 11
 Age and sex distribution 11
 Geographical distribution 12
 Foreign-born population 12
Field 2 Learning and educational services 12
 Illiteracy 12
 Educational attainment 13
 School enrolment 13

Teaching staff	14
Scientific and technical human resources potential	14
Field 3 Economic activity	15
Economically active population	15
Earnings and wage rates	16
Urban unemployment	17
Field 4 Households, marital status and fertility	17
Marital status and age at marriage	18
Fertility	18
Contraceptive use	19
Household characteristics	19
Field 5 Housing conditions and human settlements	20
Field 6 Health and health services; disabled persons	21
Life expectancy and life table survival values	21
Infant, child and maternal mortality rates	21
Causes of death	22
Prevalence of anaemia among women	23
Delivery care for women	23
Prevalence of breastfeeding	23
Availability of safe water	23
Prevalence of smoking	24
Prevalence of disability	24
Field 7 Public affairs and political participation	24
Women's rights to vote and to stand for election	25
Women in parliamentary assemblies	25
Women in the United Nations	25
Field 8 Crime and criminal justice	25
Field 9 National product and expenditure	26
Statistical sources for Wistat	29
Reference annexes	31

Guide to the guide

Wistat is a global database of statistics and indicators on women. It contains detailed statistics on a wide range of topics, disaggregated by gender where possible, for 178 countries or areas of the world. The database uses information available at the international level in offices of the United Nations Secretariat and the statistical services of the United Nations specialized agencies. Period coverage is roughly from 1970 to 1988, with estimates and projections for certain series extending back to 1950 and forward to 2025.

All data in Wistat are in tabular form (spreadsheets), which facilitates manipulation or extraction of data for analysis and presentation in tables, graphs or other formats. This users guide describes the contents of Wistat and demonstrates how to manipulate and extract the data.

This guide consists of four chapters and comprehensive reference annexes. Chapter 1 presents an overview of Wistat, sum-

marizing its development objectives and describing its structure and contents. Chapter 2 sets out the system requirements for Wistat and gives instructions for acquiring and installing it.

Chapter 3 details the data and reference files in the database. It also gives step-by-step instructions on using Lotus 1-2-3® to perform some simple processing steps. While these instructions are specific to the Lotus 1-2-3 program, comparable instructions can easily be prepared by the user of most other popular spreadsheet programs.

Chapter 4 describes the subject fields and series in Wistat, defining each statistic or indicator and identifying its sources and limitations.

The reference annexes list all the subject fields and series in Wistat, all files in the database and the countries or areas in various groupings. The format and content of each file are also given, together with data availability for each series.

Overview

1

Wistat is designed to provide comprehensive, easily accessible information on the situation of women. Information is presented in a form that facilitates the preparation of data for publication and speeds the retrieval of information needed by national or international organizations.

Wistat is also designed as an example for the development of national databases and contains information that may form the core of such systems.

Why a computerized database?

Wistat was developed as a computerized database system to provide maximum flexibility in coverage and maintenance. Wistat's coverage is global, but not all users will want global coverage all the time. A computerized system simplifies disaggregation of the data and extraction of only the data a user needs. Both maintenance through regular updates and expansion according to user needs are also simplified.

What form does Wistat take?

Wistat data are collected from numerous sources (see the section on statistical sources at the end of this manual) and maintained on diskettes for use on personal computers. Wherever possible, the base information is obtained on diskettes and then reformatted according to the classifications and groupings that make up the Wistat structure.

The data are maintained in spreadsheet tables, with appropriate reference materials, that provide for easy extraction for publication and analysis.

The tables use Lotus 1-2-3 software (version 2.2). Double-sided, double-density diskettes, each containing files representing

one or more topics, are prepared for dissemination by the United Nations.

What does Wistat contain?

Wistat contains 84 spreadsheet tables with data series grouped into subject fields and topics. The data are disaggregated by gender wherever possible. The nine subject fields are as follows:

- Population composition and distribution.
- Learning and educational services.
- Economic activity.
- Households, marital status and fertility.
- Housing conditions and human settlements.
- Health and health services; disabled persons.
- Public affairs and political participation.
- Crime and criminal justice.
- National product and expenditure.

Each subject field is further disaggregated into topics represented in the form of data sets comprising statistics and indicators. (The fields are described in detail in chapter 4.)

The sources of data are published reports and unpublished updates from various United Nations agencies, supplemented by official national reports and other submissions (see annex 6 of the reference annexes).

Can Wistat be expanded?

Wistat was designed to allow for expansion, both by the Statistical Division of the United Nations Secretariat and by national and other users. The primary sources of Wistat data, publications of the United Nations system, have in many cases been

unable to present data disaggregated by gender because the national data on which they are based do not yet do so. Accordingly, some important statistics and indicators needed to fully represent the situation of women are not now available. Work is under way to broaden the scope of such publications, and the form of the Wistat database facilitates its expansion as new data become available.

Some data that are now available have not yet been included in Wistat. Future expansions of Wistat are expected to incorporate these data.

Wistat's design is also an appropriate example for the development of more comprehensive national databases. National concerns do not always coincide exactly with those at the regional and international levels, the levels at which Wistat data are currently displayed.

Updating Wistat

Some of the data sources for Wistat are revised and updated regularly; others only on an occasional basis. To ensure that the information in the database is as current as possible, the United Nations Statistical Division keeps in close touch with the agencies that collect the data, obtaining updates as they become available and incorporating them into Wistat. Updated versions of Wistat will be issued every two to three

years. All Wistat owners will be registered, to help ensure that they will have access to the updated versions.

What products are available?

Wistat is available on 5¼-inch or 3½-inch diskettes in Lotus 1-2-3 (version 2.2) spreadsheet format. The user may select the complete database (178 countries) or choose from among five regional sets.

Several publications prepared by the United Nations Statistical Division using Wistat are also available in printed form: *Compendium of Statistics and Indicators on the Situation of Women 1986*, *The World's Women 1970-1990: Trends and Statistics*, and a wall chart, *The Situation of Women 1990—Selected Indicators*.¹

What experience is needed to use Wistat?

Working knowledge of Lotus 1-2-3 or some other spreadsheet program which can import Lotus files is necessary for using Wistat.

Notes

1. United Nations publications, Series K, No. 5, Sales No. E/F.88.XVII.6, and Series K, Nos. 8 and 8/Add.1, Sales Nos. E.90.XVII.3 and E.90.XVII.3A.

Getting started

2

System requirements

Wistat was designed to operate on commercially available microcomputer hardware and software in common use.

System requirements are as follows:

Hardware

An IBM personal computer or compatible system with at least 512 kilobytes of random access memory (RAM) and two floppy disk drives or one floppy disk drive and a hard disk.

A printer is optional.

Software

MS-DOS version 2.0 or higher and Lotus 1-2-3 version 1 or higher.

Acquiring Wistat

Wistat is available on 360 kilobyte 5¼-inch diskettes and 720 kilobyte 3½-inch diskettes. It may be ordered in the complete 178 country set, or for any of the following groups of countries:

- Economic Commission for Europe.
- Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean.
- Economic Commission for Africa.
- Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific.
- Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia.

To acquire Wistat, complete the order form (available in annex 6 of the reference annexes) and return it to the United Nations Statistical Division. A copy of this users guide will accompany each set ordered. To request additional order forms or information, write to:

Statistical Division
United Nations
New York 10017 USA.

Installation

For a system with *two floppy disk drives*: No installation is required. However, you should make a working copy of the Wistat diskettes and store the original diskettes, to protect them against damage. To make a copy of your diskettes:

Step 1 Put write-protect tabs on each original Wistat diskette.

Step 2 Insert the first Wistat diskette in drive A and a blank, formatted diskette in drive B.

Step 3 Type COPY A:*. * B: and press Enter.

Step 4 When copying is completed, remove the diskette from drive A and put it aside. Remove the diskette from drive B, label it and put on a write-protect tab. This will be your working copy.

Step 5 Repeat Steps 2 to 4 for the other 21 diskettes.

Step 6 Keep the original Wistat diskettes in a safe place. Work only with your working copy.

For a system with a *hard disk*:

Copying the whole database onto the hard disk requires at least 6.5 megabytes of disk space. Copying the database plus the reference files (also called annex files) requires a total of 7.0 megabytes of disk space.

If you do not copy Wistat onto the hard disk, you should make a working copy of the original diskettes (see above, "For a system with two floppy disk drives").

To copy Wistat into a subdirectory of your Lotus 1-2-3 directory on your hard disk, follow these steps:

Step 1 Put write-protect tabs on all the original Wistat diskettes.

Step 2 Start your computer from your hard disk.

Step 3 At the C:> prompt, type CD\LOTUS (or the name of the directory where your Lotus 1-2-3 program resides). Press Enter.

Step 4 Create a subdirectory called Wistat by typing MD Wistat. Press Enter.

Step 5 Change to the newly created subdirectory by typing CD Wistat. Press Enter.

Step 6 Insert the first Wistat diskette into drive A, then type COPY A:*. * and press Enter.

Step 7 Repeat Step 6 for each diskette that you want to copy to your hard disk.

Step 8 Keep the original Wistat diskettes in a safe place.

Using Wistat

3

Wistat consists of nine broad subject fields (see chapter 1), each containing one to twelve topics or series, for a total of 51 series. Because long series (those with many years of data, numerous age groups, categories or classifications) are split into several files, the 51 series reside in 84 data files. (For details, see annexes 1 to 3.)

Overview of the data files

The formats and sizes of the 84 data files vary considerably, according to the information, categories, or population subgroups they contain. Nevertheless, all files have three main components:

Header block The header block occupies the first 28 rows of each file. It contains the United Nations credits, the series number and file name, a descriptive title of the file, the sources of data and the descriptive column headings.

Data block The data block, which starts at row 29, is the main body of the file. The first row in this block contains labels identifying the contents of their respective columns. (For example, the label M_1519 identifies the column that contains male population aged 15-19.) The successive rows, with few exceptions, consist of the "data proper", numeric data or codes. Each row in the data proper is called a record and contains data for a particular country.

The first three columns of the data block are the same for all files:

- Column A—Geographic region code.
- Column B—Country code.
- Column C—Country name.

The fourth column typically contains the data source for the record and the fifth column contains the year.

Interspersed throughout the data block are footnote tags, which can be read in conjunction with the footnotes listed at the

end of the file (see "Footnote block" below).

Footnote block Footnotes, which qualify special cases of data, are found below the data block. Some files have a long footnote block, some have none at all. Each footnote in the footnote block consists of a footnote tag and its corresponding text.

Introduction to the reference files

Nine reference files on the Wistat diskettes provide information about the data files. They contain no statistical data but they will guide you through the numerous data files, serving as indexes to the database.

The first four reference files describe the series and files in Wistat:

Annex 1 lists the 51 series in Wistat by subject field and gives the period of reference and complete data sources for each series.

Annex 2 names the files corresponding to each series.

Annex 3 lists the 84 data files, showing their sizes, the series they belong to, and a brief description of their contents.

Annex 4 gives the layout of each file, providing an overview of the variables in the file and the periods and population subgroups covered.

To find out what statistics and indicators are available in Wistat, look at annex 1 for a general picture or at annex 4 for a more detailed description. You can use those reference files to pinpoint the series you are interested in and then use annex 2 to identify the corresponding file.

The next group of four reference files lists the 178 countries or areas included in the database and is helpful for selecting specific groups of countries. The four files are cross-referenced.

Annex 5A lists countries or areas in alphabetical order.

Annex 5B sorts countries or areas by continental regions and subregions.

Annex 5C sorts countries or areas by membership in the United Nations regional commissions.

Annex 5D lists least developed countries in alphabetical order.

Annex 6 gives a directory showing for each country or area under each series whether data are available and for which years or periods. You can use this directory to see whether Wistat has data for a particular country for the series you are interested in.

All the reference files described above are intended as references for both current and potential users of Wistat. For convenience, these nine files are printed in full in the reference annexes to this guide.

Data processing

You must be familiar with Lotus 1-2-3 to use Wistat effectively. Training in Lotus 1-2-3 is outside the scope of this guide, but this section provides an introduction to very basic operations, such as displaying, editing, saving, printing and sorting data under Lotus 1-2-3. Step-by-step instructions and simple examples illustrate how Wistat can be used in Lotus 1-2-3 to achieve the desired results. If you are already familiar with Lotus 1-2-3, you should skip this section and go on to "Some applications of Wistat".

Locating data

Step 1 Use annex 1 to find the series you want. Then look at its layout in annex 4 to be sure that it is the series you want.

Step 2 Write down the name of the file(s). If there is more than one file for your series, you may have to refer to annex 3 to identify the file(s) you need.

You have chosen the file you need and are now ready to display the data on screen.

Displaying data on screen

Step 1 Load Lotus 1-2-3.

Step 2 Let us say that you are inter-

ested in the 11POP80.WK1 file. Insert the diskette containing file 11POP80.WK1 in drive A. (If you have loaded Wistat on the hard disk, skip this step.)

Step 3 Type **/FR**. Lotus responds with "Name of file to retrieve:".

Step 4 If Wistat is on the diskette in drive A, type **A:11POP80** and press **Enter**. (If a directory or file name appears after the colon in the Lotus prompt in step 3, be sure to clear it out using either the **ESC** or the **BACKSPACE** key before you type **A:11POP80**.) The spreadsheet will appear on the screen.

If Wistat is on the hard disk, type **11POP80**, then press **Enter**. (Before typing **11POP80**, make sure that the correct drive letter and path appear after the colon in the Lotus response in step 3.)

Step 5 Use the **PAGEDOWN**, **PAGEUP** and arrow keys to move around the spreadsheet. Note the components of the spreadsheet: the header block, the data block and the footnote block. Notice that the countries run down the rows.

Step 6 To keep the column headings in view ("frozen" on the screen) while you browse through the rows, fix the headings in the upper half of the screen. Move the cursor to the line below the last line you wish to freeze on the screen. Type **/WTH**. Now the column headings will remain onscreen as you move around the spreadsheet.

To undo the freeze, type **/WTC**.

Step 7 Scroll down the rows to the country you are interested in and across columns to the categories you want to see.

Step 8 You may make notes of data by hand or edit and print portions of your spreadsheet.

Editing a data table

Some of the data files in Wistat are very big and contain much more information than you are likely to need. You can edit a Wistat spreadsheet and create a small table containing only the columns and rows that you want. For example, from file 11POP80, say that you want data on youth (population aged 15-24) of each gender for China and Japan only. To create this small table,

you will have to delete all the rows and columns you don't want from the spreadsheet. The step-by-step procedure is as follows:

Step 1 Display the file 11POP80 on your screen (see "Displaying data on screen").

Step 2 Press the **PAGEDOWN** key once to see the column headings. Note that you want to keep only the columns containing males and females aged 15-19 and 20-24. So that you can identify the year and source of data, you will also need to keep those columns.

Step 3 Move the cursor to the first column that you want to delete, which is column G (population of both sexes, all ages). To delete all columns from column G through column U (male population aged 10-14), type **/WDC**. Lotus responds with "Enter range of columns to delete: G21..G21".

Step 4 Highlight the columns you want to delete by sliding the cursor all the way to the last column to be deleted, column U. The Lotus command line now reads "Enter range of columns to delete: G21..U21". Press **Enter**.

Step 5 Now the columns you want to keep, male population ages 15-19 and 20-24, become columns G and H. You want further to delete the successive columns I to O. To do this, move the cursor to column I, type **/WDC**, highlight columns I to O and press **Enter**.

Step 6 Columns I and J now contain female population ages 15-19 and 20-24. Delete column K onward, again using the **/WDC** command. Now you have narrowed the spreadsheet so that it contains only the columns you want.

Step 7 So that the table contains data for only China and Japan, delete the rows for all the other countries. Move the cursor to cell C30 (Afghanistan). Type **/WDR**. Lotus responds with "Enter range of rows to delete: C30..C30". Slide the cursor down to Chile. The rows from Afghanistan to Chile are now highlighted. Press **Enter** to delete these rows.

Step 8 Similarly, delete the rows from Colombia to Jamaica, and from Jordan to Zimbabwe. Now you have shortened the

spreadsheet so that it contains only the data for the two countries you want.

Step 9 Check for the presence of footnote tags in the columns. (Columns with labels that start with the letters FN are reserved for footnote tags and should not be deleted unless they are empty.) Since no footnote tags appear for either China or Japan, delete footnote column FNGEN. Also delete the entire footnote block.

Step 10 If there are other rows in the current spreadsheet that you wish to delete to streamline your table, use the command **/WDR** to delete them.

Step 11 Now make sure that all columns in your small table are clearly identified. Move the cursor some rows above the male population data, type **male**, then press **Enter**. Do the same for female population data.

Step 12 Type in a title for your table or edit it further if desired. To save or print your table, see the following two sections.

The editing operations demonstrated above represent only a small sample of what you can do with the Wistat files. Lotus 1-2-3 has a wide array of operations available, such as sorting records, performing mathematical operations and inserting, moving or copying rows and columns, to name some simple ones.

Saving a data table

After altering a Wistat spreadsheet, you will probably want to save the revised spreadsheet or the small table you have created.

To save a table onto a diskette, do the following:

Step 1 To save the spreadsheet that is currently on screen onto a diskette, insert a diskette into drive A and type **/FS**. Lotus responds with "Name of file to save:".

Step 2 Type **A:MYFILE** (or a name of your choice) and press **Enter**. (If a directory or file name appears after the colon in the Lotus response in step 1, be sure to clear it out using either the **ESC** or the **BACKSPACE** key before you type **A:MYFILE**.) Your spreadsheet is now stored on your diskette under the name

MYFILE (or any other name that you specified, up to a maximum of eight characters).

To save a file onto your *hard disk*, do the following:

Step 1 Type /FS. Lotus responds with "Name of file to save:".

Step 2 Type C:\LOTUS\WISTAT\MYFILE (or a name of your choice, preceded by the drive and path), and press Enter. Your spreadsheet is now stored under the name MYFILE in the subdirectory C:\LOTUS\WISTAT on your hard disk.

Here are some tips and precautions for saving files:

- Before retrieving a file or quitting Lotus, remember to save the current spreadsheet if you do not want to lose it.
- Be sure to give the altered spreadsheet a new name, unless you want to save over (thereby destroying) the previous file.
- To avoid accidentally writing over your Wistat files, put write-protect tabs on each 5¼-inch Wistat diskette. Slide the switch on 3½-inch diskettes up to write-protect them.
- To reduce the risk of losing your spreadsheet (because of power failure, accidental deletions and so on), save frequently while you are working.
- Organize your hard disk or floppy diskettes so that working copies of Wistat are in separate subdirectories or on separate diskettes from your own altered files.

Printing a data table

To print part or all of a spreadsheet, you need to specify the range—the upper left and lower right corner cells—of the block you want to print. To print, do the following:

Step 1 Make a note of the range of cells you want to print.

Step 2 Type /PPR. Lotus responds with "Enter print range:". Specify the range by typing the designator for the upper left

corner cell, then two dots (..), then the designator for the lower right corner cell (e.g., A15..K40). Press Enter.

Step 3 Check that the printer is switched on and that the paper is ready, then press G.

There are many options you can use to improve the appearance of a printout, and some of them are very helpful for printing large worksheets. You should refer to the Lotus 1-2-3 manual if you need assistance with any of them.

Sorting records

Wistat data files can be sorted in various ways. All data files in Wistat are sorted by country in alphabetical order. A simple sorting operation allows you to bring together all the countries in a particular geographical region so that they appear together on one screen.

To sort files, you need to specify the entire range you want sorted. If you are a beginner, your applications would usually cover the entire data block, excluding the row of labels, as the range. You also need to specify a primary sort key and, if you wish, a secondary sort key.

Again, we use file 11POP80 as example:

Step 1 Retrieve the file 11POP80. Press PAGEDOWN once to see the column headings and the data block.

Step 2 Type /DSD. Lotus responds with "Enter data range:A21".

Step 3 Type A30..AI207, then press Enter.

Step 4 Type P (for primary sort key). Lotus responds with "Primary sort key:A21". Since you want to sort by geographical region (column A), type A1, then press Enter. Lotus responds with "Sort order (A or D):D". Type A and press Enter to sort in ascending order of the regional codes.

Step 5 To sort the countries in alphabetical order within each region, type S (for secondary sort key). Lotus responds with "Secondary sort key:A21". Type C1, then press Enter. Lotus responds with "Sort order (A or D):D". Type A (for ascending), then press Enter.

Step 6 Press G to initiate the sorting.

Some applications of Wistat

Wistat was developed to serve a variety of purposes, some of which are listed here:

- Monitoring and reporting nationally and internationally on the situation of women.
- Improving the capability of the United Nations Statistical Division to respond to ad hoc requests for data on women.
- Disseminating comprehensive data sets for easy analysis using simple computer techniques and standard microcomputer software packages designed for nonspecialists.
- Disseminating documented and tested techniques for establishing a microcomputer-based database from highly disparate sources.
- Providing a framework for the development of national databases.
- Providing a core of carefully prepared statistics and indicators on a wide cross-section of subject fields and topics on the situation of women.
- Training administrators and technical personnel at the national level in the meaning and applications of statistics and indicators on women.

National and international monitoring and reporting

Wistat is organized to facilitate the production of relevant statistics and indicators covering a broad range of economic and social activity at national and international levels. The selected illustrative series within subject fields identify each of the original data sources or modifications, thereby providing for the association of comparability series and facilitating the development of meaningful indicators. The *Compendium of Statistics and Indicators on the Situation of Women 1986* provides a good example of such usage.¹

Improving capability within the United Nations Statistical Division

Wistat has made it possible for the United Nations Statistical Division to respond quickly to requests for data on the

situation of women, requests that have been growing at an accelerating rate, particularly over the past 10 years. Wistat brings together a comprehensive set of information relating to women produced by the various United Nations organizations, including relevant notes on sources and limitations, in a format that allows for relatively easy extraction of data.

Dissemination of comprehensive data sets

The need has also been growing for easy access to comprehensive data sets, in differing combinations of subject fields and selected series, periods of reference, age and gender coverage, and geographical spread. Wistat, as a microcomputer-based database, was designed to meet these needs for several categories of users:

- The United Nations Statistical Division.
- International and regional administrators of women's programmes.
- Academic faculties engaged in teaching and research on women's concerns.
- Staff involved in national policy formulation and implementation relating to women's concerns and the advancement of women.
- National statistical offices.
- Researchers and students working in the field.
- Donor agencies providing bilateral or multilateral aid and technical assistance with concern for the advancement of women.

Dissemination of techniques for the establishment of a computerized database

Meeting the rapid growth in demand for statistical information on the situation of women requires participation at both national and international levels for the preparation of the statistics from which relevant indicators can be developed. The development of Wistat is one step in this direction, but it is only a start. National statistical offices must also contribute to this effort—most effectively by creating their own national databases on women's statistics and indicators. To support such efforts, Wistat has been designed with clear

and concise documentation so that it can serve as a model for such national activities.

Training

Wistat may be used as a training tool for the analysis and interpretation of statistics and indicators on women, for the develop-

ment of indicators, or for the development of similar databases, whether national or regional.

Notes

1. United Nations publication, Series K, No. 5, Sales No. E/F.88.XVII.6.

Description and technical notes on series

4

This chapter describes each of the nine subject fields in Wistat and their specific topics or series.

Field 1 Population composition and distribution

This subject field has three series:

1.1 Age and gender distribution of the population, 1950, 1960, 1970, 1975, 1980, 1985, 1990, 1995, 2000 and 2025.

1.2 Geographical distribution of the population, 1970, 1980 and 1990 census rounds.

1.3 Foreign-born population, 1970 and 1980 census rounds and latest available year.

Age and sex distribution

The age groups for series 1.1 are years 0-4, 5-9, 10-14, 15-19, 20-24, 25-44, 45-59 and 60+. Urban and rural breakdowns are also given for total population.

The main data sources for this series are the latest population estimates and projections prepared by the Population Division of the United Nations Secretariat (sources 21 and 22). In general, these estimates relate to persons resident in a country or area at mid-year. They have been estimated based on data available to the Population Division as of 1985. For countries not included in the Population Division estimates, data have been extracted from the *Demographic Yearbook* (source 13).

As indicated in sources (21) and (22), the Population Division estimates are derived from available national data—population censuses, demographic surveys, population registers and other national sources—that have been evaluated and adjusted for deficiencies and inconsistencies where nec-

essary. For countries for which data are lacking or insufficient, the estimates are those that are believed to be reasonable for the population in question and that are in agreement with any existing reliable information.

For the 1990 revision, the Population Division prepared four variants of projections for the period 1985 to 2025: high, medium, low and constant fertility. Assumed fertility rates account for the major differences among the four variants, but varying assumptions were also adopted on future patterns of migration and mortality when such differentiation seemed appropriate. Wistat uses the medium variant, which falls halfway between the high and low variants and is considered the most plausible projection of population trends. A description of the methods, data and assumptions used in the estimation and projections is given in chapter I of source (22).

Data from the *Demographic Yearbook* (13) are based on official data submitted to the United Nations Statistical Division by national statistical services or other government offices. Population data reported by countries or areas include population census figures, estimates based on results of sample surveys, postcensal or intercensal estimates and estimates derived from continuous population registers. The full description of data sources, content and methods of estimation are given in the general and technical notes in source (13).

There are several comparability problems with the Wistat population data. The problems relating to individual data sources are described in the relevant source publication. Other problems arise because of the adoption of more than one data

source for the series. For example, the Population Division modifies the data it receives from national sources to reduce inconsistencies in the global data set, but the data from the *Demographic Yearbook* have not been similarly modified. The use of different definitions in the measurement also reduces comparability: total versus civilian, *de jure* versus *de facto*, inclusion or exclusion of temporary absentees and the like.

Geographical distribution

Series 1.2 presents data on the geographical distribution of the population, showing total, urban, rural and largest city populations by gender.

Data for this series are obtained from source (13) and supplemented by sources (7) and (9). The concepts, definitions, assumptions and limitations are described in the sources. The urban-rural classification is that provided by each country or area.

As the *Demographic Yearbook* explains, national differences in the definition of "urban areas" account for an important and specific limitation to the comparability of urban-rural data. Because of these differences, the definitions of "urban" and "rural" have been included in the sources.

The designation of areas as urban or rural is closely bound up with historical, political, cultural and administrative considerations. The criteria, if established on the basis of administrative subdivisions, often become fixed and resistant to change. For this reason, comparisons of time-series data may be severely affected because the definitions used could become outdated. Differences in definitions used in censuses and sample surveys may also reduce comparability.

Foreign-born population

Series 1.3 gives data on the total and foreign-born population by gender for the 1970 and 1980 census rounds and the latest available year.

The Population Division of the United Nations Secretariat compiles these statis-

tics from national population censuses and from sample surveys for countries or areas where no census of the total population was held in the period (source 12). Unless otherwise indicated, the data refer to the *de facto* (present in area) population.

Foreign-born population is defined to include anyone born outside the country or area in which they are enumerated in the *de facto* population. The definition of country or area of birth is based on national boundaries existing at the time of the census and not at the time of birth.

Field 2 Learning and educational services

Five topics are included in this subject field:

- Illiteracy.
- Educational attainment.
- School enrolment.
- Teaching staff.
- Scientific and technical human resources potential.

Illiteracy

Illiteracy is represented by one series:

2.1 Illiteracy (number and per cent) by gender and age group for total, urban, and rural areas, for the 1970 and 1980 census rounds.

The age groups presented are 15+, 15-24, 25+, 25-44, 45+, 45-64 and 65+.

UNESCO-compiled illiteracy statistics (sources 24, 25, 26 and 27) are based on data from national population censuses and surveys. Series 2.1 relies heavily on the UNESCO compilations, supplemented by data from the *Compendium of Human Settlements Statistics* 1983 (9), the *Demographic Yearbook* (13) and national publications as indicated in the file.

UNESCO defines illiteracy as the inability to read and write. People who are semiliterates—those who can read but not write—are included in estimates of illiterates. UNESCO data exclude persons unspecified for literacy.

The *Compendium of Human Settlements*

Statistics and Demographic Yearbook both use the UNESCO definition: "Literacy is defined as the ability to read and to write. A person is literate who can, with understanding, both read and write a short, simple statement on his everyday life. Hence a person capable of reading and writing only figures and his own name should be considered illiterate, as should a person who can read but not write and one who can read and write only a ritual phrase which has been memorized".

Educational attainment

Educational attainment is represented by one series:

2.2 Educational attainment by age group and gender for total, urban and rural areas, for the 1970 and 1980 census rounds.

The age groups are years 15-19, 20-24, 25-44, 45-64 and 65+.

For each population subgroup, percentage distribution by level of educational attainment is given: no schooling, incomplete first level, completed first level, entered second level and postsecondary level. UNESCO compiles the statistics for this series (sources 25 and 26) using data from national population censuses and surveys.

The following definitions apply:

No schooling includes those who completed less than one year of schooling.

Incomplete first level includes those who completed at least one year of primary education but who did not complete the final grade at the primary level. The duration at the first level may vary by country; the relevant information is found in source (26).

Completed first level includes those who completed the final level of primary education but did not go on to secondary school.

Entered second level includes those who moved to the first cycle of second-level education but did not proceed to postsecondary studies.

Postsecondary level includes those who undertook postsecondary studies, whether or not they completed the full course.

School enrolment

Data on school enrolment is given in the following five series:

2.3 School enrolment at first level, for 1970, 1980 and latest available year.

2.4 School enrolment at second level, for 1970, 1980 and latest available year.

2.5 School enrolment at third level by field of study, for 1970, 1980 and latest available year.

2.6 Combined first- and second-level gross enrolment ratio, for 1970, 1980 and latest available year.

2.7 Third-level students per 100,000 population, for 1970, 1980 and latest available year.

All series present data disaggregated by gender. All data were obtained from compilations by UNESCO (sources 25 and 26). UNESCO prepares enrolment statistics from data provided by national Governments in response to UNESCO questionnaires.

The enrolment data in these five series cover both public and private institutions. They refer in general to the beginning of the school or academic year, and so may differ substantially from a count taken in the middle or at the end of the school year. The years given in each series indicate the calendar year in which the school or academic year begins.

According to the definitions adopted by UNESCO, *education at the first level* refers to education that is intended to provide the basic elements of education (elementary or primary school). It usually begins between the ages of five and seven and lasts for about five years.

Second-level education refers to education provided at middle schools, secondary schools, high schools, teacher-training schools at a secondary level and vocational or technical schools. This level of education is based on at least four years of previous first-level instruction and provides general or specialized instruction, or both. The first cycle of second-level education usually begins at about age 10-12 and lasts for about three years; the second cycle, at about age 13-15, lasts about four years.

Education at third level refers to education provided at a university, teachers college or higher professional school requiring as a minimum condition of admission the successful completion of education at the second level. In series 2.5, the fields of study have been aggregated into five broad groups, each consisting of one or more fields of study defined in the International Standard Classification of Education (ISCED), of UNESCO:

- Liberal arts
 - Education science and teacher training.
 - Humanities, religion and theology.
 - Fine and applied arts.
 - Home economics (domestic science).
 - Service trades.
- Law and business
 - Law.
 - Commercial and business administration.
 - Mass communication and documentation.
 - Transport and communications.
- Science and engineering
 - Social and behavioural science.
 - Natural science.
 - Mathematics and computer science.
 - Medical science and health-related.
 - Engineering.
 - Architecture and town planning.
 - Trade, craft and industrial programmes.
- Agriculture: Agriculture, forestry and fishery.
- Other: Other and not specified.

For definitions of the fields of study at the third level, see source (26). As far as possible, third-level enrolment figures include both full-time and part-time students.

Combined first- and second-level gross enrolment ratio is defined as total first- and second-level enrolment divided by the population of the corresponding age groups for primary and secondary schooling. The ratios are expressed as percentages. Note that the gross enrolment ratio includes all pupils—whatever their ages—in the numerator, whereas the denomina-

tor is limited to the population falling within the range of official school ages defined by the country. Therefore, for countries with almost universal education among the school-age population, the gross enrolment ratio will exceed 100 if the actual age distribution of pupils spreads beyond the official school ages.

Teaching staff

Teaching staff is represented by two series:

2.8 Teachers by gender at the first level, for 1970, 1980 and latest available year.

2.9 Teachers by gender at the second level, for 1970, 1980 and latest available year.

Data are from UNESCO's compilation of information provided by national education authorities (source 26).

The definition of first and second levels is as given above for the series on school enrollment. In general, data on teachers cover both public and private schools. In most cases data include part-time teachers, who often constitute a substantial proportion of the staff in technical and vocational schools. Instructional personnel without teaching functions (librarians, guidance personnel, certain principals) have been excluded whenever possible.

Scientific and technical human resources potential

This human resources category is represented by one series:

2.10 Potential scientists and engineers and potential technicians, for 1970, 1980 and the latest available year.

Data are given for total and for female. This series is based mainly on national population censuses or survey data on scientific and technical qualifications of economically active persons, as compiled by UNESCO (source 26).

Scientists and engineers are defined as people with scientific or technological training (usually completion of third-level education) in any field of science who are engaged in professional work on research and development (R&D) activities or who

administer or direct the execution of R&D activities. The broad fields of science are natural sciences, engineering and technology, medical sciences, agricultural sciences, social sciences and humanities and other fields.

Technicians are defined as people engaged in technical R&D activities who have received vocational or technical training in any branch of knowledge or technology of a specified standard (usually at least three years after the first stage of second-level education).

An indication of scientific and technical personnel potential is obtained from either of two statistics. One is the *total stock of qualified personnel* (ST), which is the number of people in the categories described above, regardless of economic activity, age, gender, nationality or other characteristics, present in the domestic territory of a country at a given reference date. The other is the *number of economically active qualified personnel* (EA), which is the number of people in the categories specified above who are engaged in, or actively seeking work in, any branch of the economy at a given reference date.

Field 3 Economic activity

Three topics are represented in this subject field:

- Economically active population.
- Earnings and wage rates.
- Urban unemployment.

Economically active population

Data on the economically active population are given in the following seven series:

3.1 Estimated and projected economically active population by gender and age group, 1970-2025.

3.2 Total economically active and not economically active population 15 years and older by gender and urban or rural residence, 1970, 1980 and 1990 census rounds.

3.3 Female economically active population 15 years and older by marital status

and age group, 1970 and 1980 census rounds.

3.4 Economically active population by status in employment and gender, 1970 and 1980 census rounds and latest available year.

3.5 Economically active population by gender and occupation group, 1970 and 1980 census rounds and latest available year.

3.6 Estimated economically active population by gender and branch of economic activity, 1970 and 1980.

3.7 Economically active population by gender, status in employment and major industry group, 1970 and 1980 census rounds and latest available year.

Series 3.1 and 3.6 are compiled mainly from estimates and projections prepared by the International Labour Office (ILO) (source 2). Data for smaller countries or areas not covered in (2) are obtained from source (3). Series 3.2 and 3.3 are obtained from source (13), and series 3.4, 3.5 and 3.7 from sources (3) and (4).

The estimates and projections prepared by ILO (source 2), which form the core of series 3.1 and 3.6, take into account information on the economically active population obtained from national censuses of population, labour force sample surveys and other related surveys conducted during 1945-1985. ILO adjusted these data according to uniform concepts, methods and classification schemes to arrive at a consistent set of data. Projections are based on a standard projection methodology, which is fully described in volume VI of source (2).

Data reported in sources (3), (4) and (13) also come from national population censuses or sample surveys, but these data have not been adjusted as the data from (2) have been so caution should be exercised when comparing series from these different sources.

The definitions of *economically active population* are, in general, those recommended to the countries by ILO. Until 1982, ILO defined the labour force—or the economically active population—to

include all persons working for pay or profit any time during a specified reference period or seeking such work. In 1982 the definition was broadened to include, if appropriate, people available for work but not necessarily actively seeking work. In the standard definition, labour force encompasses all employed and unemployed people, including those seeking work for the first time. It covers employers, own-account workers, employees, unpaid family workers, members of producers cooperatives and members of the armed forces. The international definition considers the production of primary products such as foodstuffs for one's own consumption and certain other nonmonetary activities as economic activities. Work need not be full-time for a person to be considered economically active.

Specific elements of these standard concepts may differ substantially from country to country, and many of these differences could affect the measurement of women's participation in economic activity—the choice of time reference period or the determination of minimum hours of work and unpaid family work, for example. Moreover, the economic activity of women is often understated because of the stereotypical perceptions of interviewers or census and survey respondents, resulting in reporting and recording errors. In many countries women make up a large share of the workers engaged in economic activities that are the most difficult to measure.

In 1982 ILO also recommended that all unpaid family workers be included in the economically active population if they worked at least one hour in the specified reference period (the same criterion applied for other types of workers), rather than only if they worked at least one third of normal working hours. In most cases, however, these revisions were not in force when the statistics used to prepare the present indicators were collected.

The international classification of the economically active population by *status in employment* refers to whether the person

is (or was, if the person is unemployed) an employer, own-account worker, employee or unpaid family worker.

An *employer* is a person who operates his or her own economic enterprise or engages independently in a profession or trade and hires one or more employees. An *own-account worker* is a person who operates his or her own economic enterprise or engages independently in a profession or trade and hires no employees. An *employee* is a person who works for a public or private employer and receives remuneration in wages, salary, commission, tips, piece-rates or payment in kind. An *unpaid family worker* is a person who works a specified minimum amount of time without pay in an economic enterprise operated by a related person living in the same household.

In the Wistat database, employers and own-account workers are shown as one group since separate data for these categories are generally not available.

The classifications by *industry* and *occupation* are based on the international standard classifications of industry (ISIC) and occupations (ISCO). While most countries supply data according to these standard classifications, the content of these industrial or occupational groups may differ because of variations in definitions and methods of tabulation. National practices may also differ on the classification of the unemployed with previous job experience. For further detail on content, definitions and limitations of these classifications, see source (3).

For concepts, definitions and limitations regarding urban and rural classifications, see the discussion under geographical distribution in the section on field 1, above; for those pertaining to marital status, see the discussion of field 4, below.

Earnings and wage rates

Earnings and wage rates are represented by one series:

3.8 Ratios (expressed as percentages) of female wages in agricultural and nonagricultural activities to male wages,

1970, 1980 and latest available year.

The data are derived from ILO wage statistics (source 3). The wage statistics used to compute the ratio are average earnings per wage earner (regardless of age) or, in some cases, wage rates (this is indicated in the file).

Data on average earnings are usually derived from payroll data supplied by a sample of establishments, which often also furnish data on hours of work and employment. In a few cases average earnings are compiled from social insurance statistics.

Earnings data derived from payrolls usually refer to cash payments received from employers (before deduction of taxes and social security contributions payable by workers) and include remuneration for normal working hours, overtime pay, remuneration for time not worked (public holidays, annual vacation, sick leave and other paid leave), bonuses and gratuities, cost of living allowances and special premiums. Earnings derived from social insurance records are usually lower than average earnings derived from payroll data because overtime pay, incentive pay and the like may be excluded, as may wages exceeding a certain upper limit.

Statistics on wage rates are in most cases based on collective agreements, arbitration awards or other wage-setting decisions, which generally specify minimum rates for particular occupations or groups of workers. In some countries, rates actually paid correspond closely to these minimum rates. In countries where the fixing of rates is common, average rates are calculated regularly for particular industries or groups of industries (weighted by the numerical importance of the different occupations in a given period).

Data on wage rates usually refer only to adults working normal hours and therefore payments for overtime and other supplementary wage elements are not taken into account. Cost of living allowances, however, are often included, and other allowances fixed in the wage-setting process, such as housing allowances, are sometimes included. Some countries ob-

tain average rates actually paid (straight-time earnings) from establishment payrolls in the same way as average earnings are obtained. Rates actually paid usually cover remuneration on the basis of normal time worked, both for normal and overtime hours, but exclude incentive pay and other bonuses and the premium part of overtime pay.

As already indicated, the coverage, definitions and methods of compiling wage statistics differ significantly from country to country. Only a few countries provide statistics by gender and these may be based on a narrow segment of the population. Therefore, this series must be used with great caution.

Urban unemployment

Urban unemployment is represented by one series:

3.9 Urban unemployment by gender, 1970-1982.

The data are derived from source (9). *Unemployed* consists of "all persons who, during the reference period, were not working but who were seeking work for pay or profit, including those who never worked before. Also included are persons who, during the reference period, were not seeking work because of temporary illness, because they made arrangements to start a new job subsequent to the reference period, or because they were on temporary or indefinite lay-off without pay".

Unemployment statistics are given for urban areas only, since such data are considered much less meaningful in rural areas of developing countries.

Field 4 Households, marital status and fertility

This subject field covers data on four topics:

- Marital status and age at marriage.
- Fertility.
- Contraceptive use.
- Household characteristics.

Marital status and age at marriage

This topic is covered by two series:

4.1 Population by gender, age group and marital status, 1970 and 1980 census rounds and latest available year.

4.2 Singulate mean age at marriage and percentage ever married by age 50, by gender, 1970 and 1980 census rounds and latest available year.

The major data source for series 4.1 is source (13), supplemented by source (14). These data are derived from population censuses or demographic sample surveys in areas where no census has been carried out. For series 4.2 the sources are (16), which uses information from the World Fertility Surveys, and (18), which includes information from a worldwide review of available data.

Series 4.1 presents marital status data for the age groups 15+, 15-19, 20-24, 25-44, 45-59 and 60+.

Marital status is defined as the personal status of each individual according to the marriage laws or customs of the country. The classifications used here are single (never married), married, consensually married, widowed, divorced, separated and unknown. When the categories "consensually married" and "separated" are not shown, it can be assumed that people in these categories are included in the "married" category. Where certain other categories are lumped together, they are footnoted.

Differences in marriage and divorce laws present problems for international comparability. So does the relative accuracy of responses to questions on marital status. Those in consensual unions may report themselves as married. Divorced people may report themselves as single, married or widowed. Men who are separated from their wives seem to report themselves as single, while women who are separated from their husbands seem to report themselves as married. For a more thorough discussion of the issues, see source (13).

Singulate mean age at marriage, an indicator of the timing of marriage, is the average

age at first marriage calculated on the basis of a single census or survey according to Hajnal's procedure. Proportion ever married by age 50 is an indicator of prevalence of marriage. For a full discussion of these indicators and of concepts and definitions regarding marriage, see source (18).

Fertility

Wistat contains three series on fertility:

4.3 Estimated and projected total fertility rate, 1970-2025.

4.4 Age-specific fertility rates, by urban and rural residence, 1970, 1980 and latest available year.

4.5 Female population by age group and number of children born alive, 1970 and 1980 census rounds.

Series 4.3 uses estimates and projections of fertility prepared by the Population Division of the United Nations Secretariat (source 22). Series 4.4 and 4.5 are derived from source (13).

Total fertility rate is the number of children that would be born to a woman if she were to live to the end of her child-bearing years and bear children at each age in accordance with prevailing age-specific fertility rates. In series 4.3, total fertility rate is given for the periods 1965-1970, 1970-1975, 1975-1980, 1980-1985, 1985-1990, 1990-1995, 1995-2000 and 2020-2025.

Age-specific fertility rate refers to the number of children born alive in one year per 1,000 women of a specified age. It is usually calculated for any or all five-year age groups in the child-bearing span and is useful in tracing the age pattern of fertility of a population. For series 4.4, the age-specific fertility rate is shown for age groups 15-19, 20-24, 25-29, 30-34, 35-39, 40-44, 45-49 and 15-49.

Series 4.5 shows the distribution of women of each specified age group (15-19, 20-24, 25-34, 35-44 and 45+) by number of live births. Data for this series are generally derived from population censuses or, in their absence, sample surveys.

Variations among countries or areas in the groups of women to which the statistics refer limit international comparability.

Some data refer to all women age 15 years or older; others to women who have ever been married; and still others only to currently married women. The reliability of data may also be limited because responses to questions about number of children are subject to many types of errors—lack of knowledge of the respondent (who often is not the woman involved), faulty memory, misunderstanding of the question, inclusion of late foetal deaths, or exclusion of children who died soon after birth.

Contraceptive use

Contraceptive use is represented by one series:

4.6 Contraceptive use among currently married women by method used, for the years around 1970 and 1980 and the latest available year.

The sources of data are (11) and (19), which are global compilations and reviews based largely on nationally representative sample surveys such as those conducted as part of the World Fertility Surveys, the Demographic and Health Surveys and the Contraceptive Prevalence Surveys.

Series 4.6 shows contraceptive prevalence for married women of reproductive age and their partners, although there are exceptions (footnoted accordingly). The "married" group usually includes those in consensual unions in societies where such unions are common. Such differences in marital status composition present a problem for the comparability of data.

Variations in the age ranges of the women covered by the surveys also limit the comparability of contraceptive-use data. Data for developing countries usually cover women aged 15-49, but in a substantial number of cases the data cover women aged 15-44. There is more variation in age ranges for developed countries. Few of the surveys include women older than 45, and in some the cut-off age is even lower. A few samples are defined by time of marriage rather than by age, and these focus on marriages averaging

fewer than 10 years. Since contraceptive use typically falls with increasing age after age 35 or 40, prevalence estimates based on age groups 15-44 may be one to three percentage points higher than those based on age groups 15-49. Prevalence of particular methods is more seriously affected, particularly those whose use varies sharply with age. For more on this, see source (19).

Household characteristics

This topic is represented by two series:

4.7 Household headship by age group and gender, by urban or rural residence, latest available year.

4.8 Average household size by urban or rural residence, 1970, 1980 and 1990 census rounds.

Series 4.7 takes its data mainly from source (13), supplemented by source (28). Series 4.8 also relies mainly on data from source (13), supplemented by sources (8) and (9). Most of the data are derived from population censuses and large-scale surveys.

The concept of *household* is based on the arrangements people make, individually or in groups, to provide themselves with food and other essentials of living. A household may be a one-person household, or a multiperson household in which two or more people make common provision for food and other essentials of living. The people in the group may pool their incomes and have a common budget; they may be related or unrelated to each other. People living in the collective living quarters of institutions, as in military installations, correctional institutions, hospitals and the like, are not considered as living in households.

According to United Nations recommendations, *household head* is defined as the person acknowledged as such by the other members of the household. The statistics shown in series 4.7 are based on national definitions of household head that apply one of several criteria: the person acknowledged as head by the other members, the person economically responsible

or the person with authority for managing household activities. Detailed definitions and criteria used are given in a special article in the 1987 edition of source (13), pages 16-26.

As these criteria suggest, the procedures followed in applying the concept of household headship may distort the picture, particularly with respect to female heads of households. In some cases, instructions to enumerators may explicitly state that a woman can be entered as head only in the absence of a male above a specified age. Even without such instruction, enumerators and even respondents may assume that no woman can be the head of any household in which there is an adult male. This gender-biased stereotype reflects circumstances that may once have been true but no longer are, as the household and economic roles of women are changing. Because of the priority given to males in assigning headship, the concept of household head has become controversial in many developed countries. None the less, for most countries this is the only practical way of identifying households for which, in general, females are responsible for children, with no spouse present.

Average household size is the ratio of the population in households to the number of households. Persons not living in households (for example, those in military barracks) are excluded. National definitions are accepted for urban and rural.

Field 5 Housing conditions and human settlements

This field contains one series:

5.1 Housing conditions and human settlements statistics by urban or rural residence, including the number of housing units, the average number of rooms per housing unit, the average number of persons per room, and the percentage of housing units without piped water, toilet or electricity, 1970 and 1980.

Data are from sources (8) and (9). The statistics in these sources were prepared mainly from data received in response to

annual questionnaires circulated by the United Nations Statistical Division or obtained from official publications.

A *housing unit* is a separate and independent place of abode intended for habitation by one household or one not intended for habitation but occupied as living quarters by a household at the time of the census. A housing unit may be occupied by one or more households or by part of a household at the time of the census.

A *room* is defined as a space in a housing unit or other living quarters enclosed by walls reaching from the floor to the ceiling or roof covering or at least to a height of two metres, with a floor size large enough to hold a bed for an adult (four square metres). The total number of rooms, therefore, includes bedrooms, dining rooms, living rooms, studies, habitable attics, servants' rooms, kitchens and other separate spaces used and intended for dwelling purposes as long as they meet the wall and floor space criteria. Passageways, verandas, lobbies, bathrooms and toilet rooms are not to be counted as rooms even if they meet the criteria. Whenever possible, rooms used solely for professional or business purposes are also excluded from the room count to more accurately reflect the actual living space in each housing unit. The average number of rooms per housing unit is obtained by dividing the total number of rooms in the housing units by the total number of housing units.

A housing unit is considered to have piped water if it receives water by pipe from community-wide systems or from individual installations, such as pressure tanks and pumps. The housing unit must have a tap inside the unit or, if outside, within 100 metres of the door.

A housing unit is considered to have a toilet if it has, for the exclusive use of its occupants, an installation for the disposal of human excreta. A housing unit with electricity refers to a housing unit with electric lighting.

The percentage of housing units without piped water, toilet and electricity is calculated as a residual—total housing

units minus those enumerated as having these amenities.

Field 6 Health and health services; disabled persons

There are nine topics in this subject field:

- Life expectancy and life table survival values.
- Infant, child and maternal mortality rates.
- Causes of death.
- Prevalence of anaemia among women.
- Delivery care for women.
- Prevalence of breastfeeding.
- Availability of safe water.
- Prevalence of smoking.
- Prevalence of disability.

Life expectancy and life table survival values

These values are represented by two series:

6.1 Estimated and projected life expectancy at birth, by gender, for the periods 1965-1970, 1970-1975, 1975-1980, 1980-1985, 1985-1990, 1990-1995, 1995-2000 and 2020-2025.

6.2 Life table survival values for males and females separately for ages 5, 15, 25, 45 and 60, for 1970, 1980 and the latest available year.

The data sources are (22) for series 6.1 and (13) for series 6.2.

Life expectancy at birth is defined as the number of years newborn males or females would be expected to live according to the age-specific mortality rates prevailing at the time of their birth. For developed countries, these estimates are prepared by the United Nations Population Division, mainly from official national life tables, which are derived from civil registration data. For developing countries, where death registration is often incomplete, life expectancies are calculated from official national life tables or estimated from other sources, such as tabulations of deaths or orphanhood from censuses or demographic surveys, civil registration data, mortality trends from registered deaths, and so on. Model life tables or assumed life

tables have been used in some cases. Where no reliable data exist for estimating life expectancy, a life expectancy at birth has been presumed that is thought to be consistent with the national situation and levels of neighboring countries. A description of the basic data sources for each country is given in source (22).

Life table survival values represent the number of people from a cohort born alive who may be expected to survive to a given age under the mortality conditions assumed by the life table. In this series, the radix of the life tables (the size of the initial cohort) is 100,000. Reliability of these data rests on the completeness of death registration in a country or area.

Infant, child and maternal mortality rates

Mortality rates are given separately for three specific population subgroups:

6.3 Estimated and projected infant mortality rate, for the periods 1965-1970, 1970-1975, 1975-1980, 1980-1985, 1985-1990, 1990-1995, 1995-2000 and 2020-25.

6.4 Child mortality rate by gender, latest available year.

6.5 Maternal mortality rate, 1970, 1980 and latest available year.

Series 6.3 is expressed per 1,000 live births. Data are obtained from the United Nations Population Division, source (22). Series 6.4 shows child mortality rate by gender. Data are obtained mainly from source (13), supplemented by source (6). In series 6.5 maternal mortality rate is expressed per 100,000 live births. The data sources for this series are (32), (13) and (23).

Infant mortality rate is defined as the annual number of deaths of infants under one year of age per 1,000 live births in the same year. For countries where civil registration is reliable, the United Nations Population Division uses annual registered births and infant deaths as the basis for estimating and projecting infant mortality rate. For countries where civil registration is not reliable, estimates are derived from a wide range of sources, such as census or sample survey tabulations of all children

born and children surviving, maternity histories from demographic and health surveys and the like. In some cases, the bases are model life tables or an assumed age pattern of mortality and level of life expectancy.

Child mortality rate is defined as the annual number of deaths among children aged 1-4 per 1,000 population of the same age groups. Series 6.4 shows the rate separately for girls and boys. Rates are calculated using data from civil registers of deaths. The reliability of such registers varies, thus limiting comparability of rates among countries.

Maternal mortality rate is defined as the annual number of maternal deaths per 100,000 live births in the same year and approximates the risk of dying from a given pregnancy. Maternal deaths are defined as those caused by deliveries and complications of pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium. It includes all deaths to women "while pregnant or within 42 days of the termination of pregnancy, irrespective of the duration and the site of the pregnancy, from any cause related to or aggravated by the pregnancy or its management but not from accidental or incidental causes".

The ninth revision of the International Classification of Diseases, Injuries and Causes of Death subdivides maternal deaths into direct and indirect obstetric deaths. Direct obstetric deaths are those resulting from complications of the pregnant state (pregnancy, labour and puerperium); from interventions, omissions or incorrect treatment; or from a chain of events resulting from any of the above. Indirect obstetric deaths are those resulting from existing disease or disease that developed during pregnancy and that was not due to direct obstetric causes but was aggravated by the physiological effects of pregnancy.

Maternal mortality rates reported in source (13) include deaths due to abortion. Since source (13) uses data from civil registers of deaths, the reliability of the reported rates depends on the quality of registration and classification of deaths. Sources (23) and (32) use information

compiled by the World Health Organization from relevant databases, national yearbooks, reports of consultants, needs assessment missions, evaluation studies and the like. Country data may originate from civil registers, surveys, hospital records, specific studies or reports. How maternal mortality is defined is not always clear, particularly with respect to the inclusion of abortion-related deaths. All these factors seriously limit the comparability of data.

Causes of death

Causes of death are represented by one series:

6.6 Number of deaths by cause for each gender for the latest available year.

The source of the data is the *Demographic Yearbook* (13).

Causes of death include all diseases, morbid conditions or injuries that resulted in or contributed to death and the circumstances of the accident or violence that produced the injuries. The recommendation for the tabulation of mortality statistics is to cite as the main cause the underlying cause of death, rather than the direct or intermediate antecedent cause. The *underlying cause* is defined as the disease or injury that initiated the train of events leading directly to death, or the circumstances of the accident or violence that produced the fatal injury.

The *Demographic Yearbook* (13) classifies data on death according to either the "Adopted mortality list", derived from the classification recommended by the International Conference for the Ninth Revision (1975) of the International Classification of Diseases, Injuries and Causes of Death, or the "Abbreviated list of 50 causes for tabulation of mortality", recommended by the International Conference for the Eighth Revision (1965). The full titles of the causes of death from these two lists appear in source (13). For series 6.6, these causes have been grouped into eight categories:

- Infectious and parasitic diseases, diabetes mellitus and nutritional deficiencies.
- Malignant and benign neoplasms.

- Diseases of the circulatory system.
- Maternal deaths.
- Respiratory diseases.
- Chronic liver diseases and cirrhosis of the liver.
- Other diseases.
- Accidents and violence.

Caution is required when comparing cause-of-death data. It is important to note the varying degrees of completeness of death registration and differences in the quality, availability and efficiency of medical services; certification procedures; and coding practices. Differences in terminology used in referring to the same disease, even in the case of medically certified deaths but especially in the case of deaths reported by lay persons, add to the lack of comparability of cause-of-death data.

Prevalence of anaemia among women

Anaemia among women is represented by one series:

6.7 Prevalence of anaemia among all women aged 15-49, among pregnant women aged 15-49 and among non-pregnant women aged 15-49, for the latest available year.

The data source is (29), which is a compilation of information available in the World Health Organization (WHO) and based largely on studies or surveys with sample sizes of at least 100 subjects.

Anaemia is defined as a state in which the quantity or quality of circulating red blood cells is reduced below the normal level. *Prevalence of anaemia* is expressed as the percentage of subjects with a haemoglobin concentration below the WHO norm—120 grams per liter (at sea level) for adult non-pregnant females and 110 grams per liter for adult pregnant females.

These estimates by WHO are very much best guesses and tend to be conservative. They probably represent underestimates for several reasons. When prevalences had to be recalculated from original data to fit WHO norms, it was assumed that the material was normally distributed when in fact most haematological values are nega-

tively skewed. Also, in many cases data are based on samples of limited coverage and may not be representative of the national population. Caution should be used when analysing or interpreting these data.

Delivery care for women

The type of care women receive in childbirth is represented by one series:

6.8 Percentage of births attended by a trained attendant, the latest available year.

The data sources are (30) and (31). WHO compiled the data as part of a review of maternal mortality and morbidity and of a monitoring of the progress in implementing the Global Strategy for Health for All by the Year 2000. The measure is viewed as a sensitive indicator in developing countries of maternal health services that are essential to the survival of mothers and infants.

Trained attendant in this context includes physicians, nurses, midwives, trained primary health care and other workers, and trained traditional birth attendants.

Prevalence of breastfeeding

Prevalence of breastfeeding is represented by one series:

6.9 Percentage of mothers wholly or partially breastfeeding their babies at 3, 6, and 12 months, for the latest available year.

The data source is (23). These data are based on a variety of surveys or studies carried out in countries. Their comparability and reliability are affected by limitations of coverage and variations in concepts and definitions applied.

Availability of safe water

Availability of safe water is represented by one series:

6.10 Percentage of population with access to safe water, by urban or rural residence, for the latest available year.

The data were compiled by WHO in connection with activities of the International Drinking Water Supply and Sanitation Decade and the implementation of the Global Strategy for Health for All by the Year 2000 (31 and 34).

Availability of safe water is expressed in terms of percentage of the population with "reasonable access" to safe drinking water (source 34). For urban areas, reasonable access means availability of safe drinking water in the home or within 200 metres of it, including public fountains or standposts. For rural areas, reasonable access means that members of the household do not have to spend a disproportionate part of the day fetching water to meet the household's needs.

Safe water supply includes treated surface waters or untreated but uncontaminated water, such as that from protected boreholes, springs and sanitary wells. Waters of doubtful quality are classified as unsafe.

The national definitions of urban and rural population, as determined by each country, have been accepted.

The data presented in this series are estimates. In general, countries have better information on the urban than on the rural situation. Because of the inherent difficulty in accumulating this type of basic information from different sources within a country, the data presented should be considered as gross estimates only and interpreted with caution.

Prevalence of smoking

Cigarette consumption is represented by one series:

6.11 Total cigarette consumption and adult per capita consumption of cigarettes, for 1970 and 1985; and percentage of adults who smoke, by gender, latest available year.

Data were compiled by WHO in a special study (33).

Consumption figures refer to manufactured cigarettes. They are in most cases estimated from production and sales data and so are not available by gender. Adult per capita consumption is based on the population 15 years and older.

The statistics on percentage of adults who smoke are based on available national surveys.

Prevalence of disability

Disability data are represented by one series:

6.12 Statistics on disability, disaggregated by gender, as follows:

- Persons surveyed and number disabled.
- Persons surveyed and number disabled, by urban or rural.
- Persons surveyed and number disabled, by age group (0-14, 15-24, 25-59, 60+).
- Persons surveyed and number disabled, by type of impairment or disability (mental, speech and hearing, visual, physical, other).
- Economic activity status of total population and disabled persons surveyed.
- Educational attainment and illiteracy among disabled persons aged 15-24 years.
- School attendance of disabled persons aged 0-14 and 15-24 years.

The data source for this series is (15), a database developed by the United Nations Statistical Division to improve access to and promote the use of existing national sources of disability statistics. In this database, national census and survey classifications of disability have been standardized using the WHO trial International Classification of Impairments, Disabilities and Handicaps. Data are, however, not fully comparable. Disabilities covered differ, as do age ranges and areas covered. The series should be viewed as a presentation of the number of persons found in each study who reported a disability, and of the age ranges that were found for these persons. Substantially more methodological work needs to be done before the statistics from different countries can be compared.

Field 7 Public affairs and political participation

Three topics are included in this subject field:

- Women's rights to vote and to stand for election.
- Women in parliamentary assemblies.
- Female representation in the United Nations.

Women's rights to vote and to stand for election

Women's rights to vote and stand for elections are represented in one series:

7.1 Years in which women were given the right to vote and to stand for election.

The data in this series are those provided to the Inter-Parliamentary Union (IPU) by national authorities and published periodically, most recently in 1987. (5) Only countries with a parliament as of 30 June 1987 are covered in the IPU survey.

Women in parliamentary assemblies

Parliamentary representation is covered by one series:

7.2 Distribution of seats in parliamentary assemblies by gender, in 1975 and in 1987.

The data source for this series is the same as for series 7.1. The statistics on number of seats refer to both elected and appointed members of the national legislative assemblies. The last election year up to 1975 and up to June 1987 are also shown for reference.

Women in the United Nations

Female representation in the United Nations is covered by two series:

7.3 Female representation in the United Nations Secretariat, by nationality and level, in posts subject to geographical distribution, as of 30 June 1975, 1980 and 1989.

7.4 Female representation among staff of the United Nations and related agencies in professional and higher-level posts, by level and organization, as of 31 December 1975, 1979 and 1986.

The data are compiled by the United Nations Secretariat and reported periodically to the General Assembly (10).

Staff in posts subject to geographical distribution refers to a group of staff in the United Nations Secretariat that is covered by a system of desirable ranges used as a guideline for estimating comparative representation of the nationals of each member State. This system was established by the General Assembly on the basis of three factors: membership, contribution and population. These staff are directly appointed by the Secretary-General for at least one year to posts in the professional category and above. They include staff holding permanent, probationary or fixed-term appointments of one year or more. This group does not include staff in posts with special language requirements, staff in the field service, general service and related categories. Also excluded are staff specifically appointed for mission service, staff appointed for service limited to the United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP) or to the United Nations Centre for Human Settlements (Habitat), staff appointed to posts financed on an inter-agency basis, technical cooperation project personnel, staff with appointments of less than one year, staff on special leave without pay, and staff on temporary assignment to other agencies.

Level ASG and above refers to assistant secretaries-general, under-secretaries-general, the Secretary-General and other posts at comparable levels in the United Nations system.

Series 7.4 refers to all professional and higher-level posts in the United Nations and related agencies, whether or not subject to geographical distribution.

Field 8 Crime and criminal justice

This field covers four topics:

- Law enforcement workers.
- Penal code offenses.
- People apprehended as alleged offenders.
- Prison population.

The field has one series:

8.1 Selected crime and justice statis-

tics and data on law enforcement workers, by gender, for 1975 and 1980.

Data are those compiled by the Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice Branch, Centre for Social Development and Humanitarian Affairs of the United Nations Secretariat from national responses to its questionnaire surveys (17).

Statistics on *crimes recorded* refer to the number of penal code offenses or their equivalent—including various special law offenses but excluding minor road, traffic and other petty offenses—brought to the attention of the police or other law enforcement agencies and recorded by them. Attempts to commit crimes are included.

Persons apprehended refers in principle to all persons, adult and juvenile, who have been identified and apprehended as alleged offenders by the police or any other law enforcement agency but not necessarily arrested, or the comparable category in national statistics.

Prison population refers to offenders and alleged offenders deprived of their liberty in penal facilities. The prison population is given as of one day that can be considered typical for the entire year.

The term *police* refers to the personnel of public agencies whose principal functions are to prevent, detect and investigate crime and apprehend alleged offenders. Where the police are part of a national security force, data are limited as far as possible to the civil police proper, as distinct from national guards or local militia. Local forces are in principle included.

Prosecutor refers to a government official who initiates and maintains criminal proceedings on behalf of the state against persons accused of committing a criminal offense.

Field 9 National product and expenditure

Three series are included in this subject field:

9.1 Gross domestic product and its composition, 1970, 1975, 1980, 1985 and 1986.

9.2 Average annual rates of growth for selected national accounts aggregates, 1970-1975, 1975-1980 and 1980-1986.

9.3 Government social security benefit expenditure.

Series 9.1 presents gross domestic product (GDP) in national currencies at current prices, as well as government and private final consumption expenditures. For centrally planned economies using the system of material product balances (MPS) rather than the system of national accounts (SNA), the aggregates referred to are net material product (NMP), material consumption and consumption of the population. The series is based on statistics of national accounts and balances compiled and calculated by the United Nations Statistical Division (source 20).

Components of government and private final consumption expenditure are also shown, as follows:

- Government final consumption expenditure
 - Defence.
 - Education.
 - Health.
 - Public order and safety.
 - Social security and welfare.
 - Housing and community amenities.
 - Recreational, cultural and religious.
- Private final consumption expenditure
 - Food and nonalcoholic beverages.
 - Alcoholic beverages and tobacco.
 - Gross rent, fuel and power.
 - Household furnishings and operations.
 - Medical and health expenses.
 - Personal transport equipment.
 - Education.
 - Restaurants, cafes, hotels and lodging.
 - Gross fixed-capital formation.
 - Residential construction.

Gross domestic product is the total unduplicated output of economic goods and services produced within the territory of a country or area. By statistical convention, the goods and services produced by general government (that is, excluding

the production and sales of government enterprises) are valued at the cost of production, that is, the cost of inputs of labour and intermediate goods and services, and consumption of fixed capital.

Government final consumption expenditure covers a wide range of goods and services, including national defence and significant but varying proportions of education and health services. Unrequited cash payments or transfers by government to households, institutions, and enterprises are not, in principle, counted in government consumption expenditure but should be counted as household consumption expenditure. The distinction is difficult to draw in practice. Adding to the problem are differences in the concepts and classifications used from country to country. Thus the comparability of the data in this series is limited.

An example is expenditure on health. In countries where government provides health services directly to households and individuals, these expenditures will be reflected in the government health component. However, to the extent that health services are provided by nongovernmental organizations, even if directly or indirectly supported by government funds, such expenditures would not be included under government final consumption expenditure on health.

Private consumption refers primarily to consumption expenditures of households but also includes in principle the outputs of private nonprofit organizations serving households, such as private schools, religious organizations and labour unions.

Average annual growth rates in series 9.2 are given for the periods 1970-1975, 1975-1980 and 1980-1986 for the following national accounts aggregates:

- Gross domestic product (GDP) or net material product (NMP).
- GDP or NMP per capita.
- Government final consumption expenditure.
- Private final consumption expenditure.
- Exports.
- Imports.
- Agriculture.

- Manufacturing.
- Wholesale/retail trade.

The growth rates were computed by the United Nations Statistical Division as average annual geometric rates of growth for the periods indicated, expressed in percentages. For each country, an exponential curve is fitted to the data by the least squares regression method. The growth rates are based on the estimates of GDP and NMP at constant prices. Growth rates are also shown for selected components by type of expenditure (use) and by kind of economic activity.

Series 9.3 presents government total social security benefit expenditure in national currency units and its distribution by social security branch expressed as a percentage of total benefit expenditure. The series is based on data collected by ILO(1). Benefit expenditure is broken down by five main branches that correspond in large measure to the administrative and financial organization of a great number of social security schemes:

- Sickness/maternity.
- Employment injuries.
- Pensions.
- Unemployment.
- Family allowances.

ILO defines government social security benefit expenditure in terms of national social security programmes and special funds administered by government that provide benefits as a matter of right. Benefits may be in the form of cash payments to individuals and households, direct provision of services or support of services provided by third parties.

The breakdown of data by main branch of social security presents numerous difficulties. For many countries it was not possible to draw a clear-cut line between the various branches, and benefits classified under one branch in one country may be classified under another branch in another country. Obviously, the comparability of the figures is affected. For special schemes, which generally provide the whole range of social security benefits and for which no breakdowns were available, the data were classified under the heading to which pre-

vious experience showed that the main part of the benefits belong (in most cases this was under the heading "pensions").

This heading is therefore overestimated, with corresponding underestimation for other headings.

Statistical sources for Wistat

1. International Labour Office, *The Cost of Social Security: Tenth International Inquiry 1975-1977, Eleventh International Inquiry 1979-1980 and Twelfth International Inquiry 1981-1983* (Geneva, 1981, 1985 and 1988).

2. ———, *Economically Active Population—Estimates, 1950-1980, Projections, 1985-2025*, six volumes (Geneva, 1986).

3. ———, *Year Book of Labour Statistics* (Geneva, various years up to 1988).

4. ———, *Labour Statistics Database*.

5. Inter-Parliamentary Union, "Distribution of seats between men and women in the 144 national assemblies", Reports and Documents, No. 14 (Geneva, 1987).

6. Pan American Health Organization, unpublished statistics.

7. United Nations, "Age and sex structure of urban and rural populations, 1970-2000: The 1980 Assessment" (ESA/P/WP.81).

8. ———, *Compendium of Housing Statistics 1975-1977* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E/F.80.XVII.4).

9. ———, *Compendium of Human Settlements Statistics 1983* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E/F/.84.XVII.5).

10. ———, "Composition of the Secretariat", Report of the Secretary-General to the General Assembly, 1975, 1976, 1980, 1987 and 1989 (A/10184, A/31/154, A/35/528, A/42/636 and A/44/604).

11. ———, *Contraceptive Use Database*, compiled by the Population Division, 1989 (unpublished).

12. ———, *Database on World Migrant Populations: the Foreign-Born*, prepared by the Population Division (unpublished).

13. ———, *Demographic Yearbook*:

1973, *Special Topic, Population Census Statistics* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E/F.74.XIII.1);

1974, *Special Topic, Mortality Statistics*

(United Nations publication, Sales No. E/F.75.XIII.1);

1975, *Special Topic, Natality Statistics* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E/F.76.XIII.1);

1976, *Special Topic, Marriage and Divorce Statistics* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E/F.77.XIII.1);

1978, *Historical Supplement* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E/F.79.XIII.8);

1980, *Special Topic, Mortality Statistics* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E/F.81.XIII.1);

1981, *Special Topic, Natality Statistics* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E/F.82.XIII.1);

1982, *Special Topic, Marriage and Divorce Statistics* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E/F.83.XIII.1);

1983, *Special Topic, Population Census Statistics I* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E/F.84.XIII.1);

1984, *Special Topic, Population Census Statistics II* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E/F.85.XIII.1);

1985, *Special Topic, Mortality Statistics* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E/F.86.XIII.1);

1986, *Special Topic, Natality Statistics* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E/F.87.XIII.1);

1987, *Special Topic, Household Composition* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E/F.88.XIII.1);

1988, *Special Topic, Population Census Statistics* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E/F.89.XIII.1).

14. ———, (Economic Commission for Europe), *Demographic Statistics Database*, unpublished statistics compiled from national reports.

15. ———, *Disability Statistics Database*

(DISTAT), Version 1. Compiled by the Statistical Division, Department of Economic and Social Development.

16. ———, *Fertility Behavior in the Context of Development: Evidence from the World Fertility Survey*, Population Studies No. 100 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.86.XIII.5).

17. ———, (Centre for Social Development and Humanitarian Affairs), First and Second United Nations Surveys of Crime Trends, Operations of Criminal Justice Systems and Crime Prevention Strategies, unpublished data.

18. ———, *First Marriage: Patterns and Determinants* (United Nations publication, ST/ESA/SER.R/76).

19. ———, *Levels and Trends of Contraceptive Use as Assessed in 1988* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.89.XIII.4).

20. ———, National Accounts Statistics Database of the Statistical Division, Department of Economic and Social Development.

21. ———, *The Sex and Age Distributions of Population: The 1990 Revision* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.90.XIII.33).

22. ———, *World Population Prospects 1990* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.91.XIII.4).

23. United Nations Children's Fund, *The State of the World's Children, 1988, 1989 and 1990* (New York and Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1988, 1989 and 1990).

24. United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, *Compendium of Statistics on Illiteracy*, Statistical Reports and Studies No. 30 (Paris, 1988).

25. ———, Education Statistics Database.

26. ———, *Statistical Yearbook* (Paris, various years up to 1989).

27. ———, *Statistics of Educational Attainment and Illiteracy, 1970-1980, CSR-E-44* (Paris, 1983).

28. United States Bureau of the Census, *Women of the World*, Nos. 1-4 (Washington, D.C., 1984/85).

29. World Health Organization, M.A. Tegman, "Prevalence of nutritional anemia in women in developing countries: an update" (mimeo.).

30. ———, "Coverage of maternity care: a tabulation of available information, 2nd edition" (Geneva, WHO/FHE/89.2).

31. ———, "Evaluation of the Strategy for Health for All, 1985-1986, detailed analysis of global indicators" (Geneva, WHO/HST/87.2/1987).

32. ———, "Maternal mortality rates: a tabulation of available information, 2nd edition" (Geneva, WHO/FHE/86.3).

33. ———, "Tendances et effets du tabagisme dans le monde", by R. Masironi and K. Rothwell, *World Health Statistics Quarterly*, 41 (Geneva, 1988).

34. ———, *World Health Statistics Report*, vol.29, No.10 (Geneva, 1976).

Reference annexes

Contents

Part I Description of series and files

Annex 1 Subject fields and series in Wistat, showing period of reference and source of data for each series 35

1. Population composition and distribution 35
2. Learning and educational services 35
3. Economic activity 37
4. Households, marital status and fertility 38
5. Housing conditions and human settlements 39
6. Health and health services; disabled persons 39
7. Public affairs and political participation 40
8. Crime and criminal justice 41
9. National product and expenditure 41

Annex 2 Series in Wistat and their corresponding file names 42

1. Population composition and distribution 42
2. Learning and educational services 42
3. Economic activity 43
4. Households, marital status and fertility 44
5. Housing conditions and human settlements 45
6. Health and health services; disabled persons 46
7. Public affairs and political participation 47
8. Crime and criminal justice 47
9. National product and expenditure 47

Annex 3 Files in Wistat and their sizes and contents 48

Annex 4 Format and content of Wistat spreadsheets 52

1. Population composition and distribution 52
2. Learning and educational services 55
3. Economic activity 65
4. Households, marital status and fertility 74
5. Housing conditions and human settlements 82
6. Health and health services; disabled persons 83
7. Public affairs and political participation 95
8. Crime and criminal justice 99
9. National product and expenditure 100

Part II Countries or areas, regions and codes in Wistat

Annex 5 Countries or areas in Wistat and numerical country codes; regional groupings and alternative classifications and groupings 103

- A. List of countries in English alphabetical order, showing country codes, United Nations regional/subregional classification and alternative classifications and groupings 103
- B. List of countries by United Nations regional/subregional classification showing country codes and alternative classifications and groupings 110
- C. List of countries by regional commission, showing country codes, United Nations regional/subregional classification and alternative classifications and groupings 117

- D. Least developed countries in English alphabetical order, showing country codes, United Nations regional/subregional classification and membership in regional commissions 125

Part III Series availability for each country or area

Annex 6 Data available in Wistat for each country or area 128

1. Population composition and distribution 128
2. Learning and educational services 142
3. Economic activity 163
4. Households, marital status and fertility 184
5. Housing conditions and human settlements 198
6. Health and health services 205
7. Public affairs and political participation 219
8. Crime and criminal justice 226
9. National product and expenditure 233

Annex 1

Subject fields and series in Wistat, showing period of reference and sources of data for each series

Series no.	Subject field and series	Period of reference	Sources of data
1. Population composition and distribution			
1.1	Estimated and projected total, urban and rural population; and population by sex and age group	1950, 1960, 1970, 1975, 1980, 1985, 1990, 1995, 2000 and 2025	World Population Prospects 1990 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.91.XIII.4); The Sex and Age Distributions of Population: the 1990 Revision (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.90.XIII.33); Demographic Yearbook 1978, Historical Supplement and Demographic Yearbook 1981, 1982, 1983, 1984, 1985, 1987 and 1988 (United Nations publications, Sales Nos. E/F.79.XIII.8, E/F.82.XIII.1, E/F.83.XIII.1, E/F.84.XIII.1, E/F.85.XIII.1, E/F.86.XIII.1, E/F.88.XIII.1 and E/F.89.XIII.1).
1.2	Total, urban, rural and largest city populations, by sex	1970, 1980 and 1990 census rounds	Compendium of Human Settlements Statistics 1983, table 3 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E/F.84.XVII.5); Demographic Yearbook 1974, 1984, 1985 and 1987, tables 6-8 (United Nations publications, Sales Nos. E/F.75.XIII.1, E/F.85.XIII.1, E/F.86.XIII.1 and E/F.88.XIII.1); "Age and sex structure of urban and rural populations, 1970-2000: The 1980 Assessment" (United Nations, ST/ESA/P/WP.81, December 1982).
1.3	Foreign-born population by sex	1970 and 1980 census rounds and latest avail. year	Database on world migrant populations: the foreign-born, prepared by the United Nations Secretariat.
2. Learning and educational services			
2.1	Illiteracy by sex and age group, total, urban and rural	1970 and 1980 census rounds	Education statistics database of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization; United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, Statistics of Educational Attainment and Illiteracy, 1970-1980, CSR-E-44 (Paris, 1983), Statistical Yearbook 1986 and 1989, table 1.3 (Paris, 1986 and 1989), Compendium of Statistics on Illiteracy, No. 30 (Paris, 1988); Compendium of Human Settlements Statistics 1983, table 34 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E/F.84.XVII.5); Demographic Yearbook 1983, table 36 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E/F.84.XIII.1); and national publications of Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Comoros, Côte d'Ivoire, Madagascar, Malawi and Zambia.

Series no.	Subject field and series	Period of reference	Sources of data
2.2	Education attainment by sex and total, urban and rural	1970 and 1980 census rounds	Education statistics database of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization; United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, Statistical Yearbook 1988, table 1.4 (Paris, 1988)
2.3	School enrolment at first level by sex	1970, 1980 and latest avail. year	Education statistics database of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization; United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, Statistical Yearbook, table 3.4 (Paris, various years up to 1989).
2.4	School enrolment at second level by sex	1970, 1980 and latest avail. year	Education statistics database of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization; United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, Statistical Yearbook, table 3.7 (Paris, various years up to 1989).
2.5	School enrolment at third level by field of study by sex	1970, 1980 and latest avail. year	Education statistics database of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization; United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, Statistical Yearbook, table 3.12 (Paris, various years up to 1989).
2.6	Combined first and second level gross enrolment ratio, by sex	1970, 1980 and latest avail. year	United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, Statistical Yearbook, table 3.2 (Paris, various years up to 1989).
2.7	Third level students per 100,000 population, by sex	1970, 1980 and latest avail. year	United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, Statistical Yearbook 1984, 1986 and 1989, table 3.10 (Paris, 1984, 1986 and 1989) and 1988, table 3.6 (Paris, 1988).
2.8	Teachers at first level by sex	1970, 1980 and latest avail. year	United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, Statistical Yearbook, table 3.4 (Paris, various years up to 1989).
2.9	Teachers at second level by sex	1970, 1980 and latest avail. year	United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, Statistical Yearbook, table 3.5 (Paris, various years up to 1989).
2.10	Scientific and technical manpower potential	1970, 1980 and latest avail. year	United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, Statistical Yearbook (Paris, various years up to 1989).

Series no.	Subject field and series	Period of reference	Sources of data
3. Economic activity			
3.1	Estimated and projected economically active population by sex and age group	1970, 1980, 1985, 1990, 2000 and 2025	International Labour Office, Economically Active Population—Estimates, 1950-1980, Projections, 1985-2025, six volumes (Geneva, 1986), Yearbook of Labour Statistics (Geneva, various years up to 1988).
3.2	Total, economically active and not economically active population by sex, urban and rural	1970, 1980 and 1990 census rounds	Demographic Yearbook 1973, table 38; 1979, table 36; 1984, table 26; and 1988, table 36 (United Nations publications, Sales Nos. E/F.74.XIII.1, E/F.80.XIII.1, E/F.85.XIII.1 and E/F.89.XIII.1).
3.3	Female economically active population by marital status and age group	1970 and 1980 census rounds	Demographic Yearbook 1973, table 45; 1979, table 43; 1984, table 33; and 1988, table 43 (United Nations publications, Sales Nos. E/F.74.XIII.1, E/F.80.XIII.1, E/F.85.XIII.1 and E/F.89.XIII.1).
3.4	Economically active population by status in employment and sex	1970 and 1980 census rounds and latest avail. year	International Labour Office, Year Book of Labour Statistics, table 2A (Geneva, various years up to 1988); and historical data tape from International Labour Office.
3.5	Economically active population by sex and occupation group	1970 and 1980 census rounds, latest avail. year	International Labour Office, Year Book of Labour Statistics, table 2B (Geneva, various years up to 1988); and historical data tape from International Labour Office.
3.6	Estimated economically active population by sex and branch of economic activity	1970 and 1980	International Labour Office, Economically Active Population - Estimates, 1950-1980, Projections, 1985-2025, six volumes (Geneva, 1986).
3.7	Economically active population by sex, status in employment and industry group	1970 and 1980 census rounds, latest avail. year	International Labour Office, Year Book of Labour Statistics, table 2A (Geneva, various years up to 1988); and historical data tape from International Labour Office.
3.8	Female wages in agriculture and in non-agricultural activities as a percentage of male wages	1970, 1980 and latest avail. year	International Labour Office, Year Book of Labour Statistics 1974, 1986 and 1989 (Geneva, 1974, 1986 and 1989).
3.9	Urban unemployment by sex	1970-1982	Compendium of Human Settlements Statistics 1983 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E/F.84.XVII.5).

Series no.	Subject field and series	Period of reference	Sources of data
4. Households, marital status and fertility			
4.1	Population by sex, age group and marital status	1970 and 1980 census rounds and latest avail. year	Demographic Yearbook 1978, Historical Supplement, table 12 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E/F.79.XIII.8); Demographic Yearbook 1976 and 1982, table 40; 1987, table 29 (United Nations publication, Sales Nos. E/F.83.XIII.1 and E/F.88.XIII.1); and computerized database of the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe based on national published and unpublished statistics.
4.2	Singulate mean age at marriage and percentage ever married by age 50, by sex	1970 and 1980 census rounds and latest avail. year	First Marriage: Patterns and Determinants (United Nations publication, ST/ESA/SER.R/78, New York 1988); Fertility Behaviour in the Context of Development: Evidence from the World Fertility Survey, Population Studies, No. 100 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.86.XIII.5).
4.3	Estimated and projected total fertility rate	1970-2025	World Population Prospects 1990 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.91.XIII.4).
4.4	Age-specific fertility rates, total urban and rural	1970 and 1980 census rounds, latest avail. year	Demographic Yearbook 1978, Historical Supplement, table 6 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E/F.79.XIII.8); Demographic Yearbook 1975, 1981 and 1986, table 24; and 1988, table 11 (United Nations publications, Sales Nos. E/F.76.XIII.1, E/F.82.XIII.1, E/F.87.XIII.1 and E/F.89.XIII.1).
4.5	Female population by age group and number of children born alive	1970 and 1980 census rounds	Demographic Yearbook 1975, table 51; 1981, table 50; and 1986, table 50 (United Nations publications, Sales Nos. E/F.76.XIII.1, E/F.82.XIII.1 and E/F.87.XIII.1).
4.6	Contraceptive use among currently married women, by method used	1970, 1980 and latest avail. year	Levels and Trends of Contraceptive Use, as assessed in 1988 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.89.XIII.4); and Population Division database on contraceptive use, 1989 (unpublished).
4.7	Household headship by sex and age group, total urban and rural	latest avail. year	Demographic Yearbook 1987, tables 30 and 33 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E/F.88.XIII.1); Women of the World, four volumes (Washington, D.C., 1984-1985).
4.8	Average household size, total urban and rural	1970, 1980 and 1990 census rounds	Demographic Yearbook 1973, 1982 and 1987 (United Nations publications, Sales Nos. E/F.74.XIII.1, E/F.83.XIII.1 and E/F.88.XIII.1); Compendium of Housing Statistics 1975-1977 and Compendium of Human Settlements Statistics 1983 (United Nations publications, Sales Nos. E/F.80.XVII.4 and E/F.84.XVII.5).

Series no.	Subject field and series	Period of reference	Sources of data
5. Housing conditions and human settlements			
5.1	Housing conditions and human settlements, total, urban and rural: no. housing units, average number of rooms, average number of persons per room, and percentage of housing units without piped water, toilet, electricity	1970 and 1980 census rounds	Compendium of Housing Statistics 1975-1977 and Compendium of Human Settlements Statistics 1983 (United Nations publications, Sales Nos. E/F.80.XVII.4 and E/F.84.XVII.5).
6. Health and health services; disabled persons			
6.1	Estimated and projected life expectancy at birth, by sex	1970-2025	World Population Prospects 1990 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.91.XIII.4).
6.2	Life table survival values at selected ages, by sex	1970, 1980 and latest avail. year	Demographic Yearbook 1974, table 35; 1980, table 36; and 1985, table 36 (United Nations publications, Sales Nos. E/F.75.XIII.1, E/F.81.XIII.1, E/F.86.XIII.1).
6.3	Estimated and projected infant mortality rate	1970-2025	World Population Prospects 1990 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.91.XIII.4).
6.4	Child mortality rates by sex	latest avail. year	Demographic Yearbook 1985, table 27; 1987, table 20; and 1988, table 20 (United Nations publications, Sales No. E/F.86.XIII.1, E/F.88.XIII.1 and E/F.89.XIII.1); and unpublished data from Pan American Health Organization.
6.5	Maternal mortality rates	1970, 1980 and latest avail. year	World Health Organization, "Maternal mortality rates: a tabulation of available information", 2nd ed. (Geneva, FHE/86.3); Demographic Yearbook 1980, 1985 and 1987 (United Nations publications, Sales Nos. E/F.81.XIII.1, E/F.86.XIII.1 and E/F.88.XIII.1); United Nations Children's Fund, The State of the World's Children 1990 (New York, 1990).
6.6	Deaths by cause and sex	latest avail. year	Demographic Yearbook 1980 and 1985 (United Nations publications, Sales Nos. E/F.81.XIII.1 and E/F.86.XIII.1).
6.7	Percentage of women aged 15-49 in developing countries with anaemia	latest avail. year	World Health Organization, "The prevalence of nutritional anemia in women in developing countries: an update", table 2 (mimeo).

Series no.	Subject field and series	Period of reference	Sources of data
6.8	Percentage of births attended by a trained attendant	latest avail. year	World Health Organization, "Coverage of maternity care: a tabulation of available information", 2nd ed (Geneva, WHO/FHE/89.2); "Evaluation of the Strategy for Health for All, 1985-1986, detailed analysis of global indicators" (Geneva, WHO/HST/87.2).
6.9	Percentage of mothers wholly or partially breastfeeding at 3, 6 and 12 months	latest avail. year	United Nations Children's Fund, <i>The State of the World's Children 1988 and 1989</i> (New York, 1988 and 1989).
6.10	Percentage of population with access to safe water, total, urban and rural	1975 and latest avail. year	World Health Organization, "Evaluation of the Strategy for Health for all 1985-1986, detailed analysis of global indicators" (Geneva, WHO/HST/87.2); <i>World Health Statistics Report</i> , vol.29, No.10 (1976).
6.11	Total cigarette consumption, adult per capita consumption and smoking prevalence by sex	1970 and 1985 latest avail. year	Masironi, R. and K. Rothwell, "Tendances et effets du tabagisme dans le monde", in <i>World Health Statistics Quarterly</i> , 41 (1988).
6.12	Prevalence of disability by sex, and social and economic characteristics of the disabled population	latest avail. year	United Nations Disability Statistics Database, Version 1. Compiled by the United Nations Secretariat from national sources.
7. Public affairs and political participation			
7.1	Years in which women were given the right to vote and to stand for election		Inter-Parliamentary Union, "Distribution of seats between men and women in the 144 national assemblies, Reports and Documents Series, No. 14 (Geneva, 1987).
7.2	Distribution of seats in parliamentary assemblies by sex	1975 and latest avail. year	Inter-Parliamentary Union, "Distribution of seats between men and women in the 144 national assemblies, Reports and Documents Series, No. 14 (Geneva, 1987).
7.3	United Nations staff in posts subject to geographical distribution 1989 by nationality and level, total and female	1975, 1980 and latest avail. year	United Nations, "Personnel questions: composition of the Secretariat", Report of the Secretary-General, 1975, 1980 and 1989 (A/10184, A/35/528 and A/44/604).
7.4	Professional staff of the United Nations and related agencies, by level, total and female	1975, 1979 and 1986	United Nations, "Personnel questions: composition of the Secretariat", Report of the Secretary-General, 1976, 1980 and 1987 (A/31/154, A/35/528 and A/42/636).

Series no.	Subject field and series	Period of reference	Sources of data
8. Crime and criminal justice			
8.1	Selected crime and justice statistics and law enforcement workers, by sex	1975 and 1980	Centre for Social Development and Humanitarian Affairs of the United Nations Secretariat, First and Second United Nations Surveys of Crime Trends, Operations of Criminal Justice Systems and Crime Prevention Strategies (unpublished data).
9. National product and expenditure			
9.1	Gross domestic product and its composition (current prices)	1970, 1975, 1980, 1985 and 1986	National Accounts database of the United Nations Secretariat.
9.2	Average annual rates of growth for selected National Accounts aggregates	1970-1975, 1975-1980 and 1980-1986	National Accounts database of the United Nations Secretariat.
9.3	Government social security benefit expenditure	1970, 1980 and latest avail. year	International Labour Office, <i>The Cost of Social Security: Tenth International Inquiry, 1975-1977; Eleventh International Inquiry, 1978-1980; and Twelfth International Inquiry, 1981-1983</i> (Geneva, 1981, 1985 and 1988).

Annex 2
Series in Wistat and their corresponding file names

Series no.	Series	Period of reference	Filename(s)
1. Population composition and distribution			
1.1	Estimated and projected total, urban and rural population; and population by sex and age group	1950, 1960, 1970, 1975, 1980, 1985, 1990, 1995, 2000 and 2025	11POP50 11POP60 11POP70 11POP75 11POP80 11POP85 11POP90 11POP95 11POP00 11POP25
1.2	Total, urban, rural and largest city populations, by sex	1970, 1980 and 1990 census rounds	12URCITY
1.3	Foreign-born population by sex	1970 and 1980 census rounds and latest avail. year	13FBPOP
2. Learning and educational services			
2.1	Illiteracy by sex and age group, total, urban and rural	1970 and 1980 census rounds	21ILL70 21ILL80
2.2	Educational attainment by sex and age group, total, urban and rural	1970 and 1980 census rounds	22EATT70 22EATT80 22EATM70 22EATM80 22EATF70 22EATF80
2.3	School enrolment at first level by sex	1970, 1980 and latest avail. year	23EDENFL
2.4	School enrolment at second level by sex	1970, 1980 and latest avail. year	24EDENSL

43

Series no.	Series	Period of reference	Filename(s)
2.5	School enrolment at third level by field of study and sex	1970, 1980 and latest avail. year	25EDENTL
2.6	Combined first and second level gross enrolment ratio, by sex	1970, 1980 and latest avail. year	26ENRAT
2.7	Third level students per 100,000 population, by sex	1970, 1980 and latest avail. year	27TLRAT
2.8	Teachers at first level by sex	1970, 1980 and latest avail. year	28TCHFL
2.9	Teachers at second level by sex	1970, 1980 and latest avail. year	29TCHSL
2.10	Scientific and technical manpower potential	1970, 1980 and latest avail. year	2APOTSCI
3. Economic activity			
3.1	Estimated and projected economically active population by sex and age group	1970, 1980, 1985, 1990, 2000 and 2025	31LABF70 31LABF80 31LABF85 31LABF90 31LABF00 31LABF25
3.2	Total, economically active and not economically active population by sex, total, urban and rural	1970, 1980 and 1990 census rounds	32EACTUR
3.3	Female economically active population by marital status and age group	1970 and 1980 census rounds	33EACMAR

Series no.	Series	Period of reference	Filename(s)
3.4	Economically active population by status in employment and sex	1970 and 1980 census rounds and latest avail. year	34EACSTE
3.5	Economically active population by sex and occupation group	1970 and 1980 census rounds and latest avail. year	35EAOCCA 35EAOCCB
3.6	Estimated economically active population by sex and branch of economic activity	1970 and 1980	36LABFIN
3.7	Economically active population by sex, status in employment and industry group	1970 and 1980 census rounds and latest avail. year	37EASI7A 37EASI7B 37EASI7C 37EASI8A 37EASI8B 37EASI8C 37EASI8A 37EASI8B 37EASI8C
3.8	Female wages in agriculture and in non-agricultural activities as a percentage of male wages	1970, 1980 and latest avail. year	38WAGES
3.9	Urban unemployment by sex	1970-1982	39UNEMPL
4. Households, marital status and fertility			
4.1	Population by sex, age group and marital status	1970 and 1980 census rounds and latest avail. year	41MARM70 41MARM70 41MARM80 41MARM80 41MARM80 41MARM80
4.2	Singulate mean age at marriage and percentage ever married by age 50, by sex	1970 and 1980 census rounds and latest avail. year	42SMAM

Series no.	Series	Period of reference	Filename(s)
4.3	Estimated and projected total fertility rate	1970-2025	43TFR
4.4	Age-specific fertility rates, total, urban and rural	1970 and 1980 census rounds and latest avail. year	44ASFR
4.5	Female population by age group and number of children born alive	1970 and 1980 census rounds	45CEB
4.6	Contraceptive use among currently married women, by method used	1970, 1980 and latest avail. year	46CONTRA
4.7	Household headship by sex and age group, total, urban and rural	latest avail. year	47HHEAD
4.8	Average household size, total, urban and rural	1970, 1980 and 1990 census rounds	48HHSIZE
5. Housing conditions and human settlements			
5.1	Housing conditions and human settlements, total, urban and rural: no. housing units, average number of rooms, average number of persons per room, and percentage of housing units without piped water, toilet, electricity	1970 and 1980 census rounds	51HHST

Series no.	Series	Period of reference	Filename(s)
6. Health and health services; disabled persons			
6.1	Estimated and projected life expectancy at birth, by sex	1970-2025	61LIFEXP
6.2	Life table survival values at selected ages, by sex	1970, 1980 and latest avail. year	62SURVI
6.3	Estimated and projected infant mortality rate	1970-2025	63IMR
6.4	Child mortality rates by sex	latest avail. year	64CMR
6.5	Maternal mortality rates	1970, 1980 and latest avail. year	65MMR
6.6	Deaths by cause and sex	latest avail. year	66DTHCAU
6.7	Percentage of women aged 15-49 in developing countries with anaemia	latest avail. year	67ANEMIA
6.8	Percentage of births attended by a trained attendant	latest avail. year	68ATTEND
6.9	Percentage of mothers wholly or partially breastfeeding at 3, 6 and 12 months	latest avail. year	69BRFEED
6.10	Percentage of population with access to safe water, total, urban and rural	1975 and latest avail. year	6AWATER
6.11	Total cigarette consumption, adult per capita consumption and smoking prevalence by sex	1970 and 1985 latest avail. year	68SMOKER

Series no.	Series	Period of reference	Filename(s)
6.12	Prevalence of disability by sex, and social and economic characteristics of the disabled population	latest avail. year	6CDISAB
7. Public affairs and political participation			
7.1	Years in which women were given the right to vote and to stand for election		71VOTE
7.2	Distribution of seats in parliamentary assemblies by sex	1975 and latest avail. year	72PARLIA
7.3	United Nations staff in posts subject to geographical distribution, by nationality and level, total and female	1975, 1980 and 1989	73UNSTAF
7.4	Professional staff of the United Nations and related agencies, by level, total and female	1975, 1979 and 1986	74UNAGEN
8. Crime and criminal justice			
8.1	Selected crime and justice statistics and law enforcement workers, by sex	1975 and 1980	81CRIMST
9. National product and expenditure			
9.1	Gross domestic product and its composition (current prices)	1970, 1975, 1980, 1985 and 1986	91GDP

Series no.	Series	Period of reference	Filename(s)
9.2	Average annual rates of growth for selected National Accounts aggregates	1970-1975, 1975-1980 and 1980-1986	92GDPGR
9.3	Government social security benefit expenditure	1970, 1980 and latest avail. year	93SOCSEC

Annex 3 Files in Wistat and their sizes and contents

File name	File size (bytes)	Series no.	Contents
11POP50	88,319	1.1	Estimated total, urban and rural population and population by sex and age group, 1950 (thousands).
11POP60	96,500	1.1	Estimated total, urban and rural population and population by sex and age group, 1960 (thousands).
11POP70	95,868	1.1	Estimated total, urban and rural population and population by sex and age group, 1970 (thousands).
11POP75	88,836	1.1	Estimated total, urban and rural population and population by sex and age group, 1975 (thousands).
11POP80	94,612	1.1	Estimated total, urban and rural population and population by sex and age group, 1980 (thousands).
11POP85	89,132	1.1	Estimated total, urban and rural population and population by sex and age group, 1985 (thousands).
11POP90	85,692	1.1	Projected total, urban and rural population and population by sex and age group, 1990 (thousands).
11POP95	84,155	1.1	Projected total, urban and rural population and population by sex and age group, 1995 (thousands).
11POP00	84,209	1.1	Projected total, urban and rural population and population by sex and age group, 2000 (thousands).
11POP25	84,383	1.1	Projected total, urban and rural population and population by sex and age group, 2025 (thousands).
12URCITY	79,112	1.2	Total, urban, rural and largest city populations, by sex, 1970, 1980 and 1990 census rounds.
13FBPOP	40,343	1.3	Foreign-born population by sex, 1970 and 1980 census rounds and latest available year.
21ILL70	104,089	2.1	Illiteracy by sex and age group, total, urban and rural, 1970 census round.
21ILL80	125,734	2.1	Illiteracy by sex and age group, total, urban and rural, 1980 census round.
22EATF70	110,300	2.2	Educational attainment by age group, females, total, urban and rural, 1970 census round.
22EATF80	96,848	2.2	Educational attainment by age group, females, total, urban and rural, 1980 census round.
22EATM70	105,337	2.2	Educational attainment by age group, males, total, urban and rural, 1970 census round.
22EATM80	95,442	2.2	Educational attainment by age group, males, total, urban and rural, 1980 census round.
22EATT70	110,468	2.2	Educational attainment by age group, both sexes, total, urban and rural, 1970 census round.
22EATT80	101,422	2.2	Educational attainment by age group, both sexes, total, urban and rural, 1980 census round.
23EDENFL	51,686	2.3	School enrolment at first level by sex, 1970, 1980 and latest available year.
24EDENSL	110,622	2.4	School enrolment at second level by sex, 1970, 1980 and latest available year.
25EDENTL	122,341	2.5	School enrolment at third level by field of study and sex, 1970, 1980 and latest available year.
26ENRAT	47,073	2.6	Combined first and second level gross enrolment ratio, by sex, 1970, 1980 and latest available year.
27TLRAT	36,993	2.7	Third level students per 100,000 population, by sex, 1970, 1980 and latest available year.
28TCHFL	54,606	2.8	Teachers at first level by sex, 1970, 1980 and latest available year.
29TCHSL	108,089	2.9	Teachers at second level by sex, 1970, 1980 and latest available year.
2APOTSCI	42,151	2.10	Scientific and technical manpower potential, 1970, 1980 and latest available year.
31LABF70	64,302	3.1	Estimated economically active population by sex and age group, 1970 (thousands).

File name	File size (bytes)	Series no.	Contents
31LABF80	66,468	3.1	Estimated economically active population by sex and age group, 1980 (thousands).
31LABF85	63,059	3.1	Projected economically active population by sex and age group, 1985 (thousands).
31LABF90	60,236	3.1	Projected economically active population by sex and age group, 1990 (thousands).
31LABF00	60,272	3.1	Projected economically active population by sex and age group, 2000 (thousands).
31LABF25	60,386	3.1	Projected economically active population by sex and age group, 2025 (thousands).
32EACTUR	108,910	3.2	Total, economically active and not economically active population by sex, total, urban and rural, 1970, 1980 and 1990 census rounds.
33EACMAR	75,775	3.3	Female economically active population by marital status and age group, 1970 and 1980 census rounds.
34EACSTE	81,606	3.4	Economically active population by status in employment and sex, 1970 and 1980 census rounds and latest available year.
35EAOCCA	132,644	3.5	Economically active population by sex and occupation group, 1970 and 1980 census rounds and latest available year (1968 ISCO classification).
35EAOCCB	26,895	3.5	Economically active population by sex and occupation group, 1970 and 1980 census rounds (1958 ISCO classification).
36LABFIN	52,466	3.6	Estimated economically active population by sex and by branch of economic activity, 1970 and 1980 (thousands).
37EASI7A	110,563	3.7	Economically active population by sex, status in employment and industry group, 1970 census round (Part 1 of 3).
37EASI7B	106,060	3.7	Economically active population by sex, status in employment and industry group, 1970 census round (Part 2 of 3).
37EASI7C	94,839	3.7	Economically active population by sex, status in employment and industry group, 1970 census round (Part 3 of 3).
37EASI8A	143,220	3.7	Economically active population by sex, status in employment and industry group, 1980 census round (Part 1 of 3).
37EASI8B	135,719	3.7	Economically active population by sex, status in employment and industry group, 1980 census round (Part 2 of 3).
37EASI8C	130,006	3.7	Economically active population by sex, status in employment and industry group, 1980 census round (Part 3 of 3).
37EASI8A	118,217	3.7	Economically active population by sex, status in employment and industry group, latest available year (Part 1 of 2).
37EASILB	131,401	3.7	Economically active population by sex, status in employment and industry group, latest available year (Part 2 of 2).
38WAGES	19,672	3.8	Female wages in agriculture and in non-agricultural activities as a percentage of male wages, 1970, 1980 and latest available year.
39UNEMPL	20,992	3.9	Urban unemployment by sex, 1970-1982.
41MARF70	98,121	4.1	Population by age group and marital status, females, 1970 census round.
41MARF80	110,274	4.1	Population by age group and marital status, females, 1980 census round.
41MARFLY	43,251	4.1	Population by age group and marital status, females, latest available year.
41MARF70	97,539	4.1	Population by age group and marital status, males, 1970 census round.
41MARF80	109,383	4.1	Population by age group and marital status, males, 1980 census round.
41MARMLY	43,044	4.1	Population by age group and marital status, males, latest available year.
42SMAM	40,652	4.2	Singulate mean age at marriage and percentage ever married by age 50, by sex, 1970 and 1980 census rounds and latest available year.
43TFR	38,209	4.3	Estimated and projected total fertility rate, 1970-2025.
44ASFR	112,336	4.4	Age-specific fertility rates, total, urban and rural, 1970, 1980 and latest available year.
45CEB	107,518	4.5	Female population by age group and number of children born alive, 1970 and 1980 census rounds.

File name	File size (bytes)	Series no.	Contents
46CONTRA	68,493	4.6	Contraceptive use among currently married women, by method used, years around 1970 and 1980 and latest available year.
47HHEAD	78,059	4.7	Household headship by sex and age group, total, urban and rural, latest available year.
48HHSIZE	40,804	4.8	Average household size, total, urban and rural, 1970, 1980 and 1990 census rounds.
51HHST	84,595	5.1	Housing conditions and human settlements, total, urban and rural, 1970 and 1980 census rounds.
61LIFEXP	60,927	6.1	Estimated and projected life expectancy at birth, by sex, 1970-2025.
62SURVI	48,085	6.2	Life table survival values at selected ages, by sex, years around 1970 and 1980 and latest available year (per 100,000).
63IMR	31,195	6.3	Estimated and projected infant mortality rate (per 1000 live births), 1970-2025.
64CMR	23,254	6.4	Child mortality rates by sex, latest available year.
65MMR	34,937	6.5	Maternal mortality rates per 100,000 births, 1970, 1980 and latest available year.
66DTHCAU	49,758	6.6	Deaths by cause and sex, latest available year.
67ANEMIA	19,113	6.7	Percentage of women aged 15-49 in developing countries with anaemia, latest available year.
68ATTEND	21,421	6.8	Percentage of births attended by a trained attendant, latest available year.
69BRFEED	22,344	6.9	Percentage of mothers wholly or partially breastfeeding at 3, 6 and 12 months, latest available year.
6AWATER	28,220	6.10	Percentage of population with access to safe water, total, urban and rural, 1975 and latest available year.
6BSMOKER	25,432	6.11	Total cigarette consumption and adult per capita consumption, 1970 and 1985, and smoking prevalence by sex, latest available year.
6CDISAB	97,283	6.12	Prevalence of disability by sex, and social and economic characteristics of the disabled population, latest available year.
71VOTE	25,530	7.1	Years in which women were given the right to vote and to stand for election.
72PARLIA	41,611	7.2	Distribution of seats in parliamentary assemblies by sex, 1975 and latest available year.
73UNSTAF	116,666	7.3	United Nations staff in posts subject to geographical distribution, by nationality and level, total and female, 1975, 1980 and 1989.
74UNAGEN	24,172	7.4	Professional staff of the United Nations and related agencies, by level, total and female, 1975, 1979 and 1986.
81CRIMST	40,094	8.1	Selected crime and justice statistics and law enforcement workers, by sex, 1975 and 1980.
91GDP	91,697	9.1	Gross domestic product and its composition, 1970, 1975, 1980, 1985 and 1986 (current prices).
92GDPGR	94,669	9.2	Average annual rates of growth for selected National Accounts aggregates, 1970-1975, 1975-1980 and 1980-1986.
93SOCSEC	58,022	9.3	Government social security benefit expenditure, years around 1970 and 1980 and latest available year.
84 files	6,334,778		

Annex 4 **Format and content of Wistat spreadsheets**

1. Population composition and distribution

- 1.1 Estimated and projected total, urban and rural population and population by age and sex, 1950-2025 (thousands).
11POP50, 11POP60, 11POP70, 11POP75, 11POP80, 11POP85, 11POP90, 11POP95, 11POP00, 11POP25

Sources: World Population Prospects 1990 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.91.XIII.4) ; The Sex and Age Distributions of Population: the 1990 Revision (United Nations publications, Sales No. E.90.XIII.33); Demographic Yearbook ,1978 Historical Supplement and Demographic Yearbook 1981, 1982, 1983, 1984, 1985, 1987 and 1988 (United Nations publications, Sales Nos. E/F.79.XIII.8, E/F.82.XIII.1, E/F.83.XIII.1, E/F.84.XIII.1, E/F.85.XIII.1, E/F.86.XIII.1, E/F.88.XIII.1 and E/F.89.XIII.1).

Geog. region code	Country or area Code	Name	Source	Year	Both sexes											
					All ages		Urban	Rural	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-44	45-59	60+
Male																
					All ages	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-44	45-59	60+			
Female																
					All ages	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-44	45-59	60+			

- 1.2 Total urban, rural, and largest city populations, by sex: 1970, 1980 and 1990 census rounds.
12 URCITY

Sources: Compendium of Human Settlements Statistics 1983, table 3 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E/F.84.XVII.5); Demographic Yearbook 1974, 1984, 1985 and 1987, tables 6-8 (United Nations publications, Sales Nos. E/F.75.XIII.1, E/F.85.XIII.1, E/F.86.XIII.1 and E/F.88.XIII.1); "Age and sex structure of urban and rural populations, 1970-2000: The 1980 Assessment" (United Nations, ESA/P/WP.81, December 1982).

Geog. region code	Country or area		Source	Year (1970 round)	Total population		Urban population		Rural population		Largest city population		
	Code	Name			Both	Male	Female	Both	Male	Female	Both	Male	Female
Year (1980 round)													
				Both	Male	Female	Both	Male	Female	Both	Male	Female	
				sexes			sexes			sexes			
Year (1990 round)													
				Both	Male	Female	Both	Male	Female	Both	Male	Female	
				sexes			sexes			sexes			

1.3 Foreign-born population by sex, 1970 and 1980 census rounds and latest available year. 13FBPOP

Source: Database on world migrant populations: the foreign-born, prepared by the United Nations Secretariat.

Geog. region code	Country or area Code Name	Year (1970 round)	Total population		Foreign-born population		Sex ratio of the foreign-born
			Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	

Year (1980 round)	Total population		Foreign-born population		Sex ratio of the foreign-born
	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	

Year (latest year)	Total population		Foreign-born population		Sex ratio of the foreign-born
	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	

2. Learning and educational services

2.1 Illiteracy by sex and age group, total, urban and rural, 1970 and 1980 census rounds. 21ILL70, 21ILL80

Sources: Education statistics database of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization; United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, Statistics of Educational Attainment and Illiteracy, 1970-1980, CSR-E-44 (Paris, 1983), Statistical Yearbook 1986 and 1989, table 1.3 (Paris, 1986 and 1989), Compendium of Statistics on Illiteracy, No. 30 (Paris, 1988); Compendium of Human Settlements Statistics 1983, table 34 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E/F.84.XVII.5); Demographic Yearbook 1983, table 36 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E/F.84.XIII.1); and national publications of Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Comoros, Côte d'Ivoire, Madagascar, Malawi and Zambia.

Geog. region code	Country or area Code Name	Year	Total/ urban/ rural	Age Group1 (15+)	No. illiterate		% illiterate		Age Group2 (15-24)	No. illiterate		% illiterate	
					Male	Female	Male	Female		Male	Female	Male	Female

Age Group3 (25+)	No. illiterate		% illiterate	
	Male	Female	Male	Female

Age Group5 (45+)	No. illiterate		% illiterate	
	Male	Female	Male	Female

Age Group7 (65+)	No. illiterate		% illiterate	
	Male	Female	Male	Female

- 2.2 Educational attainment by sex and age group, total, urban and rural, 1970 and 1980 census rounds.
22EATT70, 22EATM70, 22EATF70, 22EATT80, 22EATM80, 22EATF80

Sources: Education statistics database of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization;
United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, Statistical Yearbook 1988, table 1.4 (Paris, 1988).

Geog. region code	Country or area Code	Name	Source	Year	Sex	Total/ urban/ rural	Age Group1 (15-19)	Total	No School- ing	First level		Entered 2nd level	Post Secondary
										Incom- plete	Completed		
							Age Group2 (20-24)	Total	No School- ing	First level Incom- plete	Completed	Entered 2nd level	Post Secondary
							Age Group3 (25-44)	Total	No School- ing	First level Incom- plete	Completed	Entered 2nd level	Post Secondary
							Age Group4 (45-64)	Total	No School- ing	First level Incom- plete	Completed	Entered 2nd level	Post Secondary
							Age Group5 (65+)	Total	No School- ing	First level Incom- plete	Completed	Entered 2nd level	Post Secondary

- 2.3 School enrolment at first level by sex, 1970, 1980 and latest available year.
23EDENFL

Sources: Education statistics database of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization;
United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, Statistical
Yearbook, table 3.4 (Paris, various years up to 1989).

Geog. region code	Country or area Code	Name	Source	Year (1970)	No. students enrolled		Year (1980)	No. students enrolled		Year (latest)	No. students enrolled	
					Both sexes	Female		Both sexes	Female		Both sexes	Female

- 2.4 School enrolment at second level by sex, 1970, 1980 and latest available year.
24EDENSL

Sources: Education statistics database of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization; United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, Statistical Yearbook, table 3.7 (Paris, various years up to 1989).

Geog. region code	Country or area Code Name	Source	Year (1970)	Both sexes				Male				Female			
				Total	General	Field	Vocat- ional	Total	General	Field	Vocat- ional	Total	General	Field	Vocat- ional
				enrolled		teacher training		enrolled		teacher training		enrolled		teacher training	
			Year (latest)	Both sexes				Male				Female			
				Total	General	Field	Vocat- ional	Total	General	Field	Vocat- ional	Total	General	Field	Vocat- ional
				enrolled		teacher training		enrolled		teacher training		enrolled		teacher training	
			Year (latest)	Both sexes				Male				Female			
				Total	General	Field	Vocat- ional	Total	General	Field	Vocat- ional	Total	General	Field	Vocat- ional
				enrolled		teacher training		enrolled		teacher training		enrolled		teacher training	

- 2.5 School enrolment at third level by field of study and sex, 1970, 1980 and latest available year.
25EDENTL

Sources: Education statistics database of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization; United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, Statistical Yearbook, table 3.12 (Paris, various years up to 1989).

Geog. region code	Country or area Code Name	Source	Year (1970)	Both sexes				Male				Female			
				Total	Lib. arts	Law & business	Sci. & eng'g.	Other	Agric.	Other	(same categories as Both sexes)	Total	Lib. arts	Law & business	Sci. & eng'g.
			Year (1980)	Both sexes				Male				Female			
				Total	Lib. arts	Law & business	Sci. & eng'g.	Other	Agric.	Other	(same categories as Both sexes)	Total	Lib. arts	Law & business	Sci. & eng'g.
			Year (latest)	Both sexes				Male				Female			
				Total	Lib. arts	Law & business	Sci. & eng'g.	Other	Agric.	Other	(same categories as Both sexes)	Total	Lib. arts	Law & business	Sci. & eng'g.

2.6 Combined first and second level gross enrolment ratio, by sex, 1970, 1980 and latest available year. 26ENRAT

Source: United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, Statistical Yearbook, table 3.2 (Paris, various years up to 1989).

Geog. region code	Country or area Code Name	Year around 1970				Year around 1980							
		Year	Normal		Combined 1st/2nd level gross enrolment ratio	Year	Normal		Combined 1st/2nd level gross enrolment ratio				
			entry age for 1st lev	exit age for 2nd lev			entry age for 1st lev	exit age for 2nd lev					
				Both		Female			Both		Female		
				Sexes					Sexes				
				Male					Male				
				Latest available year					Latest available year				
				Year	Normal	entry age for 1st lev	Normal	exit age for 2nd lev	Year	Normal	entry age for 1st lev	Normal	exit age for 2nd lev
				Combined 1st/2nd level gross enrolment ratio			Combined 1st/2nd level gross enrolment ratio			Combined 1st/2nd level gross enrolment ratio			
				Both		Female	Both		Female	Both		Female	

2.7 Third level students per 100,000 population, by sex, 1970, 1980 and latest available year. 27TLRAT

Sources: United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, Statistical Yearbook 1984, 1986 and 1989, table 3.10 (Paris, 1984, 1986 and 1989); and Statistical Yearbook 1988, table 3.6 (Paris, 1988).

Geog. region code	Country or area Code Name	Source			Year around 1970			Year around 1980			Latest available year		
		Year	Both sexes	Male	Female	Year	Both sexes	Male	Female	Year	Both sexes	Male	Female

2.8 Teachers at first level by sex, 1970, 1980 and latest available year.
28TCHFL

Source: United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, Statistical Yearbook, table 3.4 (Paris, various years up to 1988).

Geog. region code	Country or area Code Name	Year (1970)	No. teachers at first level			Year (1980)	No. teachers at first level		
			Both sexes	Male	Female %		Both sexes	Male	Female %
					female				female

	Year (latest)	No. teachers at first level		
		Both sexes	Male	Female %
				female

2.9 Teachers at second level by sex, 1970, 1980 and latest available year.
29TCHSL

Source: United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, Statistical Yearbook, table 3.5 (Paris, various years up to 1988).

Geog. region code	Country or area Code Name	Year	Total secondary level			General			Teacher training			Vocational		
			Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female

2.10 Scientific and technical manpower potential, 1970, 1980 and latest available year. ZAPOTSCI

Source: United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, Statistical Yearbook (Paris, various years up to 1989).

Geog. Region Code	Country or area Code Name	Source	Year (1970 or round) data	Type	Total	Potential scientists and engineers		Potential technicians	
						Total	Female	Total	Female
			Year (1980 or round) data	Type	Total	Potential scientists and engineers	Female	Potential technicians	Female
			Year (latest of year) data	Type	Total	Potential scientists and engineers	Female	Potential technicians	Female

3. Economic activity

3.1 Estimated and projected economically active population by sex and age group, 1970-2025 (thousands). 31LABF70, 31LABF80, 31LABF85, 31LABF90, 31LABF00, 31LABF25

Sources: International Labour Office, Economically Active Population - Estimates, 1950-1980, Projections, 1985-2025, six volumes (Geneva, 1986), and Year Book of Labour Statistics (Geneva, various years up to 1988).

Geog. region code	Country or area Code	Source	Year	All ages		10-14		15-19		20-24				
				Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female		
			25-44	Both sexes	Male	Female	45-59	Both sexes	Male	Female	65+	Both sexes	Male	Female

3.2 Total, economically active and not economically active population by sex, total, urban and rural, 1970, 1980 and 1990 census rounds. 32EACTUR

Sources: Demographic Yearbook, 1973, table 38; 1979, table 36; 1984, table 26; and 1988, table 36
(United Nations publications, Sales Nos. E/F.74.XIII.1, E/F.80.XIII.1, E/F.85.XIII.1 and E/F.89.XIII.1).

Geog. region code	Country or area Code Name	Source	Total/ urban/ rural	Year (1970)	Age	Both sexes			Male			Female		
						Total popn.	Econ. active	Not econ. active	Total popn.	Econ. active	Not econ. active	Total popn.	Econ. active	Not econ. active
				Year (1980)	Age	Both sexes			Male			Female		
						Total popn.	Econ. active	Not econ. active	Total popn.	Econ. active	Not econ. active	Total popn.	Econ. active	Not econ. active
				Year (1990)	Age	Both sexes			Male			Female		
						Total popn.	Econ. active	Not econ. active	Total popn.	Econ. active	Not econ. active	Total popn.	Econ. active	Not econ. active

3.3 Female economically active population by marital status and age group, 1970 and 1980 census rounds. 33EACMAR

Sources: Demographic Yearbook, 1973, table 45; 1979, table 43; 1984, table 33; and 1988, table 43
(United Nations publications, Sales nos. E/F.74.XIII.1, E/F.80.XIII.1, E/F.85.XIII.1 and E/F.89.XIII.1).

Geog. region code	Country or area Code Name	Source	Year	Age	Age 15+	Marital status						
						Total	Single	Married	Cons. married	Widowed	Divorced	Sepa- rated
				Age 15-19	Age	Total	Single	Married	Cons. married	Widowed	Divorced	Sepa- rated
						Total	Single	Married	Cons. married	Widowed	Divorced	Sepa- rated
				Age 20-24	Age	Total	Single	Married	Cons. married	Widowed	Divorced	Sepa- rated
						Total	Single	Married	Cons. married	Widowed	Divorced	Sepa- rated
				Age 25-44	Age	Total	Single	Married	Cons. married	Widowed	Divorced	Sepa- rated
						Total	Single	Married	Cons. married	Widowed	Divorced	Sepa- rated
				Age 45-59	Age	Total	Single	Married	Cons. married	Widowed	Divorced	Sepa- rated
						Total	Single	Married	Cons. married	Widowed	Divorced	Sepa- rated
				Age 60+	Age	Total	Single	Married	Cons. married	Widowed	Divorced	Sepa- rated
						Total	Single	Married	Cons. married	Widowed	Divorced	Sepa- rated

4. Households, marital status and fertility

- 4.1 Population by sex, age group and marital status, 1970 and 1980 census rounds and latest available year.
41MARM70, 41MARF70, 41MARM80, 41MARF80, 41MARM80, 41MARF80, 41MARM80, 41MARF80, 41MARM80, 41MARF80

Source: Demographic Yearbook 1978, Historical Supplement, table 12 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E/F.79.XIII.8);
Demographic Yearbook 1976 and 1982, table 40; 1987, table 29 (United Nations publications, Sales Nos.
E/F.77.XIII.1, E/F.83.XIII.1 and E/F.88.XIII.1); and computerized database of the United Nations
Economic Commission for Europe based on national published and unpublished statistics.

Geog. region code	Country or area		Source	Year	Sex	Age 15+							
	Code	Name				Total	Single	Married	Cons. married	Widowed	Divorced	Sepa- rated	Unknown
Age group													
Age 15-19													
						Total	Single	Married	Cons. married	Widowed	Divorced	Sepa- rated	Unknown
Age group													
Age 20-24													
						Total	Single	Married	Cons. married	Widowed	Divorced	Sepa- rated	Unknown
Age group													
Age 25-44													
						Total	Single	Married	Cons. married	Widowed	Divorced	Sepa- rated	Unknown
Age group													
Age 45-59													
						Total	Single	Married	Cons. married	Widowed	Divorced	Sepa- rated	Unknown
Age group													
Age 60+													
						Total	Single	Married	Cons. married	Widowed	Divorced	Sepa- rated	Unknown
Age group													

- 4.2 Singulate mean age at marriage and percentage ever married by age 50, by sex, 1970 and 1980 census rounds and latest available year.
42SMAM

Sources: First Marriage: Patterns and Determinants (United Nations publication, ST/ESA/SER.R/76, New York, 1988);
Fertility Behaviour in the Context of Development: Evidence from the World Fertility Survey, Population
Studies, No. 100 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.86.XIII.5).

Geog. region	Country or area		Year (1970)	Source	Singulate mean age at marriage		Percentage ever married by age 50	Year (1980)	Source	Singulate mean age at marriage		Percentage ever married by age 50	
	Code	Name			Male	Female				Male	Female	Male	Female

4.3 Estimated and projected total fertility rate, 1970-2025 43TFR

Source: World Population Prospects 1990 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.91.XIII.4)

Geog. region code	Country or area Code Name	Source	Total fertility rate					
			1965-70	1970-75	1975-80	1980-85	1985-90	1990-95 1995-2000 2020-25

4.4 Age-specific fertility rates, total, urban and rural, 1970, 1980 and latest available year. 44ASFR

Source: Demographic Yearbook 1978, Historical Supplement, table 6 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E/F.79.XIII.8);
Demographic Yearbook 1975, 1981 and 1986, table 24; and 1988, table 11 (United Nations publications,
Sales Nos. E/F.76.XIII.1, E/F.82.XIII.1, E/F.87.XIII.1 and E/F.89.XIII.1).

Geog. region code	Country or area Code Name	Source	Total		Year around 1970									
			urban/ rural		Year		15-49	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49
					Year									
					Year around 1980									
					Year	15-49	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	
					Latest available year		15-49	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49
					Year	15-49	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	

4.5 Female population by age group and number of children born alive, 1970 and 1980 census rounds. 45CEB

Source: Demographic Yearbook 1975, table 51; 1981, table 50; and 1986, table 50
(United Nations publications, Sales Nos. E/F.76.XIII.1, E/F.82.XIII.1 and E/F.87.XIII.1).

Geog. region code

Country or area Code

Source

Year

Age 15-19

Age 20-24

Age 25-34

Age 35-44

Age 45+

Age 50-54

Age 55-59

Age 60-64

Age 65-69

Age 70-74

Age 75-79

Age 80-84

Age 85-89

Age 90-94

Age 95-99

Age 100+

Age 105+

Age 110+

Age 115+

Age 120+

Age 125+

Age 130+

Age 135+

Age 140+

Age 145+

Age 150+

Age 155+

Age 160+

Age 165+

Age 170+

Age 175+

Age 180+

Age 185+

Age 190+

Age 195+

Age 200+

Age 205+

Age 210+

Age 215+

Age 220+

Age 225+

Age 230+

Age 235+

Age 240+

Age 245+

Age 250+

Age 255+

Age 260+

Age 265+

Age 270+

Age 275+

Age 280+

Age 285+

Age 290+

Age 295+

Age 300+

Age 305+

Age 310+

Age 315+

Age 320+

Age 325+

Age 330+

Age 335+

Age 340+

Age 345+

Age 350+

Age 355+

Age 360+

Age 365+

Age 370+

Age 375+

Age 380+

Age 385+

Age 390+

Age 395+

Age 400+

Age 405+

Age 410+

Age 415+

Age 420+

Age 425+

Age 430+

Age 435+

Age 440+

Age 445+

Age 450+

Age 455+

Age 460+

Age 465+

Age 470+

Age 475+

Age 480+

Age 485+

Age 490+

Age 495+

Age 500+

Age 505+

Age 510+

Age 515+

Age 520+

Age 525+

Age 530+

Age 535+

Age 540+

Age 545+

Age 550+

Age 555+

Age 560+

Age 565+

Age 570+

Age 575+

Age 580+

Age 585+

Age 590+

Age 595+

Age 600+

Age 605+

Age 610+

Age 615+

Age 620+

Age 625+

Age 630+

Age 635+

Age 640+

Age 645+

Age 650+

Age 655+

Age 660+

Age 665+

Age 670+

Age 675+

Age 680+

Age 685+

Age 690+

Age 695+

Age 700+

Age 705+

Age 710+

Age 715+

Age 720+

Age 725+

Age 730+

Age 735+

Age 740+

Age 745+

Age 750+

Age 755+

Age 760+

Age 765+

Age 770+

Age 775+

Age 780+

Age 785+

Age 790+

Age 795+

Age 800+

Age 805+

Age 810+

Age 815+

Age 820+

Age 825+

Age 830+

Age 835+

Age 840+

Age 845+

Age 850+

Age 855+

Age 860+

Age 865+

Age 870+

Age 875+

Age 880+

Age 885+

Age 890+

Age 895+

Age 900+

Age 905+

Age 910+

Age 915+

Age 920+

Age 925+

Age 930+

Age 935+

Age 940+

Age 945+

Age 950+

Age 955+

Age 960+

Age 965+

Age 970+

Age 975+

Age 980+

Age 985+

Age 990+

Age 995+

Age 1000+

Age 1005+

Age 1010+

Age 1015+

Age 1020+

Age 1025+

Age 1030+

Age 1035+

Age 1040+

Age 1045+

Age 1050+

Age 1055+

Age 1060+

Age 1065+

Age 1070+

Age 1075+

Age 1080+

Age 1085+

Age 1090+

Age 1095+

Age 1100+

Age 1105+

Age 1110+

Age 1115+

Age 1120+

Age 1125+

Age 1130+

Age 1135+

Age 1140+

Age 1145+

Age 1150+

Age 1155+

Age 1160+

Age 1165+

Age 1170+

Age 1175+

Age 1180+

Age 1185+

Age 1190+

Age 1195+

Age 1200+

Age 1205+

Age 1210+

Age 1215+

Age 1220+

Age 1225+

Age 1230+

Age 1235+

Age 1240+

Age 1245+

Age 1250+

Age 1255+

Age 1260+

Age 1265+

Age 1270+

Age 1275+

Age 1280+

Age 1285+

Age 1290+

Age 1295+

Age 1300+

Age 1305+

Age 1310+

Age 1315+

Age 1320+

Age 1325+

Age 1330+

Age 1335+

Age 1340+

Age 1345+

Age 1350+

Age 1355+

Age 1360+

Age 1365+

Age 1370+

Age 1375+

Age 1380+

Age 1385+

Age 1390+

Age 1395+

Age 1400+

Age 1405+

Age 1410+

Age 1415+

Age 1420+

Age 1425+

Age 1430+

Age 1435+

Age 1440+

Age 1445+

Age 1450+

Age 1455+

Age 1460+

Age 1465+

Age 1470+

Age 1475+

Age 1480+

Age 1485+

Age 1490+

Age 1495+

Age 1500+

Age 1505+

Age 1510+

Age 1515+

Age 1520+

Age 1525+

Age 1530+

Age 1535+

Age 1540+

Age 1545+

Age 1550+

Age 1555+

Age 1560+

Age 1565+

Age 1570+

Age 1575+

Age 1580+

Age 1585+

Age 1590+

Age 1595+

Age 1600+

Age 1605+

Age 1610+

Age 1615+

Age 1620+

Age 1625+

Age 1630+

Age 1635+

Age 1640+

Age 1645+

Age 1650+

Age 1655+

Age 1660+

Age 1665+

Age 1670+

Age 1675+

Age 1680+

Age 1685+

Age 1690+

Age 1695+

Age 1700+

Age 1705+

Age 1710+

Age 1715+

Age 1720+

Age 1725+

Age 1730+

Age 1735+

Age 1740+

Age 1745+

Age 1750+

Age 1755+

Age 1760+

Age 1765+

Age 1770+

Age 1775+

Age 1780+

Age 1785+

Age 1790+

Age 1795+

Age 1800+

Age 1805+

Age 1810+

Age 1815+

Age 1820+

Age 1825+

Age 1830+

Age 1835+

Age 1840+

Age 1845+

Age 1850+

Age 1855+

Age 1860+

Age 1865+

Age 1870+

Age 1875+

Age 1880+

Age 1885+

Age 1890+

Age 1895+

Age 1900+

Age 1905+

Age 1910+

Age 1915+

Age 1920+

Age 1925+

Age 1930+

Age 1935+

Age 1940+

Age 1945+

Age 1950+

Age 1955+

Age 1960+

Age 1965+

Age 1970+

Age 1975+

Age 1980+

Age 1985+

Age 1990+

Age 1995+

Age 2000+

Age 2005+

Age 2010+

Age 2015+

Age 2020+

Age 2025+

Age 2030+

Age 2035+

Age 2040+

Age 2045+

Age 2050+

Age 2055+

Age 2060+

Age 2065+

Age 2070+

Age 2075+

Age 2080+

Age 2085+

Age 2090+

Age 2095+

Age 2100+

Age 2105+

Age 2110+

Age 2115+

Age 2120+

Age 2125+

Age 2130+

Age 2135+

Age 2140+

Age 2145+

Age 2150+

Age 2155+

Age 2160+

Age 2165+

Age 2170+

Age 2175+

Age 2180+

Age 2185+

Age 2190+

Age 2195+

Age 2200+

Age 2205+

Age 2210+

Age 2215+

Age 2220+

Age 2225+

Age 2230+

Age 2235+

Age 2240+

Age 2245+

Age 2250+

Age 2255+

Age 2260+

Age 2265+

Age 2270+

Age 2275+

Age 2280+

Age 2285+

Age 2290+

Age 2295+

Age 2300+

Age 2305+

Age 2310+

Age 2315+

Age 2320+

Age 2325+

Age 2330+

Age 2335+

Age 2340+

Age 2345+

Age 2350+

Age 2355+

Age 2360+

Age 2365+

Age 2370+

Age 2375+

Age 2380+

Age 2385+

Age 2390+

Age 2395+

Age 2400+

Age 2405+

Age 2410+

Age 2415+

Age 2420+

Age 2425+

Age 2430+

Age 2435+

Age 2440+

Age 2445+

Age 2450+

Age 2455+

Age 2460+

Age 2465+

Age 2470+

Age 2475+

Age 2480+

Age 2485+

Age 2490+

Age 2495+

Age 2500+

Age 2505+

Age 2510+

Age 2515+

Age 2520+

Age 2525+

Age 2530+

Age 2535+

Age 2540+

Age 2545+

Age 2550+

Age 2555+

Age 2560+

Age 2565+

Age 2570+

Age 2575+

Age 2580+

Age 2585+

Age 2590+

Age 2595+

Age 2600+

Age 2605+

Age 2610+

Age 2615+

Age 2620+

Age 2625+

Age 2630+

Age 2635+

Age 2640+

Age 2645+

Age 2650+

Age 2655+

Age 2660+

Age 2665+

Age 2670+

Age 2675+

Age 2680+

Age 2685+

Age 2690+

Age 2695+

Age 2700+

Age 2705+

Age 2710+

Age 2715+

Age 2720+

Age 2725+

Age 2730+

Age 2735+

Age 2740+

Age 2745+

Age 2750+

Age 2755+

Age 2760+

Age 2765+

Age 2770+

Age 2775+

Age 2780+

Age 2785+

Age 2790+

Age 2795+

Age 2800+

Age 2805+

Age 2810+

Age 2815+

Age 2820+

Age 2825+

Age 2830+

Age 2835+

Age 2840+

Age 2845+

Age 2850+

Age 2855+

Age 2860+

Age 2865+

Age 2870+

Age 2875+

Age 2880+

Age 2885+

Age 2890+

Age 2895+

Age 2900+

Age 2905+

Age 2910+

Age 2915+

Age 2920+

Age 2925+

Age 2930+

Age 2935+

Age 2940+

Age 2945+

Age 2950+

Age 2955+

Age 2960+

Age 2965+

Age 2970+

Age 2975+

Age 2980+

Age 2985+

Age 2990+

Age 2995+

Age 3000+

Age 3005+

Age 3010+

Age 3015+

Age 3020+

Age 3025+

Age 3030+

Age 3035+

Age 3040+

Age 3045+

Age 3050+

Age 3055+

Age 3060+

Age 3065+

Age 3070+

Age 3075+

Age 3080+

Age 3085+

Age 3090+

Age 3095+

Age 3100+

Age 3105+

Age 3110+

Age 3115+

Age 3120+

Age 3125+

Age 3130+

Age 3135+

Age 3140+

Age 3145+

Age 3150+

Age 3155+

Age 3160+

Age 3165+

Age 3170+

Age 3175+

Age 3180+

Age 3185+

Age 3190+

Age 3195+

Age 3200+

Age 3205+

Age 3210+

Age 3215+

Age 3220+

Age 3225+

Age 3230+

Age 3235+

Age 3240+

Age 3245+

Age 3250+

Age 3255+

Age 3260+

Age 3265+

Age 3270+

Age 3275+

Age 3280+

Age 3285+

Age 3290+

Age 3295+

Age 3300+

Age 3305+

Age 3310+

Age 3315+

Age 3320+

Age 3325+

Age 3330+

Age 3335+

Age 3340+

Age 3345+

Age 3350+

Age 3355+

Age 3360+

Age 3365+

Age 3370+

Age 3375+

Age 3380+

Age 3385+

Age 3390+

Age 3395+

Age 3400+

Age 3405+

Age 3410+

Age 3415+

Age 3420+

Age 3425+

Age 3430+

Age 3435+

Age 3440+

Age 3445+

Age 3450+

Age 3455+

Age 3460+

Age 3465+

Age 3470+

Age 3475+

Age 3480+

Age 3485+

Age 3490+

Age 3495+

Age 3500+

Age 3505+

Age 3510+

Age 3515+

Age 3520+

Age 3525+

Age 3530+

Age 3535+

Age 3540+

Age 3545+

Age 3550+

Age 3555+

Age 3560+

Age 3565+

Age 3570+

Age 3575+

Age 3580+

Age 3585+

Age 3590+

Age 3595+

Age 3600+

Age 3605+

Age 3610+

Age 3615+

Age 3620+

Age 3625+

Age 3630+

Age 3635+

Age 3640+

Age 3645+

Age 3650+

Age 3655+

Age 3660+

Age 3665+

Age 3670+

Age 3675+

Age 3680+

Age 3685+

Age 3690+

Age 3695+

Age 3700+

Age 3705+

Age 3710+

Age 3715+

Age 3720+

Age 3725+

Age 3730+

Age 3735+

Age 3740+

Age 3745+

Age 3750+

Age 3755+

Age 3760+

Age 3765+

Age 3770+

Age 3775+

Age 3780+

Age 3785+

Age 3790+

Age 3795+

Age 3800+

Age 3805+

Age 3810+

Age 3815+

Age 3820+

Age 3825+

Age 3830+

Age 3835+

Age 3840+

Age 3845+

Age 3850+

Age 3855+

Age 3860+

Age 3865+

Age 3870+

Age 3875+

Age 3880+

Age 3885+

Age 3890+

Age 3895+

Age 3900+

Age 3905+

Age 3910+

Age 3915+

Age 3920+

Age 3925+

Age 3930+

Age 3935+

Age 3940+

Age 3945+

Age 3950+

Age 3955+

Age 3960+

Age 3965+

Age 3970+

Age 3975+

Age 3980+

Age 3985+

Age 3990+

Age 3995+

Age 4000+

Age 4005+

Age 4010+

Age 4015+

Age 4020+

Age 4025+

Age 4030+

Age 4035+

Age 4040+

Age 4045+

Age 4050+

Age 4055+

Age 4060+

Age 4065+

Age 4070+

Age 4075+

Age 4080+

Age 4085+

Age 4090+

Age 4095+

Age 4100+

Age 4105+

Age 4110+

Age 4115+

Age 4120+

Age 4125+

Age 4130+

Age 4135+

Age 4140+

Age 4145+

Age 4150+

Age 4155+

Age 4160+

Age 4165+

Age 4170+

Age 4175+

Age 4180+

Age 4185+

Age 4190+

Age 4195+

Age 4200+

Age 4205+

Age 4210+

Age 4215+

Age 4220+

Age 4225+

Age 4230+

Age 4235+

Age 4240+

Age 4245+

Age 4250+

Age 4255+

Age 4260+

Age 4265+

Age 4270+

Age 4275+

Age 4280+

Age 4285+

Age 4290+

Age 4295+

Age 4300+

Age 4305+

Age 4310+

Age 4315+

Age 4320+

Age 4325+

Age 4330+

Age 4335+

Age 4340+

Age 4345+

Age 4350+

Age 4355+

Age 4360+

Age 4365+

Age 4370+

Age 4375+

Age 4380+

Age 4385+

Age 4390+

Age 4395+

Age 4400+

Age 4405+

Age 4410+

Age 4415+

Age 4420+

Age 4425+

Age 4430+

Age 4435+

Age 4440+

Age 4445+

Age 4450+

Age 4455+

Age 4460+

Age 4465+

Age 4470+

Age 4475+

Age 4480+

Age 4485+

Age 4490+

Age 4495+

Age 4500+

Age 4505+

Age 4510+

Age 4515+

Age 4520+

Age 4525+

Age 4530+

Age 4535+

Age 4540+

Age 4545+

Age 4550+

Age 4555+

Age 4560+

Age 4565+

Age 4570+

Age 4575+

Age 4580+

Age 4585+

Age 4590+

Age 4595+

Age 4600+

Age 4605+

Age 4610+

Age 4615+

Age 4620+

Age 4625+

Age 4630+

Age 4635+

Age 4640+

Age 4645+

Age 4650+

Age 4655+

Age 4660+

Age 4665+

Age 4670+

Age 4675+

Age 4680+

Age 4685+

Age 4690+

Age 4695+

Age 4700+

Age 4705+

Age 4710+

Age 4715+

Age 4720+

Age 4725+

Age 4730+

Age 4735+

Age 4740+

Age 4745+

Age 4750+

Age 4755+

Age 4760+

Age 4765+

Age 4770+

Age 4775+

Age 4780+

Age 4785+

Age 4790+

Age 4795+

Age 4800+

Age 4805+

Age 4810+

Age 4815+

Age 4820+

Age 4825+

Age 4830+

Age 4835+

Age 4840+

Age 4845+

Age 4850+

Age 4855+

Age 4860+

Age 4865+

Age 4870+

Age 4875+

Age 4880+

Age 4885+

Age 4890+

Age 4895+

Age 4900+

Age 4905+

Age 4910+

Age 4915+

Age 4920+

Age 4925+

Age 4930+

Age 4935+

Age 4940+

Age 4945+

Age 4950+

Age 4955+

Age 4960+

Age 4965+

Age 4970+

Age 4975+

Age 4980+

Age 4985+

Age 4990+

Age 4995+

Age 5000+

Age 5005+

Age 5010+

Age 5015+

Age 5020+

Age 5025+

Age 5030+

Age 5035+

Age 5040+

Age 5045+

Age 5050+

Age 5055+

Age 5060+

Age 5065+

Age 5070+

Age 5075+

Age 5080+

Age 5085+

Age 5090+

Age 5095+

Age 5100+

Age 5105+

Age 5110+

Age 5115+

Age 5120+

Age 5125+

Age 5130+

Age 5135+

Age 5140+

Age 5145+

Age 5150+

Age 5155+

Age 5160+

Age 5165+

Age 5170+

Age 5175+

Age 5180+

Age 5185+

Age 5190+

Age 5195+

Age 5200+

Age 5205+

Age 5210+

Age 5215+

Age 5220+

Age 5225+

Age 5230+

Age 5235+

Age 5240+

Age 5245+

Age 5250+

Age 5255+

Age 5260+

Age 5265+

Age 5270+

Age 5275+

Age 5280+

Age 5285+

Age 5290+

Age 5295+

Age 5300+

Age 5305+

Age 5310+

Age 5315+

Age 5320+

Age 5325+

Age 5330+

Age 5335+

Age 5340+

Age 5345+

Age 5350+

Age 5355+

Age 5360+

Age 5365+

Age 5370+

Age 5375+

Age 5380+

Age 5385+

Age 5390+

Age 5395+

Age 5400+

Age 5405+

Age 5410+

Age 5415+

Age 5420+

Age 5425+

Age 5430+

Age 5435+

Age 5440+

Age 5445+

Age 5450+

Age 5455+

Age 5460+

Age 5465+

Age 5470+

Age 5475+

Age 5480+

Age 5485+

Age 5490+

Age 5495+

Age 5500+

Age 5505+

Age 5510+

Age 5515+

Age 5520+

Age 5525+

Age 5530+

Age 5535+

Age 5540+

Age 5545+

Age 5550+

Age 5555+

Age 5560+

Age 5565+

Age 5570+

Age 5575+

Age 5580+

Age 5585+

Age 5590+

Age 5595+

Age 5600+

Age 5605+

Age 5610+

Age 5615+

Age 5620+

Age 5625+

Age 5630+

Age 5635+

Age 5640+

Age 5645+

Age 5650+

Age 5655+

Age 5660+

Age 5665+

Age 5670+

Age 5675+

Age 5680+

Age 5685+

Age 5690+

Age 5695+

Age 5700+

Age 5705+

Age 5710+

Age

4.6 Contraceptive use among currently married women, by method used, years around 1970 and 1980 and latest available year. 46CONTRA

Sources: Levels and Trends of Contraceptive Use as assessed in 1988 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.89.XIII.4);
and Population Division database on contraceptive use, 1989 (unpublished).

Geog. region code	Country or area Code Name	1970	Percentage of married women currently using													
		Year	Source	Age range	Any method	Female steril'n	Male steril'n	Pill	Injec- table	IUD	Condom	Vaginal barrier methods	With- drawal	Absti- nence	Douche	Other/ not stated
		1980	Percentage of married women currently using													
		Year	Source	Age range	Any method	Female steril'n	Male steril'n	Pill	Injec- table	IUD	Condom	Vaginal barrier methods	With- drawal	Absti- nence	Douche <td>Other/ not stated</td>	Other/ not stated
			Latest available year													
		Year	Source	Age range	Any method	Female steril'n	Male steril'n	Pill	Injec- table	IUD	Condom	Vaginal barrier methods	With- drawal	Absti- nence	Douche <td>Other/ not stated</td>	Other/ not stated

4.7 Household headship by sex and age group, total, urban and rural, latest available year.
47HHHEAD

Sources: Demographic Yearbook 1987, tables 30 and 33 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E/F.88.XIII.1); Women of the World, four volumes (Washington, D.C., 1984-1985).

Geog. region code	Country or area		Source	Year	Total/urban/rural	All ages							
	Code	Name				Age group	Population	Household heads					
						Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	%Female	
						Age group 0-14							
						Age group	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	%Female
							Household heads						
						Age group	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	%Female
						Age group 15-24							
						Age group	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	%Female
							Household heads						
						Age group	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	%Female
						Age group 25-44							
						Age group	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	%Female
							Household heads						
						Age group	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	%Female
						Age group 45-59							
						Age group	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	%Female
							Household heads						
						Age group	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	%Female
						Age group 60+							
						Age group	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	%Female
							Household heads						
						Age group	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	%Female

4.8 Average household size, total, urban and rural, 1970, 1980 and 1990 census rounds.
48HHSIZE

Sources: Demographic Yearbook 1973, 1982 and 1987 (United Nations publications, Sales Nos. E/F.74.XIII.1, E/F.83.XIII.1 and E/F.88.XIII.1); Compendium of Housing Statistics 1975-1977 and Compendium of Human Settlements Statistics 1983 (United Nations publications, Sales Nos. E/F.80.XVII.4 and E/F.84.XVII.5).

Geog. region code	Country or area		Source Year (1970 round)	Number of households			Average household size		
	Code	Name		Total	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural
			Year (1980 round)	Number of households			Average household size		
				Total	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural
			Year (1990 round)	Number of households			Average household size		
				Total	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural

5. Housing conditions and human settlements

- 5.1 Housing conditions and human settlements, total, urban and rural, 1970 and 1980 census rounds.
51HHST

Sources: Compendium of Housing Statistics 1975-1977 and Compendium of Human Settlements Statistics 1983 (United Nations publications, Sales Nos. E/F.80.XVII.4 and E/F.84.XVII.5).

Geog. region code	Country or area Code Name	Source	Total/ urban/ rural	1970 Year	No. of housing units	Ave. no. of rooms	Ave. no. of persons per room	Percentage housing units without	
								Piped water	Toilet Electricity
				1980 Year	No. of housing units	Ave. no. of rooms	Ave. no. of persons per room	Piped water	Toilet Electricity

6. Health and health services; disabled persons

- 6.1 Estimated and projected life expectancy at birth, by sex, 1970-2025.
61LIFEXP

Source: World Population Prospects 1990 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.91.XIII.4).

Geog. region code	Country or area Code Name	Source	Life expectancy at birth, males				
			1965-70	1970-75	1975-80	1980-85	1985-90
			1965-70	1970-75	1975-80	1980-85	1985-90
			1990-95	1995-2000	2000-25		
			Life expectancy at birth, females				
			1965-70	1970-75	1975-80	1980-85	1985-90
			1990-95	1995-2000	2000-25		

6.2 Life table survival values at selected ages, by sex, years around 1970 and 1980 and latest available year (per 100,000).
62SURVI

Sources: Demographic Yearbook 1974, table 35; 1980, table 36; and 1985, table 36
(United Nations publications, Sales Nos. E/F.75.XIII.1, E/F.81.XIII.1, E/F.86.XIII.1).

Geog. region code	Country or area Code	Source	1970																
			Year		Male		Age		Female		Age								
			Age	5	Age	15	Age	25	Age	45	Age	60	Age	25	Age	45	Age	60	

6.3 Estimated and projected infant mortality rate (per 1000 live births), 1970-2025.
63IMR

Source: World Population Prospects 1990 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.91.XIII.4).

Geog. region code	Country or area Code	Source	Infant mortality rate (per 1000 live births)							
			1965-70		1970-75		1975-80		1980-85	
			1965-70	1970-75	1975-80	1980-85	1985-90	1990-95	1995-2000	2000-25

6.4 Child mortality rates by sex, latest available year.
64CMR

Source: Demographic Yearbook 1985, table 27; 1987, table 20; and 1988, table 20 (United Nations publications, Sales Nos. E/F.86.XIII.1, E/F.88.XIII.1 and E/F.89.XIII.1); and unpublished data from Pan American Health Organization.

Geog. region code	Country or area Code	Name	Source	Year	Mortality per 1000	
					Male	Female

6.5 Maternal mortality rates per 100,000 births, 1970, 1980 and latest available year.
65MMR

Sources: World Health Organization, "Maternal mortality rates: a tabulation of available information", 2nd ed. (Geneva, FHE/86.3); Demographic Yearbook 1980, 1985 and 1987 (United Nations publications, Sales Nos. E/F.81.XIII.1, E/F.86.XIII.1 and E/F.88.XIII.1); United Nations Children's Fund, The State of the World's Children 1990 (New York, 1990).

Geog. region code	Country or area Code	Name	Source	Year around 1970		Year around 1980		Latest year	
				Year	Maternal mortality rate	Year	Maternal mortality rate	Year	Maternal mortality rate

6.6 Deaths by cause and sex, latest available year.
66DTHCAU

Source: Demographic Yearbook 1980 and 1985 (United Nations publications, Sales Nos. E/F.81.XIII.1 and E/F.86.XIII.1).

Geog. region code	Country or area Code Name	Year	Revi- sion no.	Deaths, male					
				Total	Infect. & para- sitic dis., diab.m., nutrit'l. defic.	Malg- nant & benign neo- plasms	Diseases of the circu- latory system	Respi- ratory diseases, cirrhosis of the liver	Other diseases and violence

Geog. region code	Country or area Code Name	Year	Revi- sion no.	Deaths, female					
				Total	Infect. & para- sitic dis., diab.m., nutrit'l. defic.	Malg- nant & benign neo- plasms	Diseases of the circu- latory system	Maternal diseases, cirrhosis of the liver	Other diseases and violence

6.7 Percentage of women aged 15-49 in developing countries with anaemia, latest available year.
67ANEMIA

Source: World Health Organization, "The prevalence of nutritional anemia in women in developing countries: an update", table 2 (mimeo).

Geog. region code	Country or area Code Name	Source	Year	Percentage with haemoglobin concentration below the norm	
				All women	Pregnant women Non-pregnant women

- 6.8 Percentage of births attended by a trained attendant, latest available year.
68ATTEND

Sources: World Health Organization, "Coverage of maternity care: a tabulation of available information", 2nd ed. (Geneva, WHO/FHE/89.2); "Evaluation of the Strategy for Health for All, 1985-1986, detailed analysis of global indicators" (Geneva, WHO/HST/87.2).

Geog. region code	Country or area Code Name	Source	Year	Percentage births attended
-------------------------	------------------------------	--------	------	----------------------------------

- 6.9 Percentage of mothers wholly or partially breastfeeding at 3, 6 and 12 months, latest available year.
69BRFEED

Source: United Nations Children's Fund, The State of the World's Children, 1988 and 1989 (New York, 1988 and 1989).

Geog. region code	Country or area Code Name	Source	Year	Percentage of mothers breastfeeding		
				At 3 months	At 6 months	At 12 months

- 6.10 Percentage of population with access to safe water, total, urban and rural, 1975 and latest available year.
6AWATER

Sources: World Health Organization "Evaluation of the Strategy for Health for all, 1985-1986, detailed analysis of global indicators" (Geneva, WHO/HST/87.2); World Health Statistics Report, vol.29, No.10 (1976).

Geog. region code	Country or area		Source	Year (1975)	Percentage of population covered with safe water		Year (latest)	Percentage of population covered with safe water			
	Code	Name			Total	Urban		Total	Urban		
						Rural			Rural	Rural	Rural

- 6.11 Total cigarette consumption and adult per capita consumption, 1970 and 1985, and smoking prevalence by sex, latest available year.
6BSMOKER

Source: Masironi, R. and K. Rothwell, "Tendances et effets du tabagisme dans le monde", in World Health Statistics Quarterly, 41 (1980).

Geog. region code	Country or area		Source Total cigarette consumption (millions)	Adult per capita consumption	Percentage of adults who smoke				
	Code	Name			Year	Male			
			1970	1985	1970	1985	Year	Male	Female

6.12 Prevalence of disability by sex, and social and economic characteristics of the disabled population, latest available year.
6CDISAB

Source: United Nations Disability Statistics Database, Version 1. Compiled by the United Nations Secretariat from national sources.

Geog. region code	Country or area Code	Year	Source	Totals		Total surveyed, by residence				Total disabled, by residence			
				Total surveyed	No. of Disabled	Urban	Rural	Female	Male	Urban	Rural	Female	Male
				Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male
Total population surveyed, by age group													
				0-14	15-24	25-59	60+	Age unknown					
				Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male
Number of disabled persons surveyed, by age group													
				0-14	15-24	25-59	60+	Age unknown					
				Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male
Number of disabled persons surveyed by type of impairment or disability													
				Age	Mental	Speech & Hearing	Visual	Physical					
				Group	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Other
Economic activity status of total population and disabled persons surveyed													
				Age	Total economically	Total Disabled							
				Group	active population	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male
Educational attainment of disabled persons													
				Age	Number	No. illiterate	Complete Primary						
				group	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	
				15 to 24									
School attendance of disabled persons													
				Age	Number	Number at school	Age	Number		Number at school			
				group	Female	Male	group	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male
				10 to 14			15 to 24						

7. Public affairs and political participation

7.1 Years in which women were given the right to vote and to stand for election.
71VOTE

Source: Inter-Parliamentary Union, "Distribution of seats between men and women in the 144 national assemblies", Reports and Documents Series, No. 14 (Geneva, 1987).

Geog. region code	Country or area Code	Year	Source	Year women were given the right	
				To vote	To stand for election

7.2 Distribution of seats in parliamentary assemblies by sex, 1975 and latest available year. 72PARLIA

Source: Inter-Parliamentary Union, "Distribution of seats between men and women in the 144 national assemblies", Reports and Documents Series, No. 14 (Geneva, 1987).

Geog. region code	Country or area Code Name	Source Election year (1975)	Upper chamber of bicameral assembly		Unicameral assembly or lower chamber of bicameral assembly	
			No. of seats occupied by		Total no. of seats	
			Men	Women	Men	Women

Election Year (latest)	Upper chamber of bicameral assembly		Unicameral assembly or lower chamber of bicameral assembly	
	Total no. of seats		Total no. of seats	
	Men	Women	Men	Women

7.3 United Nations staff in posts subject to geographical distribution, by nationality and level, total and female, 1975, 1980 and 1989. 73UNSTAF

Sources: United Nations, "Personnel questions: composition of the Secretariat", Report of the Secretary-General, 1975, 1980 and 1989 (A/10184, A/35/528 and A/44/604).

Geog. region code	Country or area Code Name	Source	As at 30 June 1975								Female			
			Both sexes								Female			
			Total	ASG & D-2	D-1	P-5	P-4	P-3	P-2	P-1	(same categories as Both sexes)			
			above											
			As at 30 June 1980										Female	
			Both sexes										(same categories as Both sexes)	
			Total	ASG & D-2	D-1	P-5	P-4	P-3	P-2	P-1				
			above											
			As at 30 June 1989										Female	
			Both sexes										(same categories as Both sexes)	
			Total	ASG & D-2	D-1	P-5	P-4	P-3	P-2	P-1				
			above											

9. National product and expenditure

- 9.1 Gross domestic product and its composition, 1970, 1975, 1980, 1985 and 1986 (Current prices).
91GDP

Source: National Accounts database of the United Nations Secretariat.

Geog. region code	Country or area Code	Source	1970 GDP	Govt. final consumption expenditure	Defence	Educ-ation	Health	Public order & safety	Social security & welfare	Housing & community amenities	Recrea-tional, cultural & reli-gious	Residen-tial con-struction	
			1970 (continued)										
			Private final consumption expenditure	Food & Alco-holic beverages & tobacco	Gross rent, fuel and power	House-hold furnishings & oper.	Medical & health expenses	Personal transport equipment	Educ-ation	Restau-rants, cafes, hotels & lodging	Gross fixed capital formation		
			1975 (same categories as 1970)										
			1985 (same categories as 1970)										

- 9.2 Average annual rates of growth for selected National Accounts aggregates, for 1970-1975, 1975-80 and 1980-86.
92GDPCR

Source: National Accounts database of the United Nations Secretariat.

Geog. region code	Country or area Code	Name	1970-1975 GDP (NMP)	Gov't. final cons. expen. (Mater. consump- tion)	Private final cons. expen. (Consump- tion of the popn)	Export	Import	Agric.	Manu- factu- ring (Indus- trial activity)	Wholesale/ retail trade
			1975-1980 (same categories as 1970-75)							
			1980-1986 (same categories as 1970-75)							

9.3 Government social security benefit expenditure, years around 1970 and 1980 and latest available year.
93SOCSEC

Source: International Labour Office, The Cost of Social Security: Tenth International Inquiry, 1975-1977; Eleventh International Inquiry, 1978-1980; and Twelfth International Inquiry, 1981-1983 (Geneva, 1981, 1985 and 1988).

Geog. region code	Country or area Code Name	Source National Year current- closest cy unit to 1970	Tot benefit expenditure (millions of national currency units)	Distribution (as % of total benefit expenditure)				
				Sickness- maternity	Employment injuries	Pensions	Unemploy- ment	Family allowances
		Year closest to 1980	Tot benefit expenditure (millions of national currency units)	Distribution (as % of total benefit expenditure)				
				Sickness- maternity	Employment injuries	Pensions	Unemploy- ment	Family allowances
		Latest Year	Tot benefit expenditure (millions of national currency)	Distribution (as % of total benefit expenditure)				
				Sickness- maternity	Employment injuries	Pensions	Unemploy- ment	Family allowances

Annex 5
Countries or areas in Wistat and numerical country codes; regional groupings and alternative classifications and groupings

A. List of countries in alphabetical order, showing country codes, United Nations regional/
subregional classification, and alternative classifications and groupings

Country or area	Country code 1/	United Nations regional classification 2/	Alternative classifications and groupings			
			Regional commission 3/	OECD 4/	LDC 5/	
Afghanistan	4	4.3	4		x	
Albania	8	5.3	3			
Algeria	12	1.3	1			
Angola	24	1.2	1			
Antigua and Barbuda	28	2.1	5			
Argentina	32	2.3	5	x		
Australia	36	6.1	4			
Austria	40	5.4	3	x		
Bahamas	44	2.1	5			
Bahrain	48	4.4	2			
Bangladesh	50	4.3	4		x	
Barbados	52	2.1	5			
Belgium	56	5.4	3	x		
Belize	84	2.2	5			
Benin	204	1.5	1		x	
Bhutan	64	4.3	4		x	
Bolivia	68	2.3	5			
Botswana	72	1.4	1		x	
Brazil	76	2.3	5			
Brunei Darussalam	96	4.2	4			
Bulgaria	100	5.1	3			
Burkina Faso	854	1.5	1		x	
Burundi	108	1.1	1			
Cambodia	116	4.2	4			
Cameroon	120	1.2	1		x	

Country or area	Country code 1/	United Nations regional classification 2/	Alternative classifications and groupings			
			Regional commission 3/	OECD 4/	LDC 5/	
Canada	124	3.1	3,5	x		
Cape Verde	132	1.5	1		x	
Central African Rep.	140	1.2	1		x	
Chad	148	1.2	1		x	
Chile	152	2.3	5		x	
China	156	4.1	4			
Colombia	170	2.3	5			
Comoros	174	1.1	1		x	
Congo	178	1.2	1			
Costa Rica	188	2.2	5			
Côte d'Ivoire	384	1.5	1			
Cuba	192	2.1	5			
Cyprus	196	4.4	3			
Czechoslovakia	200	5.1	3			
Democratic Yemen	720	4.4	2		x	
Denmark	208	5.2	3	x		
Djibouti	262	1.1	1		x	
Dominica	212	2.1	5			
Dominican Republic	214	2.1	5			
East Timor	626	4.2				
Ecuador	218	2.3	5			
Egypt	818	1.3	1,2			
El Salvador	222	2.2	5			
Equatorial Guinea	226	1.2	1		x	
Ethiopia	230	1.1	1		x	
Fiji	242	6.2	4			
Finland	246	5.2	3	x		
France	250	5.4	3,4,5	x		
French Guiana	254	2.3				
French Polynesia	258	6.4				
Gabon	266	1.2	1			
Gambia	270	1.5	1		x	

Country or area	Country code 1/	United Nations regional classification 2/	Alternative classifications and groupings			
			Regional commission 3/	OECD 4/	LDC 5/	
German Democratic Rep.	278	5.1	3			
Germany, Fed. Rep. of	280	5.4	3	x		
Ghana	288	1.5	1			
Greece	300	5.3	3	x		
Grenada	308	2.1	5			
Guadeloupe	312	2.1				
Guam	316	6.3	4			
Guatemala	320	2.2	5			
Guinea	324	1.5	1		x	
Guinea-Bissau	624	1.5	1		x	
Guyana	328	2.3	5			
Haiti	332	2.1	5		x	
Honduras	340	2.2	5			
Hong Kong	344	4.1	4			
Hungary	348	5.1	3			
Iceland	352	5.2	3	x		
India	356	4.3	4			
Indonesia	360	4.2	4			
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	364	4.3	4			
Iraq	368	4.4	2			
Ireland	372	5.2	3	x		
Israel	376	4.4				
Italy	380	5.3	3	x		
Jamaica	388	2.1	5			
Japan	392	4.1	4	x		
Jordan	400	4.4	2			
Kenya	404	1.1	1			
Kiribati	296	6.3	4		x	
Korea, D. People's R.	408	4.1				
Korea, Republic of	410	4.1	4			
Kuwait	414	4.4	2			
Lao People's Dem. Rep.	418	4.2	4		x	

Country or area	Country code 1/	United Nations regional classification 2/	Alternative classifications and groupings		
			Regional commission 3/	OECD 4/	LDC 5/
Lebanon	422	4.4	2		
Lesotho	426	1.4	1		x
Liberia	430	1.5	1		
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	434	1.3	1		
Luxembourg	442	5.4	3	x	
Macau	446	4.1	1		
Madagascar	450	1.1	1		
Malawi	454	1.1	1		x
Malaysia	458	4.2	4		
Maldives	462	4.3	4		x
Mali	466	1.5	1		x
Malta	470	5.3	3		
Martinique	474	2.1	1		
Mauritania	478	1.5	1		x
Mauritius	480	1.1	1		
Mexico	484	2.2	5		
Mongolia	496	4.1	4		
Morocco	504	1.3	1		
Mozambique	508	1.1	1		
Myanmar	104	4.2	4		x
Namibia	516	1.4	4		
Nepal	524	4.3	4		x
Netherlands	528	5.4	3,4,5	x	
Netherlands Antilles	532	2.1	5		
New Caledonia	540	6.2			
New Zealand	554	6.1	4	x	
Nicaragua	558	2.2	5		
Niger	562	1.5	1		x
Nigeria	566	1.5			
Norway	578	5.2	3	x	
Oman	512	4.4	2		
Pacific Islands	582	6.3			

Country or area	Country code 1/	United Nations regional classification 2/	Alternative classifications and groupings		
			Regional commission 3/	OECD 4/	LDC 5/
Pakistan	586	4.3	4		
Panama	591	2.2	5		
Papua New Guinea	598	6.2	4		
Paraguay	600	2.3	5		
Peru	604	2.3	5		
Philippines	608	4.2	4		
Poland	616	5.1	3		
Portugal	620	5.3	3,5	x	
Puerto Rico	630	2.1			
Qatar	634	4.4	2		
Reunion	638	1.1			
Romania	642	5.1	3		
Rwanda	646	1.1	1		x
Samoa	882	6.4	4		x
Sao Tome and Principe	678	1.2	1		x
Saudi Arabia	682	4.4	2		
Senegal	686	1.5			
Seychelles	690	1.1			
Sierra Leone	694	1.5	1		x
Singapore	702	4.2	4		
Solomon Islands	90	6.2	4		
Somalia	706	1.1	1		x
South Africa	710	1.4	1		
Spain	724	5.3	3,5	x	
Sri Lanka	144	4.3	4		
St. Christopher/Nevis	659	2.1	5		
St. Lucia	662	2.1	5		
St. Vincent/Grenadines	670	2.1	5		
Sudan	736	1.3	1		x
Suriname	740	2.3	5		
Swaziland	748	1.4	1		
Sweden	752	5.2	3	x	

Country or area	Country code	United Nations regional classification	Alternative classifications and groupings			
			Regional commission	OECD	LDC	
	1/	2/	3/	4/	5/	
Switzerland	756	5.4	3	x		
Syrian Arab Republic	760	4.4	2			
Thailand	764	4.2	4			
Togo	768	1.5	1		x	
Tonga	776	6.4	4			
Trinidad and Tobago	780	2.1	5			
Tunisia	788	1.3	1			
Turkey	792	4.4	3	x		
Uganda	800	1.1	1		x	
United Arab Emirates	784	4.4	2			
United Kingdom	826	5.2	3,5	x		
United Rep. Tanzania	834	1.1	1		x	
United States	840	3.1	3,4,5	x		
Uruguay	858	2.3	5			
US Virgin Islands	850	2.1	5			
USSR	810	7.1	3,4			
Vanuatu	548	6.2	4		x	
Venezuela	862	2.3	5			
Viet Nam	704	4.2	4			
Western Sahara	732	1.3				
Yemen	886	4.4	2			
Yugoslavia	890	5.3	3		x	
Zaire	180	1.2	1			
Zambia	894	1.1	1			
Zimbabwe	716	1.1	1			

Country or area	Country code	United Nations regional classification	Alternative classifications and groupings			
			Regional commission	OECD	LDC	
	1/	2/	3/	4/	5/	
						1.1 = Eastern Africa 1.2 = Middle Africa 1.3 = Northern Africa 1.4 = Southern Africa 1.5 = Western Africa 2.1 = Caribbean 2.2 = Central America 2.3 = South America 3.1 = Northern America 4.1 = Eastern Asia 4.2 = South-eastern Asia 4.3 = Southern Asia 4.4 = Western Asia 5.1 = Eastern Europe 5.2 = Northern Europe 5.3 = Southern Europe 5.4 = Western Europe 6.1 = Australia and New Zealand 6.2 = Melanesia 6.3 = Micronesia 6.4 = Polynesia 7.1 = USSR

1/ From Standard Country or Area Codes for Statistical Use, Series M, No. 49, Rev. 2 (United Nations publication, Sales no. E.82.XVII.8).

2/ United Nations classification of countries for demographic and statistical use as adopted by the Population Division of the United Nations Secretariat in 1988. The codes used are:

3/ Membership (or associate membership) in the regional commissions. The codes used are:

- 1 = Economic Commission for Africa (ECA)
- 2 = Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia (ESCWA)
- 3 = Economic Commission for Europe (ECE)
- 4 = Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific (ESCAP)
- 5 = Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean (ECLAC)

4/ Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development. "x" indicates membership.

5/ Least developed among the developing countries, as established by the United Nations Economic and Social Council.

B. List of countries by United Nations regional/subregional classification showing country codes and alternative classifications and groupings

United Nations regional classification	Country or area	Country code	Alternative classifications and groupings			
			Regional commission	OECD	LDC	
		1/	3/	4/	5/	
1.1 Eastern Africa	Burundi	108	1		x	
	Comoros	174	1		x	
	Djibouti	262	1		x	
	Ethiopia	230	1		x	
	Kenya	404	1			
	Madagascar	450	1			
	Malawi	454	1		x	
	Mauritius	480	1			
	Mozambique	508	1			
	Reunion	638	1		x	
	Rwanda	646	1			
	Seychelles	690	1			
	Somalia	706	1		x	
	Uganda	800	1		x	
1.2 Middle Africa	United Rep. Tanzania	834	1		x	
	Zambia	894	1			
	Zimbabwe	716	1			
	Angola	24	1			
	Cameroon	120	1			
	Central African Rep.	140	1		x	
	Chad	148	1		x	
	Congo	178	1			
	Equatorial Guinea	226	1		x	
	Gabon	266	1			
	Sao Tome and Principe	678	1		x	
	Zaire	180	1			

United Nations regional classification	Country or area	Country code	Alternative classifications and groupings			
			Regional commission 3/	OECD 4/	LDC 5/	
1.3 Northern Africa	Algeria	12	1			
	Egypt	818	1,2			
	Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	434	1			
	Morocco	504	1			
	Sudan	736	1		x	
	Tunisia	788	1			
	Western Sahara	732				
1.4 Southern Africa	Botswana	72	1		x	
	Lesotho	426	1		x	
	Namibia	516				
	South Africa	710	1			
	Swaziland	748	1			
1.5 Western Africa	Benin	204	1		x	
	Burkina Faso	854	1		x	
	Cape Verde	132	1		x	
	Côte d'Ivoire	384	1			
	Gambia	270	1		x	
	Ghana	288	1			
	Guinea	324	1		x	
	Guinea-Bissau	624	1		x	
	Liberia	430	1			
	Mali	466	1		x	
	Mauritania	478	1		x	
	Niger	562	1		x	
	Nigeria	566				
	Senegal	686				
	Sierra Leone	694	1		x	
Togo	768	1		x		

United Nations regional classification	Country or area	Country code	Alternative classifications and groupings			
			Regional commission	OECD	LDC	
		1/	3/	4/	5/	
2.1 Caribbean	Antigua and Barbuda	28	5			
	Bahamas	44	5			
	Barbados	52	5			
	Cuba	192	5			
	Dominica	212	5			
	Dominican Republic	214	5			
	Grenada	308	5			
	Guadeloupe	312				
	Haiti	332	5			x
	Jamaica	388	5			
	Martinique	474				
	Netherlands Antilles	532	5			
	Puerto Rico	630				
	St. Christopher/Nevis	659	5			
	St. Lucia	662	5			
	St. Vincent/Grenadines	670	5			
	Trinidad and Tobago	780	5			
	US Virgin Islands	850	5			
2.2 Central America	Belize	84	5			
	Costa Rica	188	5			
	El Salvador	222	5			
	Guatemala	320	5			
	Honduras	340	5			
	Mexico	484	5			
	Nicaragua	558	5			
	Panama	591	5			

United Nations regional classification	Country or area	Country code	Alternative classifications and groupings			
			Regional commission	OECD	LDC	
		1/	3/	4/	5/	
2.3 South America	Argentina	32	5			
	Bolivia	68	5			
	Brazil	76	5			
	Chile	152	5			
	Colombia	170	5			
	Ecuador	218	5			
	French Guiana	254				
	Guyana	328	5			
	Paraguay	600	5			
	Peru	604	5			
	Suriname	740	5			
	Uruguay	858	5			
	Venezuela	862	5			
3.1 Northern America	Canada	124	3,5	x		
	United States	840	3,4,5	x		
4.1 Eastern Asia	China	156	4			
	Hong Kong	344	4			
	Japan	392	4	x		
	Korea, D. People's R.	408				
	Korea, Republic of	410	4			
	Macao	446				
	Mongolia	496	4			
4.2 South-eastern Asia	Brunei Darussalam	96	4			
	Cambodia	116	4			
	East Timor	626				
	Indonesia	360	4			
	Lao People's Dem. Rep.	418	4			x
	Malaysia	458	4			

United Nations regional classification	Country or area	Country code	Alternative classifications and groupings			
			1/	Regional commission 3/	OECD 4/	LDC 5/
4.3 Southern Asia	Myanmar	104		4		x
	Philippines	608		4		
	Singapore	702		4		
	Thailand	764		4		
	Viet Nam	704		4		
	Afghanistan	4		4		x
	Bangladesh	50		4		x
	Bhutan	64		4		x
	India	356		4		
	Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	364		4		
	Maldives	462		4		x
	Nepal	524		4		x
	Pakistan	586		4		
4.4 Western Asia	Sri Lanka	144		4		
	Bahrain	48		2		
	Cyprus	196		3		
	Democratic Yemen	720		2		x
	Iraq	368		2		
	Israel	376		2		
	Jordan	400		2		
	Kuwait	414		2		
	Lebanon	422		2		
	Oman	512		2		
	Qatar	634		2		
	Saudi Arabia	682		2		
	Syrian Arab Republic	760		2		
	Turkey	792		3	x	
	United Arab Emirates	784		2		
	Yemen	886		2		x

United Nations regional classification	Country or area	Country code	Alternative classifications and groupings			
			1/	Regional commission 3/	OECD 4/	LDC 5/
5.1 Eastern Europe	Bulgaria	100		3		
	Czechoslovakia	200		3		
	German Democratic Rep.	278		3		
	Hungary	348		3		
	Poland	616		3		
	Romania	642		3		
5.2 Northern Europe	Denmark	208		3	x	
	Finland	246		3	x	
	Iceland	352		3	x	
	Ireland	372		3	x	
	Norway	578		3	x	
	Sweden	752		3	x	
	United Kingdom	826		3,5	x	
5.3 Southern Europe	Albania	8		3		
	Greece	300		3	x	
	Italy	380		3	x	
	Malta	470		3		
	Portugal	620		3,5	x	
	Spain	724		3,5	x	
	Yugoslavia	890		3		
5.4 Western Europe	Austria	40		3	x	
	Belgium	56		3	x	
	France	250		3,4,5	x	
	Germany, Fed. Rep. of	280		3	x	
	Luxembourg	442		3	x	
	Netherlands	528		3,4,5	x	
	Switzerland	756		3	x	

United Nations regional classification	Country or area	Country code	Alternative classifications and groupings			
			Regional commission	OECD	LDC	
		1/	3/	4/	5/	
6.1 Australia-New Zealand	Australia New Zealand	36 554	4 4	x x		
6.2 Melanesia	Fiji New Caledonia Papua New Guinea Solomon Islands Vanuatu	242 540 598 90 548	4 4 4 4 4		x	
6.3 Micronesia	Guam Kiribati Pacific Islands	316 296 582	4 4 4		x	
6.4 Polynesia	French Polynesia Samoa Tonga	258 882 776	4 4 4		x	
7.1 USSR	USSR	810	3,4			

1/ From Standard Country or Area Codes for Statistical Use, Series M, No. 49, Rev. 2 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.82.XVII.8).

3/ Membership (or associate membership) in the regional commissions. The codes used are:

1 = Economic Commission for Africa (ECA)

2 = Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia (ESCWA)

3 = Economic Commission for Europe (ECE)

4 = Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific (ESCAP)

5 = Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean (ECLAC)

4/ Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development. "x" indicates membership.

5/ Least developed among the developing countries, as established by the United Nations Economic and Social Council.

C. List of countries by regional commission, showing country codes, United Nations regional/subregional classification and alternative classifications and groupings

Regional commission	Country or area	Country code	United Nations regional classification	Alternative classifications or groupings		
				OECD	LDC	
3/		1/	2/	4/	5/	
ECA	Algeria	12	1.3			
	Angola	24	1.2			
	Benin	204	1.5			x
	Botswana	72	1.4			x
	Burkina Faso	854	1.5			x
	Burundi	108	1.1			x
	Cameroon	120	1.2			
	Cape Verde	132	1.5			x
	Central African Rep.	140	1.2			x
	Chad	148	1.2			x
	Comoros	174	1.1			x
	Congo	178	1.2			
	Côte d'Ivoire	384	1.5			
	Djibouti	262	1.1			x
	Egypt	818	1.3			
	Equatorial Guinea	226	1.2			x
	Ethiopia	230	1.1			x
	Gabon	266	1.2			
	Gambia	270	1.5			x
	Ghana	288	1.5			
	Guinea	324	1.5			x
	Guinea-Bissau	624	1.5			x
	Kenya	404	1.1			
	Lesotho	426	1.4			x
	Liberia	430	1.5			
	Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	434	1.3			
	Madagascar	450	1.1			
	Malawi	454	1.1			x
	Mali	466	1.5			x

Regional commission 3/	Country or area	Country code 1/	United Nations regional classification 2/	Alternative classifications or groupings	
				OECD 4/	LDC 5/
ESCWA	Mauritania	478	1.5		x
	Mauritius	480	1.1		
	Morocco	504	1.3		
	Mozambique	508	1.1		
	Niger	562	1.5		x
	Rwanda	646	1.1		x
	Sao Tome and Principe	678	1.2		x
	Sierra Leone	694	1.5		x
	Somalia	706	1.1		x
	South Africa	710	1.4		
	Sudan	736	1.3		x
	Swaziland	748	1.4		
	Togo	768	1.5		x
	Tunisia	788	1.3		
	Uganda	800	1.1		x
	United Rep. Tanzania	834	1.1		x
	Zaire	180	1.2		
	Zambia	894	1.1		
	Zimbabwe	716	1.1		
	Bahrain	48	4.4		
	Democratic Yemen	720	4.4		
	Egypt	818	1.3		x
	Iraq	368	4.4		
	Jordan	400	4.4		
	Kuwait	414	4.4		
	Lebanon	422	4.4		
	Oman	512	4.4		
	Qatar	634	4.4		
	Saudi Arabia	682	4.4		

Regional commission 3/	Country or area	Country code 1/	United Nations regional classification 2/	Alternative classifications or groupings	
				OECD 4/	LDC 5/
ECE	Syrian Arab Republic	760	4.4		
	United Arab Emirates	784	4.4		
	Yemen	886	4.4		x
	Albania	8	5.3		
	Austria	40	5.4	x	
	Belgium	56	5.4	x	
	Bulgaria	100	5.1		
	Canada	124	3.1	x	
	Cyprus	196	4.4		
	Czechoslovakia	200	5.1		
	Denmark	208	5.2	x	
	Finland	246	5.2	x	
	France	250	5.4	x	
	German Democratic Rep.	278	5.1		
	Germany, Fed. Rep. of	280	5.4	x	
	Greece	300	5.3	x	
	Hungary	348	5.1		
	Iceland	352	5.2	x	
	Ireland	372	5.2	x	
	Italy	380	5.3	x	
	Luxembourg	442	5.4	x	
	Malta	470	5.3		
	Netherlands	528	5.4	x	
	Norway	578	5.2	x	
	Poland	616	5.1		
	Portugal	620	5.3		
	Romania	642	5.1	x	
	Spain	724	5.3	x	
	Sweden	752	5.2	x	
	Switzerland	756	5.4	x	
	Turkey	792	4.4	x	

Regional commission 3/	Country or area	Country code 1/	United Nations regional classification 2/	Alternative classifications or groupings	
				OECD 4/	LDC 5/
ESCAP	United Kingdom	826	5.2	x	
	United States	840	3.1	x	
	USSR	810	7.1		
	Yugoslavia	890	5.3		
	Afghanistan	4	4.3		x
	Australia	36	6.1	x	
	Bangladesh	50	4.3		x
	Bhutan	64	4.3		x
	Brunei Darussalam	96	4.2		
	Cambodia	116	4.2		
	China	156	4.1		
	Fiji	242	6.2		
	France	250	5.4	x	
	Guam	316	6.3		
	Hong Kong	344	4.1		
	India	356	4.3		
	Indonesia	360	4.2		
	Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	364	4.3		
	Japan	392	4.1	x	
	Kiribati	296	6.3		x
	Korea, Republic of	410	4.1		
	Lao People's Dem. Rep.	418	4.2		x
	Malaysia	458	4.2		
	Maldives	462	4.3		x
	Mongolia	496	4.1		
	Myanmar	104	4.2		x
	Nepal	524	4.3		x
	Netherlands	528	5.4	x	
	New Zealand	554	6.1	x	
	Pacific Islands	582	6.3		
	Pakistan	586	4.3		

Regional commission 3/	Country or area	Country code 1/	United Nations regional classification 2/	Alternative classifications or groupings	
				OECD 4/	LDC 5/
ECLAC	Papua New Guinea	598	6.2		
	Philippines	608	4.2		
	Samoa	882	6.4		x
	Singapore	702	4.2		
	Solomon Islands	90	6.2		
	Sri Lanka	144	4.3		
	Thailand	764	4.2		
	Tonga	776	6.4		
	United States	840	3.1	x	
	USSR	810	7.1		
	Vanuatu	548	6.2		x
	Viet Nam	704	4.2		
	Antigua and Barbuda	28	2.1		
	Argentina	32	2.3		
	Bahamas	44	2.1		
	Barbados	52	2.1		
	Belize	84	2.2		
	Bolivia	68	2.3		
	Brazil	76	2.3		
	Canada	124	3.1	x	
	Chile	152	2.3		
	Colombia	170	2.3		
	Costa Rica	188	2.2		
	Cuba	192	2.1		
	Dominica	212	2.1		
	Dominican Republic	214	2.1		
	Ecuador	218	2.3		
	El Salvador	222	2.2		
	France	250	5.4	x	
	Grenada	308	2.1		
	Guatemala	320	2.2		

Regional commission 3/	Country or area	Country code 1/	United Nations regional classification 2/	Alternative classifications or groupings	
				OECD 4/	LDC 5/
	Guyana	328	2.3		
	Haiti	332	2.1		x
	Honduras	340	2.2		
	Jamaica	388	2.1		
	Mexico	484	2.2		
	Netherlands	528	5.4		
	Netherlands Antilles	532	2.1	x	
	Nicaragua	558	2.2		
	Panama	591	2.2		
	Paraguay	600	2.3		
	Peru	604	2.3		
	Portugal	620	5.3	x	
	Spain	724	5.3	x	
	St. Christopher/Nevis	659	2.1		
	St. Lucia	662	2.1		
	St. Vincent/Grenadines	670	2.1		
	Suriname	740	2.3		
	Trinidad and Tobago	780	2.1		
	United Kingdom	826	5.2	x	
	United States	840	3.1	x	
	Uruguay	858	2.3		
	US Virgin Islands	850	2.1		
	Venezuela	862	2.3		
Non-members	East Timor	626	4.2		
	French Guiana	254	2.3		
	French Polynesia	258	6.4		
	Guadeloupe	312	2.1		
	Israel	376	4.4		
	Korea, D. People's R.	408	4.1		
	Macau	446	4.1		
	Martinique	474	2.1		

Regional commission 3/	Country or area	Country code 1/	United Nations regional classification 2/	Alternative classifications or groupings	
				OECD 4/	LDC 5/
	Namibia	516	1.4		
	New Caledonia	540	6.2		
	Nigeria	566	1.5		
	Puerto Rico	630	2.1		
	Reunion	638	1.1		
	Senegal	686	1.5		
	Seychelles	690	1.1		
	Western Sahara	732	1.3		

1/ From Standard Country or Area Codes for Statistical Use, Series M, No. 49, Rev. 2 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.82.XVII.8).

2/ United Nations classification of countries for demographic and statistical use as adopted by the Population Division of the United Nations Secretariat in 1988. The codes used are:

1.1 = Eastern Africa
1.2 = Middle Africa
1.3 = Northern Africa
1.4 = Southern Africa
1.5 = Western Africa
2.1 = Caribbean
2.2 = Central America
2.3 = South America
3.1 = Northern America
4.1 = Eastern Asia
4.2 = South-eastern Asia

4.3 = Southern Asia
4.4 = Western Asia
5.1 = Eastern Europe
5.2 = Northern Europe
5.3 = Southern Europe
5.4 = Western Europe
6.1 = Australia and New Zealand
6.2 = Melanesia
6.3 = Micronesia
6.4 = Polynesia
7.1 = USSR

Regional commission 3/	Country or area	Country code 1/	United Nations regional classification 2/	Alternative classifications — or groupings — OECD 4/ LDC 5/
------------------------------	--------------------	-----------------------	--	---

3/ Membership (or associate membership) in the regional commissions.

ECA = Economic Commission for Africa

ESWA = Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia

ECE = Economic Commission for Europe

ESCAP = Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific

ECLAC = Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean

4/ Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development. "x" indicates membership.

5/ Least developed among the developing countries, as established by the United Nations Economic and Social Council.

**D. Least developed countries in English alphabetical order, showing country codes, United Nations regional/
subregional classification and membership in regional commissions**

Country or area	Country code 1/	United Nations regional classification 2/	Membership in regional commissions 3/
Afghanistan	4	4.3	4
Bangladesh	50	4.3	4
Benin	204	1.5	1
Bhutan	64	4.3	4
Botswana	72	1.4	1
Burkina Faso	854	1.5	1
Burundi	108	1.1	1
Cape Verde	132	1.5	1
Central African Rep.	140	1.2	1
Chad	148	1.2	1
Comoros	174	1.1	1
Democratic Yemen	720	4.4	2
Djibouti	262	1.1	1
Equatorial Guinea	226	1.2	1
Ethiopia	230	1.1	1
Gambia	270	1.5	1
Guinea	324	1.5	1
Guinea-Bissau	624	1.5	1
Haiti	332	2.1	5
Kiribati	296	6.3	4
Lao People's Dem. Rep.	418	4.2	4
Lesotho	426	1.4	1
Malawi	454	1.1	1
Maldives	462	4.3	4
Mali	466	1.5	1
Mauritania	478	1.5	1
Myanmar	104	4.2	4
Nepal	524	4.3	4
Niger	562	1.5	1

Country or area	Country code 1/	United Nations regional classification 2/	Membership in regional commissions 3/
Rwanda	646	1.1	1
Samoa	882	6.4	4
Sao Tome and Principe	678	1.2	1
Sierra Leone	694	1.5	1
Somalia	706	1.1	1
Sudan	736	1.3	1
Togo	768	1.5	1
Uganda	800	1.1	1
United Rep. Tanzania	834	1.1	1
Vanuatu	548	6.2	4
Yemen	886	4.4	2

1/ From Standard Country or Area Codes for Statistical Use, Series M, No. 49, Rev. 2 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.82.XVII.8).

2/ United Nations classification of countries for demographic and statistical use as adopted by the Population Division of the United Nations Secretariat in 1988. The codes used are:

1.1 = Eastern Africa
1.2 = Middle Africa
1.3 = Northern Africa
1.4 = Southern Africa
1.5 = Western Africa
2.1 = Caribbean
2.2 = Central America
2.3 = South America
3.1 = Northern America
4.1 = Eastern Asia
4.2 = South-eastern Asia

4.3 = Southern Asia
4.4 = Western Asia
5.1 = Eastern Europe
5.2 = Northern Europe
5.3 = Southern Europe
5.4 = Western Europe
6.1 = Australia and New Zealand
6.2 = Melanesia
6.3 = Micronesia
6.4 = Polynesia
7.1 = USSR

Country or area	Country code 1/	United Nations regional classification 2/	Membership in regional commissions 3/
-----------------	--------------------	--	--

3/ Membership (or associate membership) in the regional commissions. The codes used are:

1 = Economic Commission for Africa (ECA)
2 = Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia (ESCWA)
3 = Economic Commission for Europe (ECE)
4 = Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific (ESCAP)
5 = Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean (ECLAC)

Annex 6
Data available in Wistat for each country or area

1. Population composition and distribution

Country or area	Series 1.1									
Afghanistan	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Albania	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Algeria	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Angola	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Antigua and Barbuda	1960	1970								
Argentina	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Australia	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Austria	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Bahamas	1953	1963	1970	1975	1980	1985				
Bahrain	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Bangladesh	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Barbados	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Belgium	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Belize	1960	1970			1980	1984				
Benin	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Bhutan	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Bolivia	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Botswana	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Brazil	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Brunei Darussalam	1960	1971			1981	1986	1988			
Bulgaria	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Burkina Faso	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Burundi	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Cambodia	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Cameroon	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025

1. Population composition and distribution

Country or area	Series 1.1									
Canada	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Cape Verde	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Central African Rep.	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Chad	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Chile	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
China	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Colombia	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Comoros	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Congo	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Costa Rica	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Côte d'Ivoire	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Cuba	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Cyprus	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Czechoslovakia	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Democratic Yemen	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Denmark	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Djibouti	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Dominica	1960	1970			1981					
Dominican Republic	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
East Timor	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Ecuador	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Egypt	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
El Salvador	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Equatorial Guinea	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Ethiopia	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Fiji	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Finland	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
France	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025

1. Population composition and distribution

Country or area	Series 1.1									
French Guiana	1954	1961	1967							
French Polynesia	1951	1962	1971							
Gabon	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Gambia	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
German Democratic Rep.	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Germany, Fed. Rep. of	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Ghana	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Greece	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Grenada	1960	1970			1981					
Guadeloupe	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Guam	1950	1960	1970		1980					
Guatemala	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Guinea	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Guinea-Bissau	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Guyana	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Haiti	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Honduras	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Hong Kong	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Hungary	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Iceland	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
India	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Indonesia	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Iraq	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Ireland	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Israel	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Italy	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Jamaica	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Japan	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Jordan	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025

1. Population composition and distribution

Country or area	Series 1.1									
Kenya	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Kiribati	1963	1973	1978							
Korea, D. People's R.	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Korea, Republic of	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Kuwait	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Lao People's Dem. Rep.	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Lebanon	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Lesotho	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Liberia	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Luxembourg	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Macau	1950	1960	1970		1981					
Madagascar	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Malawi	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Malaysia	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Maldives	1963	1977	1980							
Mali	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Malta	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Martinique	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Mauritania	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Mauritius	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Mexico	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Mongolia	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Morocco	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Mozambique	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Myanmar	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Namibia	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Nepal	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025

1. Population composition and distribution

Country or area	Series 1.1									
Netherlands	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Netherlands Antilles	1960	1960	1971	1975	1981					
New Caledonia	1963	1963	1969	1976	1979	1983				
New Zealand	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Nicaragua	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Niger	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Nigeria	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Norway	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Oman	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Pacific Islands	1958	1958	1970	1973	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Pakistan	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Panama	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Papua New Guinea	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Paraguay	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Peru	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Philippines	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Poland	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Portugal	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Puerto Rico	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Qatar	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Reunion	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Romania	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Rwanda	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Samoa	1951	1961	1971	1976	1981	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Sao Tome and Principe	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Saudi Arabia	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Senegal	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Seychelles	1951	1960	1971	1975	1980	1985	1987			
Sierra Leone	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Singapore	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025

1. Population composition and distribution

Country or area	Series 1.1									
Solomon Islands	1959	1970	1976	1978	1986					
Somalia	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
South Africa	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Spain	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Sri Lanka	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
St. Christopher/Nevis	1960	1970	1975	1980	1986					
St. Lucia	1960	1970	1975	1980	1986					
St. Vincent/Grenadines	1960	1970	1975	1980	1986					
Sudan	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Suriname	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Swaziland	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Sweden	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Switzerland	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Syrian Arab Republic	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Thailand	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Togo	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Tonga	1956	1966	1976	1976	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Trinidad and Tobago	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Tunisia	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Turkey	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Uganda	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
United Arab Emirates	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
United Kingdom	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
United Rep. Tanzania	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
United States	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
Uruguay	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
US Virgin Islands	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025
USSR	1950	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2025

1. Population composition and distribution

Country or area	Series 1.1									
Vanuatu										
Venezuela	1950	1960	1967	1970	1975	1980	1985	1987	1990	2025
Viet Nam	1950	1960	1970	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2025
Western Sahara	1950	1960	1970	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2025
Yemen	1950	1960	1970	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2025
Yugoslavia	1950	1960	1970	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2025
Zaire	1950	1960	1970	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2025
Zambia	1950	1960	1970	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2025
Zimbabwe	1950	1960	1970	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2025

1. Population composition and distribution

Country or area	Series 1.2					Series 1.3				
Afghanistan	1970	1979	1986							
Albania	1969	1984	1986							
Algeria	1970	1980								
Angola						1970				
Antigua and Barbuda	1970									
Argentina	1974	1980	1985			1970	1980			
Australia	1971	1981				1971	1981			1986
Austria	1971	1981				1971				
Bahamas	1970	1980	1985			1970	1980			
Bahrain	1971	1981	1985							
Bangladesh	1974	1981				1974				
Barbados	1970	1980					1980			
Belgium		1976				1970				
Belize	1966	1980					1980			
Benin	1973	1979	1987							
Bhutan										
Bolivia		1982	1987				1976			
Botswana	1971	1981	1986							
Brazil	1970	1980	1986				1980			
Brunei Darussalam	1971	1981	1986			1971	1981			
Bulgaria	1965	1975	1985							
Burkina Faso							1975			
Burundi	1970	1979	1986				1979			
Cambodia		1980								
Cameroon	1969	1976	1986							

1. Population composition and distribution

Country or area	Series 1.2		Series 1.3	
Canada	1971	1981	1986	1981
Cape Verde				
Central African Rep.		1975	1985	1975
Chad	1972	1978		
Chile	1970	1982	1985	1970 1982
China		1982	1985	
Colombia	1970	1983	1985	1973
Comoros	1973	1980		1980
Congo		1980		1974 1984
Costa Rica	1973	1984	1985	1973 1984
Côte d'Ivoire		1983		
Cuba	1970	1981	1986	1970
Cyprus	1970	1980		
Czechoslovakia	1970	1980		
Democratic Yemen	1973	1980		
Denmark	1969	1981		1981
Djibouti				
Dominica				1981
Dominican Republic	1970	1982		1970
East Timor				
Ecuador	1974	1982	1985	1974 1982
Egypt	1966	1980	1986	
El Salvador	1969	1978	1985	1971
Equatorial Guinea				
Ethiopia	1970	1984	1987	
Fiji				
Finland	1966	1976	1986	1976 1986
France	1970	1980	1985	1970 1980 1985
	1968	1982		1968 1982

1. Population composition and distribution

Country or area	Series 1.2		Series 1.3	
French Guiana	1967	1982	1967	1982
French Polynesia	1967	1977		1983
Gabon	1970	1980		
Gambia	1972	1980	1973	
German Democratic Rep.	1970	1981	1986	
Germany, Fed. Rep. of	1969	1981	1986	
Ghana	1971	1984	1970	
Greece	1971	1981		1981
Grenada			1974	1982
Guadeloupe		1985		
Guam	1970	1980	1970	1980
Guatemala	1970	1980	1973	1981
Guinea		1980		
Guinea-Bissau		1979		1979
Guyana	1974	1980		1980
Haiti	1971	1984	1971	1982
Honduras	1974	1980		
Hong Kong	1973	1981	1971	1981
Hungary	1970	1980	1973	1980
Iceland	1970	1984		
India	1971	1981	1971	1981
Indonesia	1971	1980	1971	1980
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	1966	1976	1966	1976 1986
Iraq	1970	1982		
Ireland	1971	1981	1971	1981
Israel	1972	1983	1972	1983
Italy		1981	1971	1981
Jamaica	1970	1980	1970	1982
Japan	1970	1980		
Jordan		1979		

1. Population composition and distribution

Country or area	Series 1.2		Series 1.3	
Kenya	1969	1979	1969	1979
Kiribati	1968	1978	1973	1978
Korea, D. People's R.				
Korea, Republic of	1970	1980	1970	1980
Kuwait				1980
Lao People's Dem. Rep.	1970			
Lebanon	1970	1980		
Lesotho	1972	1980		
Liberia	1970	1980	1974	
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	1972	1984		
Luxembourg	1970	1979	1970	1981
Macau	1970	1981		1981
Madagascar	1966	1975		1975
Malawi		1977		1977
Malaysia	1970	1980	1970	1980
Maldives	1967	1977		
Mali		1976		1976
Malta	1967	1980		
Marinique		1985	1974	1982
Mauritania	1972	1977		
Mauritius	1972	1983	1972	
Mexico	1970	1980	1970	1980
Mongolia	1969	1979		
Morocco	1971	1982		
Mozambique		1980		1986
Myanmar		1983		
Namibia		1980		
Nepal	1971	1981	1971	1981

1. Population composition and distribution

Country or area	Series 1.2		Series 1.3	
Netherlands	1970	1981		
Netherlands Antilles		1981	1971	1981
New Caledonia	1970	1983		1983
New Zealand	1966	1981	1971	1981
Nicaragua	1971	1980	1971	
Niger				
Nigeria		1980		
Norway	1970	1980		1985
Oman				
Pacific Islands	1970	1980	1970	1980
Pakistan	1972	1981		
Panama	1970	1980	1970	1980
Papua New Guinea	1971	1980	1971	1980
Paraguay	1972	1982	1972	1982
Peru	1972	1981	1972	1981
Philippines	1970	1980	1970	1980
Poland	1970	1978	1970	
Portugal	1970	1981		1981
Puerto Rico	1970	1980	1970	1980
Qatar				
Reunion		1982	1974	1982
Romania	1970	1979		
Rwanda	1970	1978	1970	
Samoa	1971	1981	1971	1981
Sao Tome and Principe		1981		
Saudi Arabia		1976		
Senegal		1977	1971	
Seychelles	1971	1977	1974	
Sierra Leone			1970	
Singapore	1973	1980		1980

1. Population composition and distribution

Country or area	Series 1.2		Series 1.3	
Solomon Islands	1970	1976	1970	1976
Somalia				
South Africa	1970	1980	1970	1980
Spain	1970	1981	1970	1985
Sri Lanka	1971	1981		1981
St. Christopher/Nevis	1970	1980	1970	1980
St. Lucia				1980
St. Vincent/Grenadines				1980
Sudan	1971	1983		
Suriname			1973	
Swaziland	1966	1976		1976
Sweden	1970	1980	1970	1986
Switzerland	1970	1980	1970	1980
Syrian Arab Republic	1970	1976		
Thailand	1970	1980	1970	1980
Togo	1970	1980	1970	
Tonga		1976		1976
Trinidad and Tobago	1970	1982	1970	1980
Tunisia	1966	1984		
Turkey		1980		1980
Uganda	1969	1980	1969	
United Arab Emirates	1968	1980		
United Kingdom	1969		1971	1981
United Rep. Tanzania	1967	1978	1967	1978
United States	1970	1980	1970	1980
Uruguay		1975		1975
US Virgin Islands	1970	1980	1970	1980
USSR	1970	1979		1987

1. Population composition and distribution

Country or area	Series 1.2		Series 1.3	
Vanuatu	1967	1979		1979
Venezuela	1971	1980	1971	1981
Viet Nam	1970	1979		
Western Sahara	1970			
Yemen		1975		
Yugoslavia	1971	1981	1971	1981
Zaire	1970	1984		
Zambia	1969	1980	1969	1980
Zimbabwe	1969	1982	1969	1987

2. Learning and educational services

Country or area	Series 2.1			Series 2.2			Series 2.3			Series 2.4		
	Entire country	Urban/rural	Urban/rural	Entire country	Urban/rural	Urban/rural	Entire country	Urban/rural	Urban/rural	Entire country	Urban/rural	Urban/rural
Afghanistan	1979	1979	1979	1980	1980	1980	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1986
Albania	1971	1982	1971	1971	1971	1971	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
Algeria	1971	1982	1971	1971	1971	1971	1970	1980	1988	1970	1980	1986
Angola	1970	1980	1970	1970	1970	1970	1970	1980	1984	1970	1980	1984
Antigua and Barbuda	1971	1981	1971	1971	1971	1971	1970	1980	1983	1970	1977	1983
Argentina	1970	1980	1970	1970	1970	1970	1970	1980	1987	1970	1981	1987
Australia	1971	1981	1971	1971	1971	1971	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
Austria	1971	1981	1971	1971	1971	1971	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
Bahamas	1971	1981	1971	1971	1971	1971	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1986
Bahrain	1971	1981	1971	1971	1971	1971	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
Bangladesh	1974	1981	1974	1974	1974	1974	1970	1980	1988	1970	1980	1985
Barbados	1970	1980	1970	1970	1970	1970	1970	1980	1984	1970	1980	1984
Belgium	1970	1980	1970	1970	1970	1970	1970	1980	1987	1970	1975	1987
Belize	1970	1980	1970	1970	1970	1970	1970	1980	1986	1970	1981	1986
Benin	1979	1979	1979	1979	1979	1979	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1986
Bhutan	1974	1981	1974	1974	1974	1974	1970	1980	1986	1970	1983	1984
Bolivia	1976	1976	1976	1976	1976	1976	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
Botswana	1971	1980	1970	1970	1970	1970	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1986
Brazil	1970	1980	1970	1970	1970	1970	1970	1980	1987	1970	1979	1985
Brunei Darussalam	1971	1981	1971	1971	1971	1971	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
Bulgaria	1975	1975	1975	1965	1965	1965	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
Burkina Faso	1975	1975	1975	1975	1975	1975	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
Burundi	1980	1980	1980	1980	1980	1980	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1986
Cambodia	1976	1976	1976	1976	1976	1976	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1986
Cameroon	1976	1976	1976	1976	1976	1976	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1986

2. Learning and educational services

Country or area	Series 2.1			Series 2.2			Series 2.3			Series 2.4		
	Entire country	Urban/rural	Urban/rural	Entire country	Urban/rural	Urban/rural	Entire country	Urban/rural	Urban/rural	Entire country	Urban/rural	Urban/rural
Canada	1970	1980	1970	1970	1981	1981	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
Cape Verde	1970	1980	1970	1970	1981	1981	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1986
Central African Rep.	1975	1975	1975	1975	1975	1975	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
Chad	1970	1982	1970	1970	1982	1970	1970	1980	1988	1970	1975	1986
Chile	1970	1982	1970	1970	1982	1970	1970	1980	1988	1970	1980	1988
China	1982	1982	1982	1982	1982	1982	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
Colombia	1973	1981	1973	1973	1973	1973	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1986
Comoros	1980	1980	1980	1980	1980	1980	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1986
Congo	1973	1984	1973	1973	1973	1973	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
Costa Rica	1973	1984	1973	1973	1973	1973	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
Côte d'Ivoire	1980	1980	1975	1975	1975	1975	1970	1980	1985	1970	1980	1984
Cuba	1979	1979	1979	1979	1979	1979	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
Cyprus	1976	1976	1976	1976	1976	1976	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
Czechoslovakia	1970	1980	1970	1970	1980	1970	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
Democratic Yemen	1973	1973	1973	1973	1973	1973	1970	1980	1983	1970	1980	1983
Denmark	1970	1980	1970	1970	1980	1970	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1986
Djibouti	1970	1980	1970	1970	1980	1970	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1986
Dominica	1970	1980	1970	1970	1980	1970	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
Dominican Republic	1970	1980	1970	1970	1980	1970	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
East Timor	1970	1980	1970	1970	1980	1970	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1986
Ecuador	1974	1982	1974	1974	1982	1974	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
Egypt	1976	1976	1976	1976	1976	1976	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
El Salvador	1971	1975	1971	1971	1975	1971	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
Equatorial Guinea	1970	1970	1970	1970	1970	1970	1970	1980	1983	1970	1975	1982
Ethiopia	1970	1970	1970	1970	1970	1970	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1986
Fiji	1976	1976	1976	1976	1976	1976	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1986
Finland	1980	1980	1980	1980	1980	1980	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
France	1970	1970	1970	1970	1970	1970	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987

2. Learning and educational services

Country or area	Series 2.1			Series 2.2			Series 2.3			Series 2.4		
	Entire country	Urban/rural	Urban/rural	Entire country	Urban/rural	Urban/rural	Entire country	Urban/rural	Urban/rural	Entire country	Urban/rural	Urban/rural
Netherlands				1971			1971			1970	1980	1986
Netherlands Antilles	1971			1971			1971	1981		1970	1980	1982
New Caledonia		1976						1976		1970	1981	1987
New Zealand								1981		1970	1980	1987
Nicaragua	1971		1971	1971						1970	1980	1987
Niger		1980					1977			1970	1980	1983
Nigeria		1980								1970	1980	1982
Norway				1970		1970	1980	1970		1970	1980	1986
Oman										1970	1980	1987
Pacific Islands				1970						1970	1980	1981
Pakistan	1972	1981	1972	1972	1981		1972	1981		1970	1980	1986
Panama	1970	1980	1970	1970	1980		1970	1980	1980	1970	1980	1986
Papua New Guinea	1971			1971			1971	1980		1970	1980	1987
Paraguay	1972	1982	1972	1972		1972	1972		1972	1970	1980	1986
Peru	1972	1981	1972	1972	1981		1972	1981		1970	1980	1985
Philippines	1970	1980	1970	1970	1980		1970	1980		1970	1980	1988
Poland	1970	1978	1970	1970	1978		1970	1978	1978	1970	1980	1987
Portugal	1970	1981		1970			1970			1970	1980	1985
Puerto Rico	1970	1980	1970	1970		1970	1980		1970	1970	1976	1981
Qatar		1981					1981			1970	1980	1987
Reunion		1982								1970	1980	1986
Romania							1977			1970	1980	1985
Rwanda		1978					1978			1970	1980	1987
Samoa	1971		1971	1971			1976			1970	1980	1986
Sao Tome and Principe		1981					1981			1970	1980	1987
Saudi Arabia		1980								1970	1980	1986
Senegal				1970						1970	1980	1987
Seychelles	1971			1971						1970	1980	1987
Sierra Leone										1970	1980	1982
Singapore	1970	1980		1970		1980				1970	1980	1984

2. Learning and educational services

2. Learning and educational services												
Country or area	Series 2.1			Series 2.2			Series 2.3			Series 2.4		
	Entire country	Urban/rural	Urban/rural	Entire country	Urban/rural	Urban/rural	Entire country	Urban/rural	Urban/rural	Entire country	Urban/rural	Urban/rural
Solomon Islands				1970	1976		1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1986
Somalia		1980					1970		1970	1970	1980	1985
South Africa								1970				
Spain	1970	1981	1970	1970	1981		1970	1981	1970	1980	1986	1986
Sri Lanka	1971	1981	1971	1971	1981		1971	1981	1971	1980	1986	1986
St. Christopher/Nevis	1970			1970	1980		1970	1980	1975	1980	1984	1984
St. Lucia	1970			1970	1980		1970	1980	1970	1980	1986	1986
St. Vincent/Grenadines	1970			1970	1980		1970	1980	1970	1981	1987	1987
Sudan	1973								1970	1980	1985	1985
Suriname		1978							1970	1980	1986	1986
Swaziland		1976					1976		1970	1980	1987	1987
Sweden				1974	1979				1970	1980	1984	1987
Switzerland				1970			1970		1970	1980	1987	1987
Syrian Arab Republic	1970			1970			1970		1970	1980	1987	1987
Thailand	1970	1980	1970	1970	1980		1970	1980	1970	1980	1987	1987
Togo	1970	1981	1970	1970	1981		1970	1981	1970	1980	1987	1987
Tonga		1976							1970	1981	1986	1986
Trinidad and Tobago	1970	1980		1970	1980		1970	1980	1970	1980	1987	1987
Tunisia		1980	1975				1984		1984	1970	1980	1987
Turkey	1970	1980					1980		1970	1980	1987	1987
Uganda		1980							1970	1980	1986	1986
United Arab Emirates	1975			1969			1975		1970	1980	1987	1987
United Kingdom				1971	1976		1976		1970	1980	1986	1986
United Rep. Tanzania	1978		1978				1978		1970	1980	1987	1987
United States	1981		1981	1970	1980	1970	1980		1970	1980	1986	1986
Uruguay		1975					1975		1970	1980	1986	1986
US Virgin Islands			1975	1970		1970		1970	1980	1985	1985	1985
USSR	1970	1979	1970	1970	1979		1979		1979	1980	1987	1987

2. Learning and educational services

Country or area	Series 2.1			Series 2.2			Series 2.3			Series 2.4		
	Entire country	Urban/rural	Urban/rural	Entire country	Urban/rural	Urban/rural	Entire country	Urban/rural	Urban/rural	Entire country	Urban/rural	Urban/rural
Vanuatu	1979			1979			1979			1979		
Venezuela	1971			1971			1971			1971		
Viet Nam	1979			1979			1979			1979		
Western Sahara												
Yemen	1980			1980			1980			1980		
Yugoslavia	1971			1971			1971			1971		
Zaire	1980			1980			1980			1980		
Zambia	1969			1969			1969			1969		
Zimbabwe	1980			1980			1980			1980		

2. Learning and educational services

Country or area	Series 2.5			Series 2.6			Series 2.7		
	Entire country	Urban/rural	Urban/rural	Entire country	Urban/rural	Urban/rural	Entire country	Urban/rural	Urban/rural
Afghanistan	1970			1970			1970		
Albania	1970			1970			1970		
Algeria	1970			1970			1970		
Angola	1980			1980			1980		
Antigua and Barbuda									
Argentina	1970			1970			1970		
Australia	1970			1970			1970		
Austria	1970			1970			1970		
Bahamas	1982			1982			1982		
Bahrain	1970			1970			1970		
Bangladesh	1970			1970			1970		
Barbados	1970			1970			1970		
Belgium	1970			1970			1970		
Belize	1970			1970			1970		
Benin	1970			1970			1970		
Bhutan									
Bolivia	1981			1981			1981		
Botswana	1980			1980			1980		
Brazil	1970			1970			1970		
Brunei Darussalam	1980			1980			1980		
Bulgaria	1970			1970			1970		
Burkina Faso	1970			1970			1970		
Burundi	1970			1970			1970		
Cambodia	1970			1970			1970		
Cameroon	1970			1970			1970		

2. Learning and educational services

Country or area	Series 2.5		Series 2.6		Series 2.7	
Canada	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
Cape Verde				1980	1986	
Central African Rep.	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1985
Chad			1984	1970	1975	1986
Chile	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
China		1980	1986			
Colombia	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1986
Comoros				1970	1980	1986
Congo	1970	1980	1982			
Costa Rica	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
Côte d'Ivoire	1970	1980	1984	1970	1980	1985
Cuba	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
Cyprus	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
Czechoslovakia	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
Democratic Yemen	1970	1980	1981	1970	1980	1983
Denmark	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1986
Djibouti						
Dominica	1980		1985			
Dominican Republic				1970	1980	1985
East Timor						
Ecuador	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
Egypt	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1987
El Salvador	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1987
Equatorial Guinea				1970	1975	1982
Ethiopia	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
Fiji		1980	1986	1970	1980	1986
Finland	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
France	1970	1980	1983	1970	1980	1987

2. Learning and educational services

Country or area	Series 2.5		Series 2.6		Series 2.7	
French Guiana		1980	1982			
French Polynesia		1970	1986			
Gabon				1979	1984	1970 1979 1986
Gambia				1970	1980	1987
German Democratic Rep.	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
Germany, Fed. Rep. of	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1986
Ghana	1970	1980	1984	1970	1980	1987
Greece	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1986
Grenada			1983			
Guadeloupe						
Guam			1986			
Guatemala	1970			1970	1980	1987
Guinea	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
Guinea-Bissau				1970	1980	1986
Guyana	1970	1980	1985	1970	1980	1985
Haiti		1980	1984			
Honduras		1980	1985	1980	1985	1970 1980 1984
Hong Kong	1970	1980	1984	1970	1980	1984
Hungary	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
Iceland	1970	1980	1985	1970	1980	1985
India	1970	1979		1970	1980	1986
Indonesia		1981	1984	1970	1980	1984
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	1970		1986	1970	1981	1987
Iraq	1970			1970	1980	1987
Ireland		1980	1984	1970	1980	1985
Israel	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1986
Italy	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1986
Jamaica	1970	1980	1985	1970	1980	1985
Japan	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1987
Jordan	1970	1980	1986	1980	1983	1970 1980 1985

2. Learning and educational services

Country or area	Series 2.5			Series 2.6			Series 2.7		
Kenya	1970	1980	1985	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1985
Kiribati									
Korea, D. People's R.	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1988	1970	1980	1987
Korea, Republic of	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
Kuwait									
Lao People's Dem. Rep.	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1985	1970	1980	1987
Lebanon	1980	1984		1970	1981	1984	1970	1980	1984
Lesotho	1970	1980	1984	1970	1980	1984	1970	1975	1984
Liberia	1970	1979	1987	1970	1975	1980	1970	1979	1984
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	1970						1970	1980	1984
Luxembourg	1970	1980	1984	1970		1983	1970	1980	1984
Macau									
Madagascar	1970	1980	1985	1970	1975	1984	1970	1975	1986
Malawi	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1986
Malaysia	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
Maldives									
Mali	1970	1981	1986	1970	1980	1987	1970	1981	1986
Malta	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
Martinique									
Mauritania				1970	1980	1987			1987
Mauritius	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
Mexico	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
Mongolia	1980	1986		1970	1980	1986	1970	1981	1986
Morocco	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
Mozambique	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
Myanmar				1970	1980	1983	1970	1981	
Namibia									
Nepal	1980	1983		1970	1980	1984	1970	1980	1983

2. Learning and educational services

Country or area	Series 2.5			Series 2.6			Series 2.7		
Netherlands	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1986
Netherlands Antilles									
New Caledonia	1970	1980	1985						
New Zealand	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
Nicaragua	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987	1970	1975	1987
Niger	1980	1986		1970	1980	1985	1970	1980	1986
Nigeria	1970	1980	1984	1970	1980	1982	1970	1975	1984
Norway	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1987
Oman				1970	1980	1987		1984	1986
Pacific Islands	1980	1982							
Pakistan	1970	1979	1986	1970	1980	1987	1970	1979	1986
Panama	1970	1980	1985	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1985
Papua New Guinea	1980	1986		1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1986
Paraguay	1970			1970	1982	1986	1970	1980	1984
Peru	1970	1980	1982	1970	1980	1985	1970	1980	1987
Philippines	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1988	1970	1980	1985
Poland	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
Portugal	1970	1980	1985	1970	1980	1984	1970	1980	1985
Puerto Rico				1970	1975	1981	1970	1980	
Qatar	1980	1987		1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
Reunion									
Romania	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1985	1970	1980	1985
Rwanda	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1986
Samoa	1970	1981	1983						
Sao Tome and Principe									
Saudi Arabia	1970	1980	1985	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1986
Senegal	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
Seychelles	1970	1980							
Sierra Leone	1970			1970	1980	1982	1970	1975	
Singapore	1970	1980	1983	1970	1980	1984	1970	1980	1984

2. Learning and educational services

Country or area	Series 2.5		Series 2.6		Series 2.7	
Solomon Islands	1970	1979	1986	1970	1980	1985
Somalia				1970	1979	1986
South Africa	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1986
Spain	1970		1986	1970	1980	1986
Sri Lanka				1970	1980	1986
St. Christopher/Nevis			1985			
St. Lucia			1985			
St. Vincent/Grenadines			1985			
Sudan	1970	1981	1985	1970	1980	1985
Suriname		1980	1986	1970	1975	1986
Swaziland		1980	1986	1970	1980	1986
Sweden	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1984
Switzerland	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
Syrian Arab Republic	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1987
Thailand	1970			1970	1980	1987
Togo	1970	1980	1985	1970	1981	1987
Tonga		1981	1985			
Trinidad and Tobago	1970	1982	1986	1970	1981	1987
Tunisia	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
Turkey	1970	1980	1987	1970	1981	1987
Uganda	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1986
United Arab Emirates		1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
United Kingdom	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1986
United Rep. Tanzania	1970	1981	1987	1970	1980	1987
United States	1970		1985	1970	1980	1986
Uruguay		1980	1986	1970	1980	1986
US Virgin Islands			1986			
USSR	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987

2. Learning and educational services

Country or area	Series 2.5		Series 2.6		Series 2.7	
Vanuatu						
Venezuela	1980	1987	1970	1981	1986	1970
Viet Nam	1970	1980		1980	1985	1970
Western Sahara						
Yemen	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1987
Yugoslavia		1980	1987	1970	1980	1987
Zaire			1984	1970	1980	1985
Zambia	1970		1985	1970	1980	1985
Zimbabwe			1986	1970	1981	1988

2. Learning and educational services

Country or area	Series 2.8			Series 2.9			Series 2.10		
	1970	1980	1986	1970	1975	1985	1970	1975	1985
Afghanistan	1970	1980	1986	1970	1975	1985	1970	1975	1985
Albania	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1986
Algeria	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1985	1970	1980	1985
Angola	1970	1981	1982	1970	1984	1984	1970	1984	1984
Antigua and Barbuda	1970	1975	1978	1970	1975		1970		
Argentina	1970	1982	1986	1970	1975	1986	1970	1975	1986
Australia	1970	1980	1985	1970	1980	1985	1970	1980	1985
Austria	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1986
Bahamas	1970	1980	1985	1970	1975	1985	1970	1975	1985
Bahrain	1970	1980	1986	1970	1981	1985	1967	1981	1981
Bangladesh	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987	1973		
Barbados	1970	1980	1984	1970	1980	1984	1970		
Belgium	1970	1980	1986				1966		
Belize	1970	1975	1985	1970	1980	1985	1970		
Benin	1970	1980	1985	1970	1980	1986	1970		
Bhutan	1970	1982	1986	1970	1984	1984	1967		
Bolivia	1970	1980	1986	1970	1975		1967	1976	
Botswana	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1986	1972		
Brazil	1971	1980	1986	1970	1980	1985	1970	1980	
Brunei Darussalam	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1984	1971	1981	
Bulgaria	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1986	1970	1981	1986
Burkina Faso	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1984	1967		
Burundi	1970	1980	1986	1970	1975	1986			
Cambodia									
Cameroon	1970	1980	1984	1970	1980	1983	1970	1976	

2. Learning and educational services

Country or area	Series 2.8			Series 2.9			Series 2.10		
	1970	1975	1986	1970	1975	1983	1971	1981	
Canada	1970	1975	1986	1970	1975	1983	1971	1981	
Cape Verde	1970	1980	1986	1971	1980	1986			
Central African Rep.	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1986			
Chad	1970	1975	1985	1970	1984	1986			
Chile	1970	1975	1982		1975		1970		
China	1970	1980	1986		1980	1986		1980	1984
Colombia	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1986			
Comoros	1970	1980	1985	1970	1980	1986			
Congo	1970	1980	1985	1970	1975	1985	1966	1977	
Costa Rica	1970	1981	1986	1970	1980	1986			
Côte d'Ivoire	1970	1980	1983	1970	1980				
Cuba	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1986		1977	1981
Cyprus	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1986	1969	1987	
Czechoslovakia	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1986	1966	1980	
Democratic Yemen	1970	1980	1983	1970	1980	1983			
Denmark	1970	1975	1985				1980		
Djibouti	1970	1980	1984	1970	1975	1985	1973		
Dominica	1970	1975	1986		1975	1985	1970		
Dominican Republic	1970	1982	1986	1970		1986	1970		
East Timor									
Ecuador	1970	1980	1983	1970	1980	1983	1974	1976	
Egypt	1970	1981	1985	1970	1980	1983	1973		
El Salvador	1970	1980	1984	1970	1980	1984	1974		
Equatorial Guinea	1970	1980	1981	1970	1975				
Ethiopia	1970	1980	1985	1970	1983	1985			
Fiji	1970	1980	1985	1970	1980	1985	1969	1976	1986
Finland	1970	1975	1983	1970	1980	1983	1973	1980	
France	1970	1980	1986	1970	1981	1984	1968	1975	

2. Learning and educational services

Country or area	Series 2.8		Series 2.9		Series 2.10	
French Guiana	1970	1981	1970	1981	1970	1982
French Polynesia	1970	1981	1970	1981	1973	1986
Gabon	1970	1980	1970	1980	1973	1984
Gambia	1970	1980	1970	1980	1973	1984
German Democratic Rep.	1970	1981	1970	1980	1981	1987
Germany, Fed. Rep. of	1970	1980	1970	1980	1970	1985
Ghana	1970	1980	1970	1980	1970	1985
Greece	1970	1980	1970	1980	1971	1981
Grenada	1970	1980	1970	1982	1970	1983
Guadeloupe	1970	1981	1970	1981	1981	1983
Guam	1970	1975	1970	1983	1983	1983
Guatemala	1970	1981	1970	1981	1974	1987
Guinea	1970	1980	1970	1981	1981	1985
Guinea-Bissau	1970	1980	1970	1980	1980	1983
Guyana	1970	1980	1970	1981	1980	1983
Haiti	1971	1980	1980	1980	1971	1982
Honduras	1970	1980	1980	1980	1974	1984
Hong Kong	1970	1980	1970	1980	1971	1984
Hungary	1970	1980	1970	1980	1970	1986
Iceland	1970	1975	1970	1975	1970	1984
India	1970	1980	1970	1980	1970	1985
Indonesia	1970	1982	1970	1980	1980	1985
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	1970	1981	1970	1975	1972	1982
Iraq	1970	1980	1970	1980	1972	1986
Ireland	1970	1980	1970	1981	1967	1984
Israel	1970	1980	1970	1980	1970	1982
Italy	1970	1980	1970	1980	1971	1984
Jamaica	1970	1980	1970	1980	1970	1981
Japan	1970	1980	1970	1980	1975	1982
Jordan	1970	1980	1970	1980	1973	1985

2. Learning and educational services

Country or area	Series 2.8		Series 2.9		Series 2.10	
Kenya	1970	1982	1970	1980	1970	1982
Kiribati	1970	1980	1970	1980	1971	1982
Korea, D. People's R.	1970	1980	1970	1980	1971	1981
Korea, Republic of	1970	1980	1970	1980	1970	1980
Kuwait	1970	1980	1970	1980	1970	1985
Lao People's Dem. Rep.	1970	1980	1970	1980	1973	1980
Lebanon	1970	1980	1970	1980	1972	1984
Lesotho	1970	1980	1970	1980	1970	1984
Liberia	1970	1980	1970	1975	1970	1982
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	1970	1980	1970	1980	1973	1980
Luxembourg	1970	1980	1970	1980	1984	1984
Macau	1970	1976	1970	1976	1970	1984
Madagascar	1970	1980	1970	1984	1984	1984
Malawi	1970	1980	1970	1980	1967	1977
Malaysia	1970	1980	1970	1980	1970	1982
Maldives	1970	1980	1970	1975	1984	1984
Mali	1970	1980	1970	1980	1969	1986
Malta	1970	1980	1970	1980	1983	1983
Martinique	1970	1981	1970	1981	1983	1983
Mauritania	1970	1980	1970	1980	1986	1986
Mauritius	1970	1980	1970	1975	1986	1986
Mexico	1970	1975	1970	1975	1970	1986
Mongolia	1970	1982	1970	1982	1972	1986
Morocco	1970	1980	1970	1980	1985	1985
Mozambique	1970	1980	1970	1981	1986	1986
Myanmar	1970	1980	1970	1980	1983	1983
Namibia	1970	1980	1970	1976	1984	1984
Nepal	1970	1980	1970	1976	1984	1984

2. Learning and educational services

Country or area	Series 2.8		Series 2.9		Series 2.10	
Netherlands	1970	1980	1970	1980	1971	1981
Netherlands Antilles	1971	1981		1981	1971	
New Caledonia	1970	1981		1980	1973	
New Zealand	1970	1980	1970	1980	1971	
Nicaragua	1970	1980	1970	1975	1986	
Niger	1970	1980	1970	1980	1985	
Nigeria	1970	1980	1970	1980	1970	1980
Norway	1970	1980	1970	1975	1970	1981
Oman	1970	1980	1970	1981	1986	
Pacific Islands	1970	1975	1981	1981	1973	
Pakistan	1970	1980	1970	1981	1986	
Panama	1970	1980	1970	1980	1986	1976
Papua New Guinea	1970	1981	1970	1980	1982	
Paraguay	1970	1982	1970	1986	1982	
Peru	1970	1980	1970	1985	1985	
Philippines	1970	1980	1970	1980	1974	1981
Poland	1970	1980	1970	1984	1970	1980
Portugal	1970	1975	1970	1985	1969	1978
Puerto Rico	1970	1975	1970	1984	1970	1984
Qatar	1970	1980	1970	1986	1974	1983
Reunion	1970	1981	1970	1986		
Romania	1970	1980	1970	1981	1970	
Rwanda	1970	1980	1970	1980	1985	
Rwanda	1970	1980	1970	1986	1967	1978
Samoa	1970	1980	1970	1986	1966	1977
Sao Tome and Principe	1970	1980	1970	1983	1986	
Saudi Arabia	1970	1980	1970	1986	1983	
Senegal	1970	1980	1970	1986	1974	
Seychelles	1970	1980	1970	1985	1986	
Sierra Leone	1970	1980	1970	1987	1973	1983
Singapore	1970	1980	1970	1982	1970	
	1970	1980	1970	1984	1974	1980

2. Learning and educational services

Country or area	Series 2.8		Series 2.9		Series 2.10	
Solomon Islands	1970	1980	1970	1980	1971	
Somalia	1970	1980	1970	1980	1983	
South Africa	1970	1975	1970	1982	1985	
Spain	1970	1975	1970	1976	1981	1984
Sri Lanka					1972	1985
St. Christopher/Nevis		1983		1984	1970	
St. Lucia	1970	1980	1970	1980	1970	
St. Vincent/Grenadines	1970	1981	1970	1975	1970	
Sudan	1970	1980	1970	1980	1971	
Suriname	1970	1975	1970	1975	1984	
Swaziland	1970	1980	1970	1980	1987	
Sweden	1970	1981	1970	1982	1977	1979
Switzerland	1970	1980	1970	1981	1970	1980
Syrian Arab Republic	1970	1980	1970	1975	1969	1975
Thailand						
Togo	1970	1981	1970	1975	1971	
Tonga	1970	1981	1970	1981	1986	
Trinidad and Tobago	1970	1980	1970	1980	1985	
Tunisia	1970	1980	1970	1980	1974	
Turkey	1970	1980	1970	1981	1986	1980
Uganda	1970	1980	1970	1981	1982	
United Arab Emirates	1970	1980	1970	1980	1986	
United Kingdom	1970	1980	1970	1980	1985	
United Rep. Tanzania	1970	1980	1970	1981	1986	
United States	1970	1980	1970	1980	1970	1981
						1982
Uruguay	1970	1980			1970	1975
US Virgin Islands	1970	1980			1971	1982
USSR	1970	1980	1970	1975	1982	1987

2. Learning and educational services

Country or area	Series 2.8			Series 2.9			Series 2.10		
Vanuatu	1970	1981	1983	1970	1981	1983	1972	1981	1982
Venezuela	1970	1981	1986	1970	1980	1985			
Viet Nam		1980	1985		1976	1985	1966		
Western Sahara									
Yemen	1970	1982	1985	1970	1982	1985	1974		
Yugoslavia	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1986	1970	1981	1985
Zaire	1970	1983			1983	1983			
Zambia	1970	1980	1985	1970	1980	1984	1970		
Zimbabwe	1970	1981	1986	1970	1980	1980			

3. Economic activity

Country or area	Series 3.1			Series 3.2			Series 3.3		
				Entire country	Urban/rural				
Afghanistan	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1979	1979	1979
Albania	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025			
Algeria	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1977		
Angola	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1970		
Antigua and Barbuda	1970	1975					1970		
Argentina	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1970	1980	1980
Australia	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1971	1981	1971
Austria	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1971	1981	1981
Bahamas	1970	1980					1980	1970	1980
Bahrain	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1981	1981	1981
Bangladesh	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1974	1981	1981
Barbados	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1970	1980	1980
Belgium	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1970	1981	1970
Belize	1970	1980					1970	1980	1981
Benin	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1979		
Bhutan	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025			
Bolivia	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1976		1976
Botswana	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1971	1981	
Brazil	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1970	1980	1970
Brunei Darussalam	1971	1981					1981	1971	1981
Bulgaria	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1975	1975	1965
Burkina Faso	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025			
Burundi	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1979		
Cambodia	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025			
Cameroon	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1976	1976	

3. Economic activity

Country or area	Series 3.1						Series 3.2		Series 3.3
	Entire country						Urban/rural		
Canada	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1981	1986	1981
Cape Verde	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1970	1981	
Central African Rep.	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1975		
Chad	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025			
Chile	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1970	1982	1970 1982
China	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1982		
Colombia	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1973		
Comoros	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1980	1980	
Congo	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1974 1984		1984
Costa Rica	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1973 1984		1973
Côte d'Ivoire	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1975	1975	
Cuba	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1981		
Cyprus	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025			
Czechoslovakia	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1970 1980		1980
Democratic Yemen	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1973		
Denmark	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1970 1981	1976	1970 1981
Djibouti	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025			
Dominica	1970	1981					1981		
Dominican Republic	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025			
East Timor	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025			
Ecuador	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1974 1982	1974 1982	
Egypt	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1976 1986	1986	
El Salvador	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1971	1971	
Equatorial Guinea	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025			
Ethiopia	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025			
Fiji	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1976 1986		
Finland	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1970 1980 1985	1975	1970 1980
France	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1975	1975	1968 1982

3. Economic activity

Series 3.2							
Country or area	Series 3.1			Entire country	Urban/rural	Series 3.3	
French Guiana		1982		1974	1982		1967
French Polynesia	1971	1977	1983				
Gabon	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	
Gambia	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	
German Democratic Rep.	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1971
Germany, Fed. Rep. of	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1970
Ghana	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1984
Greece	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1981
Grenada	1970						1981
Guadeloupe	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1974
Guam	1970	1980	1986				1967
Guatemala	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1970
Guinea	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1973
Guinea-Bissau	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1979
Guyana	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1970
Haiti	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1982
Honduras	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1971
Hong Kong	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1974
Hungary	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1981
Iceland	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1970
India	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1980
Indonesia	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1971
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1976
Iraq	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1966
Ireland	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1977
Israel	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1981
Italy	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1971
Jamaica	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1983
Japan	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1971
Jordan	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1981

3. Economic activity

Country or area	Series 3.1					Series 3.2	
	Entire country					Urban/rural	Series 3.3
Kenya	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	
Kiribati	1978						1978
Korea, D. People's R.	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	
Korea, Republic of	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1973 1980 1980
Kuwait	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1980 1985 1966 1980 1975 1980
Lao People's Dem. Rep.	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	
Lebanon	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	
Lesotho	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	
Liberia	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1974
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1973
Luxembourg	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1970 1981 1970 1981
Macau							1970
Madagascar	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	
Malawi	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1977 1977
Malaysia	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1970 1980 1980
Maldives	1977						1977 1985 1977 1976 1976
Mali	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	
Malta	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1985 1967 1967
Martinique	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1974 1982
Mauritania	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	
Mauritius	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1972 1972 1970
Mexico	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1980
Mongolia	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	
Morocco	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1971 1982 1971 1982 1980
Mozambique	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	
Myanmar	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1983 1983
Namibia	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	
Nepal	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1971 1981 1971 1981

3. Economic activity

Country or area	Series 3.1					Series 3.2	
	Entire country					Urban/rural	Series 3.3
Netherlands	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	
Netherlands Antilles	1972	1981					1971
New Caledonia	1969	1976	1983				1969 1983 1966 1981
New Zealand	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1971 1981 1986
Nicaragua	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1971 1971
Niger	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	
Nigeria	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	
Norway	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1970 1980 1970 1980 1980
Oman	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1980
Pacific Islands	1970	1980					
Pakistan	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1981 1981 1980 1980
Panama	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	
Papua New Guinea	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1971 1980 1971 1980 1982 1981 1981
Paraguay	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	
Peru	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1970 1980 1970 1980 1970
Philippines	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	
Poland	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1970 1978 1970 1980
Portugal	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1970 1981 1970 1980 1970 1980
Puerto Rico	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	
Qatar	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1986
Reunion	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1982 1982 1967 1966
Romania	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1977 1977 1971
Rwanda	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1978 1978 1971
Rwanda	1971	1981					1971 1976 1981
Sao Tome and Principe	1981						
Saudi Arabia	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	
Senegal	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1976 1976 1971
Seychelles	1971	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	
Sierra Leone	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1971 1977 1970 1980 1970 1980
Singapore	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	

3. Economic activity

Country or area	Series 3.1			Series 3.2			Series 3.3
	Entire country			Urban/rural			
Solomon Islands							
Somalia	1970	1980	1976			1976	
South Africa	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	
Spain	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1985
Sri Lanka	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1970
St. Christopher/Nevis	1970	1980					1971
St. Lucia	1970	1980					1981
St. Vincent/Grenadines	1970						1980
Sudan	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	
Suriname	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	
Swaziland	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	
Sweden	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1976
Switzerland	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1970
Syrian Arab Republic	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1975
Thailand	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1970
Togo	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	
Tonga	1966	1976	1986				1970
Trinidad and Tobago	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1966
Tunisia	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1976
Turkey	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1970
Uganda	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1984
United Arab Emirates	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1980
United Kingdom	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1985
United Rep. Tanzania	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	
United States	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1970
Uruguay	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1980
US Virgin Islands	1970	1980					1975
USSR	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1981

3. Economic activity

3. Economic activity							
Country or area	Series 3.2						
	Series 3.1			Urban/rural			
	Entire country			Series 3.3			
Vanuatu	1967	1979		1967	1979	1979	1986
Venezuela	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1981
Viet Nam	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1979
Western Sahara							
Yemen	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1975
Yugoslavia	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1981
Zaire	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	
Zambia	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1980
Zimbabwe	1970	1980	1985	1990	2000	2025	1982

3. Economic activity

Country or area	Series 3.4		Series 3.5		Series 3.6		Series 3.7	
Alghanistan		1979		1979				
Albania					1970	1980		1979
Algeria	1966	1977	1985	1966	1977		1966	1977
Angola						1970		1985
Antigua and Barbuda	1970			1970				
Argentina	1970			1970				
Australia	1971	1981	1987	1971	1981	1986	1970	1980
Austria	1971	1980	1987	1971	1980	1987	1971	1981
Bahamas	1970	1980		1970	1980		1972	1980
Bahrain	1971	1981		1971	1981		1970	1980
Bangladesh	1974	1981	1984	1974	1981	1984	1971	1981
Barbados	1970	1981	1983	1970	1981	1987	1974	1981
Belgium	1970	1981	1986	1970	1981		1970	1981
Belize	1970	1980		1970	1980		1970	1980
Benin				1970	1980		1970	1980
Bhutan								
Bolivia		1976			1976			
Botswana		1981	1985		1981	1985		1976
Brazil	1970	1980	1986	1970				1981
Brunei Darussalam	1971	1981		1971	1981		1970	1980
Bulgaria	1965	1975	1985	1965	1975	1985	1971	1981
Burkina Faso							1965	1975
Burundi		1979			1979			1985
Cambodia								1986
Cameroon	1976	1985		1976	1982			1981

3. Economic activity

Country or area	Series 3.4		Series 3.5		Series 3.6		Series 3.7	
Canada	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987	1971	1980
Cape Verde		1980			1970	1980		1980
Central African Rep.		1975		1975	1970	1980		1975
Chad					1970	1980		
Chile	1970	1982	1986	1970	1982	1987	1970	1980
China		1982	1982	1982	1982	1982		1986
Colombia	1973	1980	1987	1973	1980	1987	1970	1980
Comoros		1980		1980	1970	1980		1980
Congo					1970	1980		
Costa Rica	1973	1983	1987	1973	1983	1987	1973	1980
Côte d'Ivoire								1987
Cuba	1970			1970	1980		1970	1980
Cyprus		1980	1985	1980	1985		1970	1981
Czechoslovakia	1970			1970	1980		1972	1981
Democratic Yemen					1970	1980	1970	1980
Denmark	1970	1981	1986	1970	1981	1986	1970	1981
Djibouti								
Dominica		1981		1981				1981
Dominican Republic	1970	1981		1970	1981		1970	1981
East Timor					1970	1980		
Ecuador	1974	1982	1982	1974	1982	1982	1974	1982
Egypt	1966	1980	1984	1966	1980	1984	1966	1980
El Salvador	1971	1980		1971	1980		1971	1980
Equatorial Guinea					1970	1980		
Ethiopia					1970	1980		
Fiji		1976	1986		1976	1986	1966	1976
Finland	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980
France	1968	1975	1987	1968	1975	1982	1970	1980

3. Economic activity

Country or area	Series 3.4	Series 3.5	Series 3.6	Series 3.7
French Guiana	1982	1982		1967 1982 1982
French Polynesia	1977 1983	1977 1983		
Gabon			1970 1980	
Gambia	1983	1983	1970 1980	1983
German Democratic Rep.			1970 1980	1971
Germany, Fed. Rep. of	1970 1980	1970 1980	1970 1980	1970 1980 1987
Ghana	1970 1984	1970 1984	1970 1980	1970 1980 1984
Greece	1971 1981 1986	1971 1981 1986	1970 1980	1971 1981 1986
Grenada				
Guadeloupe	1982 1982		1970 1980	1967 1982 1982
Guam				
Guatemala	1973 1981 1987	1973 1981	1970 1980	1973 1979 1987
Guinea			1970 1980	
Guinea-Bissau	1979	1979	1970 1980	1979
Guyana	1980	1980	1970 1980	1980
Haiti	1971 1982 1988	1971 1982 1988	1970 1980	1971 1980 1988
Honduras	1974	1974	1970 1980	1974 1979 1984
Hong Kong	1971 1980 1987	1971 1980 1987	1970 1980	1971 1980 1986
Hungary	1970 1980 1987	1970 1980	1970 1980	1970 1980 1987
Iceland			1970 1980	1979
India	1971 1981	1971 1981	1970 1980	1971 1981
Indonesia	1971 1980	1971 1980	1970 1980	1971 1980 1986
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	1972 1976	1972 1976	1970 1980	1972 1976
Iraq	1977	1977	1970 1980	1977
Ireland	1971 1981 1987	1971 1981 1987	1970 1980	1971 1981 1987
Israel	1970 1980 1987	1970 1980 1987	1970 1980	1970 1980 1987
Italy	1971 1981	1971 1981	1970 1980	1970 1980 1987
Jamaica	1980 1986	1980 1986	1970 1980	1973 1980 1986
Japan	1970 1980 1987	1970 1980 1987	1970 1980	1970 1980 1987
Jordan	1979	1979	1970 1980	1979

3. Economic activity

Country or area	Series 3.4	Series 3.5	Series 3.6	Series 3.7
Kenya			1970 1980	
Kiribati				
Korea, D. People's R.	1970 1976	1970 1976	1970 1980	
Korea, Republic of	1971 1980	1971 1980	1970 1980	1970 1980 1987
Kuwait	1970 1980 1985	1970 1980 1985	1970 1980	1970 1980 1985
Lao People's Dem. Rep.			1970 1980	
Lebanon	1970	1970	1970 1980	1970 1975
Lesotho	1976	1976	1970 1980	1976
Liberia			1970 1980	1974
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	1973	1973	1970 1980	1973
Luxembourg	1970 1981 1987	1970 1981	1970 1980	1970 1981 1987
Macau				
Madagascar			1970 1980	
Malawi	1977	1977	1970 1980	1977
Malaysia	1980	1980	1970 1980	1970 1980
Maldives	1977 1985	1977 1985		1977 1985
Mali	1976	1976	1970 1980	1976
Malta	1967	1967	1970 1980	1970 1980 1987
Martinique	1967	1967	1970 1980	1967 1982 1982
Mauritania			1970 1980	
Mauritius	1972 1983 1987	1972 1983 1987	1970 1980	1972 1987
Mexico	1970 1980 1987	1970 1980 1987	1970 1980	1970 1980 1987
Mongolia			1970 1980	
Morocco	1971 1982 1982	1971 1982 1982	1970 1980	1971 1982 1982
Mozambique			1970 1980	1970 1980
Myanmar			1970 1980	1974 1980 1988
Namibia			1970 1980	
Nepal	1971 1976	1971 1976	1970 1980	1971 1981

3. Economic activity

Country or area	Series 3.4			Series 3.5			Series 3.6			Series 3.7		
Netherlands	1971	1979	1987	1971	1979	1987	1970	1980	1971	1981	1987	
Netherlands Antilles	1972	1982	1986	1972	1982	1982			1972	1980	1986	
New Caledonia	1969	1976		1969	1976				1969	1977	1983	
New Zealand	1971	1981	1986	1971	1981	1986	1970	1980	1971	1980	1986	
Nicaragua	1971			1971			1970	1980	1971	1980		
Niger		1977					1970	1980		1977		
Nigeria							1970	1980			1983	
Norway	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1970	1980	1987	
Oman							1970	1980				
Pacific Islands												
Pakistan	1971	1981	1985	1971	1980	1985	1970	1980	1971	1980	1985	
Panama	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980	1970	1980	1986	
Papua New Guinea	1966			1966			1970	1980				
Paraguay	1972	1982	1982	1972	1982	1982	1970	1980	1972	1980	1982	
Peru	1972	1981		1972	1981		1970	1980	1972	1980	1982	
Philippines	1970	1981	1987	1970	1981	1987	1970	1980	1970	1981	1987	
Poland	1970	1978		1970	1978		1970	1980	1970			
Portugal	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1970	1980	1987	
Puerto Rico	1973	1980	1988	1973	1980	1988	1970	1980	1973	1980	1988	
Qatar							1970	1980				
Reunion							1970	1980	1967	1982	1982	
Romania	1966			1966			1970	1980	1966			
Rwanda		1978			1978		1970	1980		1978		
Samoa	1971	1981		1971	1981		1970	1980	1971	1981		
Sao Tome and Principe		1981			1981					1981		
Saudi Arabia							1970	1980				
Senegal							1970	1980				
Seychelles	1971	1981		1971	1981				1971	1981		
Sierra Leone							1970	1980				
Singapore	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1987	1970	1980	1970	1980	1987	

3. Economic activity

Country or area	Series 3.4			Series 3.5			Series 3.6			Series 3.7		
Solomon Islands												
Somalia							1970	1980				
South Africa	1970	1980	1985	1970	1980	1985	1970	1980	1970	1980	1985	1985
Spain	1970	1981	1987	1970	1981	1987	1970	1980	1970	1980	1987	1987
Sri Lanka	1971	1981		1971	1981	1985	1970	1980	1971	1981	1981	1985
St. Christopher/Nevis		1980			1980							
St. Lucia		1980			1980							
St. Vincent/Grenadines		1980			1980					1980		
Sudan	1973			1973			1970	1980	1973			
Suriname		1980					1970	1980		1980		
Swaziland							1970	1980				
Sweden	1971	1980	1987	1971	1980	1987	1970	1980	1971	1980	1987	1987
Switzerland	1970	1980	1986	1970	1980		1970	1980	1970	1980	1986	1986
Syrian Arab Republic	1970	1979	1983	1970	1979	1984	1970	1980	1970	1979	1984	1984
Thailand	1970	1980	1984	1970	1980	1984	1970	1980	1970	1980	1984	1984
Togo		1981			1981		1970	1980		1981		
Tonga		1976	1986		1976	1986			1966		1986	1986
Trinidad and Tobago	1973	1980	1986	1973	1980	1986	1970	1980	1971	1980	1986	1986
Tunisia	1966	1975	1984	1966	1975		1970	1980	1966	1980	1984	1984
Turkey	1965	1980		1965	1980	1985	1970	1980	1965	1975	1985	1985
Uganda							1970	1980				
United Arab Emirates		1980			1980		1970	1980		1980		
United Kingdom	1971	1981	1987	1971	1981		1970	1980	1971	1980	1987	1987
United Rep. Tanzania							1970	1980	1967			
United States	1972	1980	1987	1972	1980	1987	1970	1980	1970	1980	1987	1987
Uruguay		1975	1985		1975	1985	1970	1980		1975	1985	1985
US Virgin Islands		1980			1980					1980		
USSR							1970	1980				

3. Economic activity

Country or area	Series 3.4		Series 3.5		Series 3.6		Series 3.7	
Vanuatu	1971	1979	1971	1979	1970	1980	1970	1979
Venezuela	1981	1987	1981	1981	1970	1980	1980	1980
Viet Nam					1970	1980		1987
Western Sahara								
Yemen	1975			1975	1970	1980		1975
Yugoslavia	1971	1981	1971	1981	1970	1980	1971	1981
Zaire					1970	1980		
Zambia	1969	1980	1969	1980	1970	1980	1969	1980
Zimbabwe	1982	1982	1982	1982	1970	1980		

3. Economic activity

Country or area	Series 3.8		Series 3.9	
	Agricultural	Non-agricultural		
Afghanistan				1979
Albania				
Algeria				
Angola				
Antigua and Barbuda				
Argentina				
Australia	1980	1986-87	1970	1980
Austria		1986-87		1981
Bahamas				1971
Bahrain				
Bangladesh				1974
Barbados				
Belgium	1980	1985	1980	1986-87
Belize				
Benin				
Bhutan				
Bolivia				1976
Botswana				
Brazil				1981
Brunei Darussalam				1975
Bulgaria				
Burkina Faso				
Burundi				
Cambodia				
Cameroon				1976

3. Economic activity	Series 3.8		
	Country or area	Agricultural	Non-agricultural
	Canada		1981
	Cape Verde		1975
	Central African Rep.		
	Chad		
	Chile		
	China		
	Colombia		
	Comoros		
	Congo		
	Costa Rica		
	Côte d'Ivoire		
	Cuba	1980 1986-87	1980 1986-87
	Cyprus	1980 1986-87	1980 1986-87
	Czechoslovakia		1980
	Democratic Yemen		
	Denmark		
	Djibouti	1970 1980 1986-87	
	Dominica		
	Dominican Republic		
	East Timor		
	Ecuador		1974
	Egypt	1970 1979	1980
	El Salvador		
	Equatorial Guinea		
	Ethiopia		
	Fiji		1976
	Finland	1980 1986-87	1975
	France	1970 1980 1984	

3. Economic activity	Series 3.8		
	Country or area	Agricultural	Non-agricultural
	French Guiana		
	French Polynesia		
	Gabon		
	Gambia		
	German Democratic Rep.		
	Germany, Fed. Rep. of	1970 1980 1986-87	
	Ghana		
	Greece		
	Grenada		
	Guadeloupe		
	Guam		
	Guatemala		
	Guinea		
	Guinea-Bissau		
	Guyana		
	Haiti		
	Honduras		
	Hong Kong	1981 1986-87	1981
	Hungary		1980
	Iceland	1970 1980 1986-87	
	India		1981
	Indonesia		1980
	Iran (Islamic Rep. of)		1976
	Iraq		
	Ireland	1970	1972
	Israel		
	Italy		
	Jamaica		
	Japan	1980 1986-87	1980
	Jordan	1980 1986-87	1983

3. Economic activity			
Country or area	Series 3.8		Series 3.9
	Agricultural	Non-agricultural	
Kenya	1980 1986-87	1980 1986-87	
Kiribati			
Korea, D. People's R.			
Korea, Republic of	1980 1986-87	1980 1986-87	1980
Kuwait			
Lao People's Dem. Rep.			
Lebanon			
Lesotho			
Liberia			
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya			
Luxembourg	1982 1984	1980 1986-87	
Macau			
Madagascar			1975
Malawi			1977
Malaysia			1979
Maldives			
Mali			
Malta			
Martinique			
Mauritania			
Mauritius			
Mexico			
Mongolia			
Morocco			
Mozambique			
Myanmar			
Namibia			
Nepal			

3. Economic activity			
Country or area	Series 3.8		Series 3.9
	Agricultural	Non-agricultural	
Netherlands			
Netherlands Antilles	1981 1985	1980 1986-87	
New Caledonia			
New Zealand	1980 1986-87	1980 1986-87	1981
Nicaragua			
Niger			
Nigeria			
Norway	1980 1986-87		
Oman			
Pacific Islands			
Pakistan			1982
Panama			1980
Papua New Guinea			1980
Paraguay			1981
Peru			1978
Philippines	1985		1978
Poland			1978
Portugal	1980 1984		1980
Puerto Rico			
Qatar			
Reunion			
Romania			
Rwanda			
Samoa			
Sao Tome and Principe			
Saudi Arabia			
Senegal			
Seychelles			
Sierra Leone			
Singapore		1980 1984	

3. Economic activity		Series 3.8		Series 3.9
Country or area		Agricultural	Non-agricultural	
Solomon Islands				
Somalia				
South Africa				
Spain				
Sri Lanka		1980 1986-87	1980 1986-87	1981
St. Christopher/Nevis				
St. Lucia				
St. Vincent/Grenadines				
Sudan				
Suriname				
Swaziland		1981 1985	1980 1986-87	
Sweden		1980 1986-87		
Switzerland		1980 1986-87	1970 1980 1986-87	1976
Syrian Arab Republic				
Thailand				
Togo				
Tonga				1970
Trinidad and Tobago				
Tunisia				1982
Turkey		92 1984		1975
Uganda				
United Arab Emirates				
United Kingdom				
United Rep. Tanzania		77 1986-87	1970 1980 1984 1986-87	
United States				
Uruguay				1975
US Virgin Islands				1970
USSR				

3. Economic activity		Series 3.8		Series 3.9
Country or area		Agricultural	Non-agricultural	
Vanuatu				
Venezuela				1971
Viet Nam			1970	
Western Sahara				
Yemen				
Yugoslavia				
Zaire				
Zambia				
Zimbabwe				

4. Households, marital status and fertility

Country or area	Series 4.1			Series 4.2		Series 4.3		Series 4.4	
	Series 4.1			Series 4.2		Series 4.3		Series 4.4	
Afghanistan	1979			1979		1965-70 through 2020-25		1979	1979
Albania						1965-70 through 2020-25			
Algeria	1966			1977		1965-70 through 2020-25			
Angola						1965-70 through 2020-25			
Antigua and Barbuda									
Argentina	1970 1980			1980		1965-70 through 2020-25		1970 1980	
Australia	1971 1976 1981			1981		1965-70 through 2020-25		1970 1980 1983	
Austria	1971 1981 1982			1981		1965-70 through 2020-25		1970 1980 1987	1971 1981
Bahamas	1970 1980							1970 1980 1985	
Bahrain	1971 1981					1965-70 through 2020-25		1981 1985	
Bangladesh	1974 1981			1981		1965-70 through 2020-25		1981	1981
Barbados	1980					1965-70 through 2020-25		1970 1980	
Belgium	1970 1981			1981		1965-70 through 2020-25		1970 1980 1983	
Belize	1980							1970 1980 1984	
Benin	1979			1982		1965-70 through 2020-25			
Bhutan						1965-70 through 2020-25			
Bolivia	1976			1976		1965-70 through 2020-25		1976	
Botswana	1971 1981			1981		1965-70 through 2020-25			
Brazil	1970 1980			1980		1965-70 through 2020-25		1980 1986	
Brunei Darussalam	1971 1981 1986							1971 1978 1986	
Bulgaria	1965 1975			1975		1965-70 through 2020-25		1970 1980 1986	1970 1980 1986
Burkina Faso	1975			1975		1965-70 through 2020-25			
Burundi	1965 1979 1985			1979		1965-70 through 2020-25			
Cambodia						1965-70 through 2020-25			
Cameroon	1976			1978		1965-70 through 2020-25			

4. Households, marital status and fertility

Country or area	Series 4.1			Series 4.2		Series 4.3		Series 4.4	
	Series 4.1			Series 4.2		Series 4.3		Series 4.4	
Canada	1971 1981 1986			1981		1965-70 through 2020-25		1970 1980 1987	
Cape Verde	1980					1965-70 through 2020-25		1980 1985	
Central African Rep.	1975					1965-70 through 2020-25			
Chad						1965-70 through 2020-25			
Chile	1970 1982 1985			1982		1965-70 through 2020-25		1970 1980 1986	
China	1982			1982		1965-70 through 2020-25			
Colombia	1973			1973 1976 1985		1965-70 through 2020-25		1985	
Comoros	1980			1980		1965-70 through 2020-25			
Congo	1984			1974		1965-70 through 2020-25			
Costa Rica	1973 1984			1973 1976		1965-70 through 2020-25		1973 1981 1984	
Côte d'Ivoire	1978			1978		1965-70 through 2020-25			
Cuba	1970 1981			1981		1965-70 through 2020-25		1970 1980 1986	1970 1982 1986
Cyprus	1973 1976 1982			1976		1965-70 through 2020-25		1970 1980 1987	
Czechoslovakia	1970 1980 1985			1980		1965-70 through 2020-25		1970 1980 1986	
Democratic Yemen						1965-70 through 2020-25			
Denmark	1970 1981 1987			1982		1965-70 through 2020-25		1970 1980 1987	1969
Djibouti						1965-70 through 2020-25			
Dominica	1981					1965-70 through 2020-25			
Dominican Republic	1970			1970 1975		1965-70 through 2020-25		1970 1980	1970 1980
East Timor						1965-70 through 2020-25			
Ecuador	1974 1982			1974 1979		1965-70 through 2020-25		1969 1980 1987	1987
Egypt	1976			1980		1965-70 through 2020-25		1976 1982	1976 1982
El Salvador	1971			1971		1965-70 through 2020-25		1971 1985	1971
Equatorial Guinea						1965-70 through 2020-25			
Ethiopia	1968 1982 1984			1981		1965-70 through 2020-25			
Fiji	1966 1976 1986			1976		1965-70 through 2020-25		1970 1980 1985	
Finland	1970 1980 1986			1980		1965-70 through 2020-25		1970 1980 1986	1970 1980 1986
France	1970 1982 1987			1982		1965-70 through 2020-25		1970 1980 1987	1968 1982

4. Households, marital status and fertility

Country or area	Series 4.1		Series 4.2		Series 4.3		Series 4.4	
	Entire country		Entire country		Entire country		Urban/rural	
French Guiana	1967	1982					1974	
French Polynesia					1965-70 through 2020-25			
Gabon					1965-70 through 2020-25			
Gambia					1965-70 through 2020-25			
German Democratic Rep.	1970	1981	1985	1980			1970	1980 1985 1981
Germany, Fed. Rep. of	1970	1980	1986		1965-70 through 2020-25		1970	1980 1986
Ghana				1971 1979/80	1965-70 through 2020-25			
Greece	1971	1981		1981	1965-70 through 2020-25		1971	1980 1984 1971 1981
Grenada	1981							
Guadeloupe	1974	1982		1982	1965-70 through 2020-25		1967	1985
Guam	1980							
Guatemala	1973	1981		1981	1965-70 through 2020-25		1970	1980 1981 1985 1981
Guinea					1965-70 through 2020-25			
Guinea-Bissau					1965-70 through 2020-25			
Guyana	1970	1980		1970 1980/81	1965-70 through 2020-25		1970	
Haiti	1971	1982	1984	1982	1965-70 through 2020-25			
Honduras				1974	1965-70 through 2020-25		1970	1979 1981
Hong Kong	1971	1981	1986	1981	1965-70 through 2020-25		1970	1980 1987
Hungary	1970	1980	1986	1980	1965-70 through 2020-25		1970	1980 1987
Iceland	1974	1980	1984		1965-70 through 2020-25		1970	1980 1984
India	1971	1981		1981	1965-70 through 2020-25			
Indonesia	1971	1980	1985	1980	1965-70 through 2020-25			
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	1966	1976		1976	1965-70 through 2020-25			
Iraq	1965	1977		1977	1965-70 through 2020-25		1977	
Ireland	1971	1981	1985	1981	1965-70 through 2020-25		1970	1980 1985
Israel	1972	1983	1986	1983	1965-70 through 2020-25		1970	1980 1987
Italy	1971	1981		1971	1965-70 through 2020-25		1969	1980 1982
Jamaica	1982			1970	1965-70 through 2020-25		1982	
Japan	1970	1980	1985	1980	1965-70 through 2020-25		1970	1980 1986
Jordan	1979			1981	1965-70 through 2020-25		1970	1979

4. Households, marital status and fertility

Country or area	Series 4.1		Series 4.2		Series 4.3		Series 4.4	
	Entire country		Entire country		Entire country		Urban/rural	
Kenya	1969				1965-70 through 2020-25			
Kiribati	1973	1978	1979					
Korea, D. People's R.					1965-70 through 2020-25			
Korea, Republic of	1970	1980	1985	1980	1965-70 through 2020-25		1980	1986
Kuwait	1970	1980	1985	1975 1985	1965-70 through 2020-25		1970	1980 1986
Lao People's Dem. Rep.					1965-70 through 2020-25			
Lebanon					1965-70 through 2020-25			
Lesotho	1966			1977	1965-70 through 2020-25			
Liberia	1970		1974		1965-70 through 2020-25		1970	
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	1973		1973		1965-70 through 2020-25		1973	
Luxembourg	1970	1981		1981	1965-70 through 2020-25		1970	1981 1987
Macau	1970	1981					1970	1981
Madagascar	1966	1975		1975	1965-70 through 2020-25		1966	
Malawi	1977			1977	1965-70 through 2020-25		1977	1977
Malaysia	1970	1980	1974	1980	1965-70 through 2020-25		1970	1980 1987
Maldives	1977							
Mali	1976		1976		1965-70 through 2020-25			
Malta	1967				1965-70 through 2020-25		1970	1980 1987
Martinique	1974	1982		1982	1965-70 through 2020-25		1967	
Mauritania	1977		1981		1965-70 through 2020-25			
Mauritius	1972	1983		1983	1965-70 through 2020-25		1970	1980 1987
Mexico	1970	1980		1980	1965-70 through 2020-25		1970	1980
Mongolia					1965-70 through 2020-25			
Morocco	1971	1982		1982	1965-70 through 2020-25			
Mozambique	1980		1980		1965-70 through 2020-25			
Myanmar	1973	1983		1983	1965-70 through 2020-25			
Namibia					1965-70 through 2020-25			
Nepal	1971	1981		1981	1965-70 through 2020-25			

4. Households, marital status and fertility

Country or area	Series 4.1		Series 4.2		Series 4.3		Series 4.4	
	Entire country		Entire country		Entire country		Urban/rural	
Netherlands	1970	1980	1986	1980	1965-70 through 2020-25	1970	1980	1986
Netherlands Antilles	1971					1971		
New Caledonia	1969	1976					1976	1983
New Zealand	1966	1981	1986	1981	1965-70 through 2020-25	1970	1980	1987
Nicaragua	1971			1971	1965-70 through 2020-25	1965		1981
Niger					1965-70 through 2020-25			
Nigeria				1981/82	1965-70 through 2020-25			
Norway	1970	1980	1987	1980	1965-70 through 2020-25	1970	1980	1987
Oman					1965-70 through 2020-25	1970	1979	
Pacific Islands	1973	1980						
Pakistan	1968	1981		1981	1965-70 through 2020-25	1968	1976	1976
Panama	1970	1980	1985	1980	1965-70 through 2020-25	1970	1980	1986
Papua New Guinea		1980			1965-70 through 2020-25			
Paraguay	1972	1982		1982	1965-70 through 2020-25		1980	1985
Peru	1972	1981		1981	1965-70 through 2020-25	1970	1981	1981
Philippines	1970	1980		1980	1965-70 through 2020-25	1970	1980	1986
Poland	1970	1978	1984	1978	1965-70 through 2020-25	1970	1980	1987
Portugal	1973	1981		1981	1965-70 through 2020-25	1970	1980	1987
Puerto Rico	1970	1980		1980	1965-70 through 2020-25	1970	1980	1985
Qatar		1982			1965-70 through 2020-25			1986
Reunion	1974	1982		1982	1965-70 through 2020-25	1967		1986
Romania	1966	1977		1977	1965-70 through 2020-25	1970	1980	1985
Rwanda	1970	1978		1983	1965-70 through 2020-25		1978	1978
Samoa	1971	1976	1981			1971	1977	
Sao Tome and Principe		1981						
Saudi Arabia					1965-70 through 2020-25			
Senegal		1976		1978	1965-70 through 2020-25			
Seychelles	1971	1982				1971	1980	1987
Sierra Leone					1965-70 through 2020-25			
Singapore	1970	1980		1980	1965-70 through 2020-25	1970	1980	1987

4. Households, marital status and fertility

Country or area	Series 4.1		Series 4.2		Series 4.3		Series 4.4	
	Entire country		Entire country		Entire country		Urban/rural	
Solomon Islands	1970	1976			1965-70 through 2020-25			
Somalia			1980/81		1965-70 through 2020-25	1970		
South Africa		1980	1985		1965-70 through 2020-25	1970	1978	1981
Spain	1970	1981		1981	1965-70 through 2020-25	1968	1980	1983
Sri Lanka	1971	1981						
St. Christopher/Nevis		1980				1970	1980	1986
St. Lucia	1970	1980					1980	1986
St. Vincent/Grenadines		1980			1965-70 through 2020-25			
Sudan	1973		1973	1978/79	1965-70 through 2020-25			
Suriname								
Swaziland					1965-70 through 2020-25			
Sweden	1970	1980	1987	1980	1965-70 through 2020-25	1970	1980	1987
Switzerland	1970	1980	1987	1980	1965-70 through 2020-25	1970	1980	1987
Syrian Arab Republic	1970	1981		1970	1965-70 through 2020-25			
Thailand	1970	1980		1980	1965-70 through 2020-25	1970	1980	1987
Togo	1970			1971	1965-70 through 2020-25			
Tonga		1976						
Trinidad and Tobago		1980		1980	1965-70 through 2020-25	1970	1980	1983
Tunisia	1966	1975	1984	1978	1965-70 through 2020-25	1970	1980	
Turkey	1970	1980		1980	1965-70 through 2020-25	1967		
Uganda	1969			1969	1965-70 through 2020-25			
United Arab Emirates		1975		1975	1965-70 through 2020-25			
United Kingdom	1970	1982	1986	1981	1965-70 through 2020-25	1970	1980	1987
United Rep. Tanzania	1967	1978		1973	1965-70 through 2020-25	1970	1980	1986
United States	1970	1980	1987	1980	1965-70 through 2020-25			
Uruguay		1975		1975	1965-70 through 2020-25	1968	1980	1985
US Virgin Islands		1980				1970	1980	
USSR	1970	1979		1985	1965-70 through 2020-25	1970		1986

4. Households, marital status and fertility

Country or area	Series 4.4		
	Series 4.1	Series 4.2	Series 4.3
Vanuatu	1967 1979		
Venezuela	1971 1981	1981	1965-70 through 2020-25 1965-70 through 2020-25
Viet Nam			
Western Sahara	1970		
Yemen		1981	1965-70 through 2020-25
Yugoslavia	1971 1981	1981	1965-70 through 2020-25
Zaire		1975/76	1965-70 through 2020-25
Zambia	1969 1980	1980	1965-70 through 2020-25
Zimbabwe	1982	1982	1965-70 through 2020-25

4. Households, marital status and fertility

Country or area	Series 4.7		
	Series 4.5	Series 4.6	Series 4.8
Afghanistan		1972/73	1972-73 1979
Albania			
Algeria		1986	1977
Angola			
Antigua and Barbuda		1981	1970
Argentina	1970 1980		1970 1980
Australia	1981		1971 1981
Austria		1981/82	1971 1981
Bahamas			1970 1980
Bahrain	1971		1971 1981
Bangladesh	1974	1969 1981	1973 1981
Barbados	1980	1980/81	1970 1980
Belgium	1970	1966 1975/76	1970 1981
Belize	1980		1970 1980
Benin		1981/82	1979
Bhutan			
Bolivia	1976	1983	1976
Botswana	1971 1981	1984	1981
Brazil	1970 1980	1986	1970 1980
Brunei Darussalam			1971 1981
Bulgaria	1965 1975	1976	1965 1975 1985
Burkina Faso			
Burundi		1987	1979
Cambodia			
Cameroon		1978	1976

4. Households, marital status and fertility

Country or area	Series 4.5		Series 4.6		Series 4.7		Series 4.8	
					Entire ctry	Urb./rur.		
Canada		1981			1984	1981		
Cape Verde							1981	1986
Central African Rep.								
Chad								
Chile	1970	1982				1982		1975
China		1982					1970	1982
Colombia	1973			1982	1985			1982
Comoros			1969	1980	1986		1973	1985
Congo								
Costa Rica	1973	1984		1981	1986	1984	1984	
Côte d'Ivoire				1980/81		1984		
Cuba		1981						
Cyprus	1973					1981	1970	1981
Czechoslovakia	1970	1980	1970	1977		1980	1973	
Democratic Yemen							1970	1980
Denmark			1970	1975				
Djibouti							1965	1981
Dominica				1981		1981		
Dominican Republic	1970			1980	1986		1981	
East Timor							1970	
Ecuador	1974	1982		1979	1987			
Egypt		1976	1974-75	1980	1988			1982
El Salvador	1971			1978	1988	1971		1976
Equatorial Guinea								1978
Ethiopia								
Fiji						1970		
Finland	1966	1976	1974				1976	
France			1971	1977			1970	1985
			1972	1978	1988	1982	1968	1982

4. Households, marital status and fertility

Country or area	Series 4.5		Series 4.6		Series 4.7		Series 4.8	
					Entire ctry	Urb./rur.		
French Guiana		1967			1982		1967	1982
French Polynesia					1983			1983
Gabon								
Gambia	1973						1973	
German Democratic Rep.	1971	1981					1971	1981
Germany, Fed. Rep. of		1970						
Ghana			1979-80	1985			1970	1981
Greece				1988	1970			
Grenada				1985	1981		1971	1981
Guadeloupe	1967			1976	1982		1967	1982
Guam								1980
Guatemala	1973	1981		1987	1981		1973	1981
Guinea								1983
Guinea-Bissau								
Guyana	1970	1980		1975	1980		1970	1980
Haiti		1982		1977				
Honduras	1974			1981	1974			
Hong Kong	1971	1981		1977	1971		1981	1986
Hungary	1970	1980	1972	1977	1980		1970	1980
Iceland			1974	1977		1980		
India		1981	1970	1980			1971	1981
Indonesia	1971	1980	1973	1980	1980	1980	1971	1980
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)					1976	1976	1966	1976
Iraq			1974				1965	1977
Ireland							1971	1981
Israel		1983			1983		1972	1983
Italy				1979	1981		1971	1981
Jamaica		1982		1979	1971		1970	1982
Japan			1971	1979	1980		1980	1985
Jordan	1970		1972	1976			1979	

4. Households, marital status and fertility

Country or area	Series 4.5		Series 4.6		Series 4.7		Series 4.8
	1969	1979	1977/78	1989	Entire ctry	Urb./rur.	
Kenya	1969	1979	1977/78	1989	1969		1969 1979
Kiribati	1968	1978					1973 1978
Korea, D. People's R.							
Korea, Republic of	1970	1980	1971	1979	1985	1980	1970 1980
Kuwait	1970	1980					1980 1985
Lao People's Dem. Rep.							
Lebanon			1971				
Lesotho							
Liberia	1971		1977				
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	1973			1986	1974		1973
Luxembourg							
Macau	1970	1981			1981		1970 1981
Madagascar							1970
Malawi	1977				1975	1975	1975
Malaysia	1970	1980	1974	1984	1970-72		1977
Maldives					1980		1970 1980
Mali	1977						1965 1977
Malta				1987	1976	1976	1976
Martinique	1967		1976		1982		1967 1982
Mauritania			1981				1977
Mauritius							
Mexico	1970	1980	1975	1985	1983		1972 1983
Mongolia			1979	1987			1970 1980
Morocco							1969
Mozambique			1980	1987	1971	1971	1971 1982
Myanmar							1980
Namibia	1983				1983		1983
Nepal	1971	1981	1981	1986			1971 1981

4. Households, marital status and fertility

Country or area	Series 4.5		Series 4.6		Series 4.7		Series 4.8
	1971		1969	1977	Entire ctry	Urb./rur.	
Netherlands			1969	1977	1985		1971 1981
Netherlands Antilles	1971						1983
New Caledonia					1981		1966 1981 1986
New Zealand	1981			1976	1981		
Nicaragua				1981			
Niger							
Nigeria			1981/82	1986			1970 1980
Norway			1977		1980		
Oman							
Pacific Islands							1966 1980
Pakistan			1968/69	1975	1984/85	1981	1968 1981
Panama				1979	1984	1980	1970 1980
Papua New Guinea							1980
Paraguay	1972	1982		1979	1987		1982
Peru	1972	1981	1969/70	1981	1986	1972	1972 1981
Philippines	1970	1981	1968	1978	1986	1970	1970 1980
Poland	1970		1972	1977		1978	1970 1978
Portugal	1970	1981	1979/80				1981
Puerto Rico	1970	1980	1968	1976	1982		1980
Qatar							
Reunion	1967						1967 1982
Romania	1966	1977		1978	1982		1966
Rwanda					1978		1978
Samoa	1981						1966 1976
Sao Tome and Principe	1980						1981
Saudi Arabia							
Senegal							
Seychelles	1971	1977					1971 1977
Sierra Leone							
Singapore	1970	1980	1973	1977	1982		1970 1980

4. Households, marital status and fertility

Country or area	Series 4.5			Series 4.6		Series 4.7		Series 4.8	
						Entire ctry	Urb./rur.		
Solomon Islands	1970	1976						1970	1976
Somalia									
South Africa				1981					
Spain	1970			1977	1985	1981		1970	1981
Sri Lanka				1975	1981/82	1981	1981	1971	1981
St. Christopher/Nevis	1970	1980			1984	1980		1970	1980
St. Lucia		1980			1981	1980		1970	1980
St. Vincent/Grenadines	1980				1981	1980		1966	1980
Sudan				1978/79		1973			
Suriname									
Swaziland	1966	1976							
Sweden				1981		1985		1980	1985
Switzerland				1980		1980		1970	1980
Syrian Arab Republic	1970			1978		1970	1970	1970	1981
Thailand	1970	1980		1969/70	1980	1980		1970	1980
Togo									
Tonga	1966	1976			1988			1970	
Trinidad and Tobago		1980		1970/71	1977	1980		1970	1976
Tunisia		1984		1980	1988	1975	1975	1966	1984
Turkey	1970	1980		1968	1978	1975		1965	1980
Uganda									
United Arab Emirates					1988				
United Kingdom				1970	1976	1981		1971	1981
United Rep. Tanzania	1967							1967	
United States	1970	1980		1973	1976	1985		1970	1980
Uruguay		1975				1975	1975	1975	1985
US Virgin Islands								1980	
USSR								1970	1979

4. Households, marital status and fertility

Country or area	Series 4.5		Series 4.6		Series 4.7		Series 4.8	
					Entire ctry	Urb./rur.		
Vanuatu	1967						1979	
Venezuela		1981					1971	1981
Viet Nam			1977		1981		1979	
Western Sahara								
Yemen			1979				1975	
Yugoslavia	1971	1981					1971	1981
Zaire			1970					
Zambia	1969		1982	1984	1980		1969	1980
Zimbabwe	1969		1984	1988			1969	

5. Housing conditions and human settlements

Series 5.1

Country or area	Entire country	Urban/rural
Afghanistan		1979
Albania		
Algeria	1966	1966
Angola		
Antigua and Barbuda	1970	1970
Argentina	1970	1980
Australia	1971	1976
Austria	1972	1980
Bahamas		
Bahrain	1971	1971
Bangladesh	1973	1973
Barbados	1970	
Belgium	1970	
Belize	1970	1970
Benin		
Bhutan		
Bolivia		1976
Botswana		
Brazil	1972	1980
Brunei Darussalam	1971	1972
Bulgaria	1965	1975
Burkina Faso		1965
Burundi		
Cambodia		
Cameroon	1976	1976

5. Housing conditions and human settlements

Series 5.1

Country or area	Entire country	Urban/rural
Canada	1971	1981
Cape Verde		
Central African Rep.		
Chad		
Chile	1970	1970
China		
Colombia	1973	1973
Comoros		
Congo		1980
Costa Rica	1973	1973
Côte d'Ivoire		
Cuba	1970	1981
Cyprus	1968	1968
Czechoslovakia	1970	1970
Democratic Yemen		
Denmark	1970	1970
Djibouti		
Dominica		
Dominican Republic	1970	1979
East Timor		
Ecuador	1974	1974
Egypt		
El Salvador	1971	1976
Equatorial Guinea		1978
Ethiopia		
Fiji		
Finland	1970	1980
France	1968	1975

5. Housing conditions and human settlements

Series 5.1

Country or area	Entire country	Urban/rural
French Guiana	1974	1977
French Polynesia		
Gabon		1977
Gambia		
German Democratic Rep.	1971	
Germany, Fed. Rep. of	1972	1978
Ghana		
Greece	1971	1981
Grenada		1971
Guadeloupe	1974	
Guam	1970	1970
Guatemala	1973	1973
Guinea		
Guinea-Bissau		
Guyana	1970	
Haiti	1971	1976
Honduras	1974	1971
Hong Kong	1973	1974
Hungary	1973	1981
Iceland		1973
India	1970	1970
Indonesia	1971	1971
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	1966	1966
Iraq		1976
Ireland	1971	1971
Israel	1971	1971
Italy	1971	1978
Jamaica	1970	1970
Japan	1973	1973
Jordan		1978

5. Housing conditions and human settlements

Series 5.1

Country or area	Entire country	Urban/rural
Kenya		
Kiribati		
Korea, D. People's R.	1970	1970
Korea, Republic of	1970	1980
Kuwait		1975
Lao People's Dem. Rep.		
Lebanon		
Lesotho		
Liberia		1973
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	1973	
Luxembourg	1970	1970
Macau	1970	
Madagascar		1975
Malawi	1967	1977
Malaysia	1970	1970
Maldives		
Mali	1967	1967
Malta	1974	
Martinique		
Mauritania		
Mauritius	1972	
Mexico	1970	1980
Mongolia	1969	1970
Morocco	1971	1969
Mozambique		1971
Myanmar		
Namibia		
Nepal		

5. Housing conditions and human settlements

Series 5.1

Country or area	Entire country	Urban/rural
Netherlands	1971	1977
Netherlands Antilles	1972	
New Caledonia	1969	1976
New Zealand	1971	1976
Nicaragua	1971	1971
Niger		
Nigeria		
Norway	1970	1980
Oman		1970
Pacific Islands	1967	
Pakistan	1973	1980
Panama	1970	1980
Papua New Guinea		1973
Paraguay	1972	1970
Peru	1972	1971
Philippines	1972	1972
Poland	1970	1981
Portugal	1970	1970
Puerto Rico	1970	1978
Qatar		1970
Reunion	1967	
Romania	1966	1982
Rwanda		1966
Samoa	1971	
Sao Tome and Principe		1971
Saudi Arabia		
Senegal		
Seychelles	1971	1977
Sierra Leone		1971
Singapore	1966	1980

5. Housing conditions and human settlements

Series 5.1

Country or area	Entire country	Urban/rural
Solomon Islands		
Somalia		
South Africa		
Spain	1970	1981
Sri Lanka	1971	1971
St. Christopher/Nevis		
St. Lucia	1970	
St. Vincent/Grenadines	1966	1966
Sudan		1964-66
Suriname		
Swaziland		
Sweden	1970	1980
Switzerland	1970	1970
Syrian Arab Republic	1970	1970
Thailand	1970	1976
Togo		
Tonga		
Trinidad and Tobago	1970	1976
Tunisia	1966	1982
Turkey	1970	1975
Uganda		
United Arab Emirates	1968	
United Kingdom	1966	
United Rep. Tanzania	1969	1969
United States	1970	1970
Uruguay		
US Virgin Islands	1970	1975
USSR		1970
		1965

5. Housing conditions and human settlements

Series 5.1

Country or area	Entire country	Urban/rural
Vanuatu		
Venezuela	1971	1971
Viet Nam		
Western Sahara	1974	1974
Yemen	1975	
Yugoslavia	1971	1971
Zaire		
Zambia	1969	1969
Zimbabwe	1969	1969

6. Health and health services

Country or area	Series 6.1	Series 6.2	Series 6.3	Series 6.4	Series 6.5
Afghanistan	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25	1979	1975
Albania	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25		
Algeria	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25	1982	1973
Angola	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25	1972	1972
Antigua and Barbuda				1975	
Argentina	1965-70 through 2020-25	1969-71	1965-70 through 2020-25	1982	1970
Australia	1965-70 through 2020-25	1965-67	1965-70 through 2020-25	1983	1970
Austria	1965-70 through 2020-25	1979	1984	1987	1970
Bahamas	1965-70 through 2020-25	1979	1984	1985	1980
Bahrain	1965-70 through 2020-25	1969-71	1981-86	1985	1981
Bangladesh	1965-70 through 2020-25	1975-80	1965-70 through 2020-25	1982	1980
Barbados	1965-70 through 2020-25	1979	1965-70 through 2020-25	1983	1980
Belgium	1965-70 through 2020-25	1979	1965-70 through 2020-25	1987	1980
Belize	1965-70 through 2020-25	1969-71	1984	1985	1986
Benin	1965-70 through 2020-25	1976-81	1965-70 through 2020-25	1985	1981
Bhutan	1965-70 through 2020-25	1974	1965-70 through 2020-25	1985	1981
Bolivia	1965-70 through 2020-25	1981	1965-70 through 2020-25	1981	(1981)
Botswana	1965-70 through 2020-25	1972-76	1965-70 through 2020-25	1984	1980
Brazil	1965-70 through 2020-25	1968-72	1979-82	1984	1980
Brunei Darussalam	1965-70 through 2020-25	1970-72	1965-70 through 2020-25	1984	1984
Bulgaria	1965-70 through 2020-25	1965-67	1965-70 through 2020-25	1975	1975
Burkina Faso	1965-70 through 2020-25	1978-80	1965-70 through 2020-25	1976	1984
Burundi	1965-70 through 2020-25	1980-81	1965-70 through 2020-25	1976	1973-77
Cambodia	1965-70 through 2020-25	1965-70	1965-70 through 2020-25	1970	1980
Cameroon	1965-70 through 2020-25	1970-72	1965-70 through 2020-25	1985	1980
		1981	1965-70 through 2020-25	1985	1980-87
		1978-80	1965-70 through 2020-25	1986	1980
		1965	1965-70 through 2020-25	1970	1986
		1964-65	1965-70 through 2020-25	1978	1980-87

6. Health and health services

Country or area	Series 6.1	Series 6.2	Series 6.3	Series 6.4	Series 6.5
Canada	1965-70 through 2020-25	1970-72	1975-77	1987	1980 1985
Cape Verde	1965-70 through 2020-25	1979-81		1985	1980 1980 (1983)
Central African Rep.	1965-70 through 2020-25				1972
Chad	1965-70 through 2020-25	1969-70	1975-80	1986	1970 1980 1985
China	1965-70 through 2020-25				1980-87
Colombia	1965-70 through 2020-25			1981	1970 1977 1981
Comoros	1965-70 through 2020-25				1971
Congo	1965-70 through 2020-25	1972-74		1984	1970 1980 1984
Costa Rica	1965-70 through 2020-25				
Côte d'Ivoire	1965-70 through 2020-25				
Cuba	1965-70 through 2020-25	1977-78		1986	1970 1980 1985
Cyprus	1965-70 through 2020-25	1973	1976-77	1987	1970 1980 1985
Czechoslovakia	1965-70 through 2020-25	1970	1977	1986	1970 1980 1985
Democratic Yemen	1965-70 through 2020-25				1979
Denmark	1965-70 through 2020-25	1970-71	1978-79	1987	1970 1980 1986
Djibouti	1965-70 through 2020-25				
Dominica	1965-70 through 2020-25			1984	
Dominican Republic	1965-70 through 2020-25			1984	1970 1979 1984
East Timor	1965-70 through 2020-25				
Ecuador	1965-70 through 2020-25	1962-74	1974-79	1985	1970 1981 1986
Egypt	1965-70 through 2020-25			1976	1970 1980 1980-87
El Salvador	1965-70 through 2020-25	1971	1979	1984	1970 1980 1984
Equatorial Guinea	1965-70 through 2020-25	1971	1979-81	1987	1970 1980 1985
Ethiopia	1965-70 through 2020-25				
Fiji	1965-70 through 2020-25				
Finland	1965-70 through 2020-25	1971	1979	1985	1970 1980 1985
France	1965-70 through 2020-25	1971	1979-81	1987	1970 1980 1985

6. Health and health services

Country or area	Series 6.1	Series 6.2	Series 6.3	Series 6.4	Series 6.5
French Guiana				1984	
French Polynesia					
Gabon	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25		
Gambia	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25		
German Democratic Rep.	1965-70 through 2020-25	1971-72	1965-70 through 2020-25	1985	1970 1980 1985
Germany, Fed. Rep. of	1965-70 through 2020-25	1970-72	1976-78	1982-84	1965-70 through 2020-25
Ghana	1965-70 through 2020-25				1968 1978 1980-87
Greece	1965-70 through 2020-25	1970		1984	1970 1980 1985
Grenada	1965-70 through 2020-25			1980	
Guadeloupe	1965-70 through 2020-25	1963-67	1975-79	1985	1970 1978
Guam					1983
Guatemala	1965-70 through 2020-25	1972-73	1965-70 through 2020-25	1985	1970 1980 1980-87
Guinea	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25		
Guinea-Bissau	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25		
Guyana	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25	1984	1970 1976
Haiti	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25		1974-78 1980-87
Honduras	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25	1983	1970 1979 1980-87
Hong Kong	1965-70 through 2020-25	1971	1982	1983	1970 1980 1986
Hungary	1965-70 through 2020-25	1972	1979	1984	1970 1980 1986
Iceland	1965-70 through 2020-25	1966-70	1981-82	1983-84	1971
India	1965-70 through 2020-25	1961-70	1965-70 through 2020-25		1978 1985
Indonesia	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25		1976 1980-87
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	1965-70 through 2020-25		1976	1986	
Iraq	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25	1977	
Ireland	1965-70 through 2020-25	1970-72	1978-80	1980-82	1970 1980 1985
Israel	1965-70 through 2020-25	1972	1978	1984	1970 1980 1985
Italy	1965-70 through 2020-25	1970-72	1977-79	1984	1970 1980 1983
Jamaica	1965-70 through 2020-25			1982	1970 1977 1981-83
Japan	1965-70 through 2020-25	1965	1979	1984	1970 1980 1986
Jordan	1965-70 through 2020-25				1976

6. Health and health services

Country or area	Series 6.1	Series 6.2	Series 6.3	Series 6.4	Series 6.5
Kenya	1965-70 through 2020-25	1969	1965-70 through 2020-25		1970 1977
Kiribati					
Korea, D. People's R.	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25		1981
Korea, Republic of	1965-70 through 2020-25	1970 1978-79	1965-70 through 2020-25	1983	1983 1985
Kuwait	1965-70 through 2020-25	1970	1965-70 through 2020-25	1986	1980 1985
Lao People's Dem. Rep.	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25		1984
Lebanon	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25		
Lesotho	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25		
Liberia	1965-70 through 2020-25	1971	1965-70 through 2020-25		1978
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25		
Luxembourg	1965-70 through 2020-25	1971-73	1965-70 through 2020-25	1987	1971
Macau				1981	
Madagascar	1965-70 through 2020-25	1972	1965-70 through 2020-25		1982
Malawi	1965-70 through 2020-25	1970-72	1965-70 through 2020-25	1977	1979 1980-87
Malaysia	1965-70 through 2020-25	1979	1965-70 through 2020-25	1987	1980-87
Maldives					
Mali	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25	1976	
Malta	1965-70 through 2020-25	1973	1965-70 through 2020-25	1987	1985
Martinique	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25	1985	1975
Mauritania	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25		1970
Mauritius	1965-70 through 2020-25	1971-73	1965-70 through 2020-25	1987	1980 1986
Mexico	1965-70 through 2020-25	1970	1965-70 through 2020-25	1983	1980 1982
Mongolia	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25		1978 1980-87
Morocco	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25		
Mozambique	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25		1974
Myanmar	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25		
Namibia	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25		1970 1978 1985
Nepal	1965-70 through 2020-25	1981	1965-70 through 2020-25		1979

6. Health and health services

Country or area	Series 6.1	Series 6.2	Series 6.3	Series 6.4	Series 6.5
Netherlands	1965-70 through 2020-25	1972	1965-70 through 2020-25	1986	1970 1980 1986
Netherlands Antilles		1966-70			
New Caledonia	1965-70 through 2020-25			1976	1984
New Zealand	1965-70 through 2020-25	1970-72	1965-70 through 2020-25	1987	1980 1985
Nicaragua	1965-70 through 2020-25	1975-77	1965-70 through 2020-25	1975	1978 1980-87
Niger	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25		
Nigeria	1965-70 through 2020-25	1965-66	1965-70 through 2020-25		1980 1982
Norway	1965-70 through 2020-25	1971-72	1965-70 through 2020-25	1987	1981-83 1980-87
Oman	1965-70 through 2020-25	1978-79	1965-70 through 2020-25		1970 1980 1986
Pacific Islands					
Pakistan	1965-70 through 2020-25	1976-78	1965-70 through 2020-25	1976	(1978) (1984)
Panama	1965-70 through 2020-25	1970	1965-70 through 2020-25	1986	1980 1985
Papua New Guinea	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25		1971-72 1980
Paraguay	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25	1985	1980 1985
Peru	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25	1983	1980 1983
Philippines	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25	1986	1980 1984
Poland	1965-70 through 2020-25	1965-66	1965-70 through 2020-25	1987	1980 1986
Portugal	1965-70 through 2020-25	1971	1965-70 through 2020-25	1987	1980 1986
Puerto Rico	1965-70 through 2020-25	1971-73	1965-70 through 2020-25	1985	1980 1985
Qatar	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25		
Reunion	1965-70 through 2020-25	1963-67	1965-70 through 2020-25		
Romania	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25	1985	1980 1984
Rwanda	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25		1980-87
Samoa		1966-71			1983
Sao Tome and Principe					
Saudi Arabia	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25		
Senegal	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25		1975 1980-87
Seychelles		1978-82			
Sierra Leone	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25		1981 1986
Singapore	1965-70 through 2020-25	1970	1965-70 through 2020-25	1987	1980 1986

6. Health and health services

Country or area	Series 6.1	Series 6.2	Series 6.3	Series 6.4	Series 6.5
Solomon Islands					
Somalia	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25		1984
South Africa	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25		1981
Spain	1965-70 through 2020-25	1970	1965-70 through 2020-25	1981	1970 1980-82
Sri Lanka	1965-70 through 2020-25	1967	1965-70 through 2020-25	1983	1970 1980 1982 1979 1980-87
St. Christopher/Nevis				1984	
St. Lucia		1981	1983	1981	
St. Vincent/Grenadines				1985	
Sudan	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25		1980-7
Suriname	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25	1985	1970 1980
Swaziland	1965-70 through 2020-25	1976	1965-70 through 2020-25		
Sweden	1965-70 through 2020-25	1972	1965-70 through 2020-25	1987	1970 1980 1986
Switzerland	1965-70 through 2020-25	1968-73	1981-82	1987	1970 1980 1986
Syrian Arab Republic	1965-70 through 2020-25	1970	1965-70 through 2020-25	1984	1973 1980 (1984)
Thailand	1965-70 through 2020-25	1976-79	1965-70 through 2020-25	1987	1971 1981
Togo	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25		
Tonga					
Trinidad and Tobago	1965-70 through 2020-25	1970	1965-70 through 2020-25	1983	1970 1982 1983
Tunisia	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25	1980	1971
Turkey	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25	1974	(1986)
Uganda	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25	1966-67	1984
United Arab Emirates	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25		
United Kingdom	1965-70 through 2020-25	1970-72	1982-84	1987	1975 1980 1985
United Rep. Tanzania	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25	1986	1980-87
United States	1965-70 through 2020-25	1971	1983	1986	1970 1980 1986
Uruguay	1965-70 through 2020-25	1974-76	1965-70 through 2020-25	1985	1970 1981 1985
US Virgin Islands				1980	
USSR	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25		1980-87

6. Health and health services

Country or area	Series 6.1	Series 6.2	Series 6.3	Series 6.4	Series 6.5
Vanuatu					1983
Venezuela	1965-70 through 2020-25	1974	1965-70 through 2020-25	1986	1980 1983
Viet Nam	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25		1982 1983
Western Sahara					
Yemen	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25		
Yugoslavia	1965-70 through 2020-25	1970-72	1965-70 through 2020-25	1987	1970 1980 1985
Zaire	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25		
Zambia	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25		1979 1980-87
Zimbabwe	1965-70 through 2020-25		1965-70 through 2020-25	1982	1979

6. Health and health services

Country or area	Series 6.6	Series 6.7	Series 6.8	Series 6.9	Series 6.10	Series 6.11		Series 6.12
						Consumption	Prevalence by sex	
Afghanistan			1988		1975 1984	1970 1985		
Albania					1980			
Algeria		1960s	1984		1975 1980	1970 1985		
Angola	1973		1984	1976	1983	1970 1985		
Antigua and Barbuda	1978		1982		1983			
Argentina	1981	1968	1973	1980-86	1975 1983	1970 1985	Not stated	1981
Australia	1983		1982		1982	1970 1985	1983	1976
Austria	1984				1980	1970 1985	1981	
Bahamas	1983		1984		1975 1983			1981
Bahrain			1984		1975 1985			
Bangladesh		1975-76	1988	1976	1975 1983	1970 1985	1984	
Barbados	1983	1969	1983		1975 1983	1970 1985	Not stated	
Belgium	1984		1984		1984	1970 1985	1984	1980
Belize	1983	1972-74	1972-74					
Benin		1976	1988	1980-84	1975 1983	1970 1985		
Bhutan		Not stated	1988		1983			
Bolivia		1964	1971	1977	1975 1983	1970 1985	1986	
Botswana			1988	1980-86	1975 1984			
Brazil	1980	1968	1985	1980-84	1975 1983	1970 1985	1980	
Brunei Darussalam	1983		1984		1984			
Bulgaria	1983		1983		1980	1970 1985		
Burkina Faso		1978	1988	1980-86	1975 1984	1970 1985		
Burundi			1979	1980-84	1970 1983			
Cambodia			1984	1980-86	1970			
Cameroon			1983	1978	1970 1985			

6. Health and health services

Country or area	Series 6.6	Series 6.7	Series 6.8	Series 6.9	Series 6.10	Series 6.11		Series 6.12
						Consumption	Prevalence by sex	
Canada	1984		1984	1978	1982	1970 1985	1981	1983
Cape Verde	1980	Not stated	1983		1983	1970 1985		1980
Central African Rep.			1988		1980	1970 1985		1975
Chad		1968	1981		1975 1984	1970 1985		
Chile	1983	1976	1986	1980-86	1975 1983	1970 1985	Not stated	
China							Not stated	1983
Colombia	1977	1977-80	1984	1980-86	1975 1983	1970 1985	Not stated	1980
Comoros			1988		1982			
Congo			1982	1980-86	1975 1985	1970 1985		
Costa Rica	1983	1969		1980-86	1975 1983	1970 1985		
Côte d'Ivoire		1978	(1987)	1980-84	1970 1980	1970 1985	1981	
Cuba	1983		1987		1975 1982	1970 1985		1981
Cyprus			1985		1975 1984	1970 1985		
Czechoslovakia	1983		1984		1983	1970 1985	1984	
Democratic Yemen			1988	1980-86	1970 1983			
Denmark	1984		(1979)		1982	1970 1985	1987	
Djibouti			1984		1985			
Dominica	1982		1983		1980			
Dominican Republic	1982	1969	1983	1980-86	1975 1983	1970 1985		
East Timor								
Ecuador	1978	1960	1983	1980-86	1975 1983	1970 1985		
Egypt	1980	Not stated	1986	1980-86	1970 1981	1970 1985	1981	1979-81
El Salvador	1984	1978	1984	1980-86	1975 1983	1970 1985		
Equatorial Guinea			1984		1983			
Ethiopia		1968-76	1988	1977	1975 1984	1970 1985	1978	1979-81
Fiji	1984	1975-82	1982		1975 1980	1970 1985	1980	1982
Finland	1983		(1979)		1984	1970 1985	1985	
France	1983				1983	1970 1985	1982	

6. Health and health services

Country or area	Series 6.6	Series 6.7	Series 6.8	Series 6.9	Series 6.10	Series 6.11		Prevalence by sex	Series 6.12
						Consumption			
French Guiana	1978								
French Polynesia			1984					Not stated	
Gabon			1983		1970 1983				
Gambia		1955	1984		1970 1983				
German Democratic Rep.	1984		(1977)		1985	1970 1985			
Germany, Fed. Rep. of	1984		(1979)						1983
Ghana		1970	1988	1980-84	1975 1983	1970 1985		1984	
Greece	1983		1978		1975 1983	1970 1985		1975	
Grenada	1978		1983		1975 1983	1970 1985		1985	
Guadeloupe	1978								
Guam	1982		1983			1970 1985			
Guatemala	1981	1968	1987		1975 1983	1970 1985		Not stated	
Guinea			1988	1978	1975 1984	1970 1985			
Guinea-Bissau		1957	1972	1980-86	1984				
Guyana	1977	1982	1984	1980-84	1975 1983	1970 1985		Not stated	1980
Haiti			1988	1980-86	1975 1983	1970 1985			
Honduras	1979		1983	1980-84	1975 1983	1970 1985			
Hong Kong	1984		1984	1974		1970 1985		1984	1981
Hungary	1984		1982	1975-76	1984	1970 1985		1980	
Iceland	1983		1984		1984	1970 1985			
India		(1987)	1983		1975 1983	1970 1985		1984	
Indonesia		1975-80	1984	1980-84	1975 1984	1970 1985		1984	1980
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)		1968-69			1975 1985	1970 1985			
Iraq	1977		1985	1980-86	1975 1985	1970 1985		1986	
Ireland	1983				1984	1970 1985		1982	1981
Israel	1983	1968-73	1984		1984	1970 1985		1987	
Italy	1981		(1979)		1981	1970 1985		1980	
Jamaica	1971	1978	1983	1976	1975 1983	1970 1985			1978
Japan	1984		1984		1985	1970 1985		1984	1980
Jordan	1979	1973	1983	1980-86	1970 1984	1970 1985			1983

6. Health and health services

Country or area	Series 6.6	Series 6.7	Series 6.8	Series 6.9	Series 6.10	Series 6.11		Prevalence by sex	Series 6.12
						Consumption			
Kenya	1970	Not stated	1984	1978	1975 1983	1970 1985		1981 1978	1981 1978
Kiribati								1981	
Korea, D. People's R.			1983		1983	1970 1985			
Korea, Republic of		1977-80	1982	1974	1975 1983	1970 1985		1981	
Kuwait	1983		1985	1978-79	1975 1985	1970 1985		Not stated	1980
Lao People's Dem. Rep.		1970	1974	1980-86	1975	1970 1985			
Lebanon		1962	1976	1980-86	1970 1985	1970 1985			1980
Lesotho			1988	1980-86	1975				
Liberia		1982	1984	1980-86	1970 1983	1970 1985			
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya		1957	1976		1975 1983	1970 1985			
Luxembourg	1984		1984		1984				
Macau	1981								
Madagascar			1984	1980-84	1975 1983	1970 1985			
Malawi		1970	1988	1980-86	1984	1970 1985			
Malaysia		1979	1983	1980-86	1975 1983	1970 1985		1984	
Maldives			1988		1983				
Mali		(1987)	1988	1980-86	1970 1980				1976
Malta	1982		1983		1983				
Martinique	1975								
Mauritania		1975	1988		1970 1984				
Mauritius	1982	1960	1987	1980-86	1975 1984	1970 1985		1987	
Mexico	1981	1968	1987	1976	1975 1983	1970 1985		1984	1980
Mongolia			1984		1983				
Morocco		1964-71	1980	1980-86	1970 1984	1970 1985			
Mozambique			1983		1980	1970 1985			
Myanmar		1980	1988	1980-86	1975 1983	1970 1985			1983
Namibia									
Nepal		1972	1988	1976	1975 1983	1970 1985		1981	1980

6. Health and health services

Country or area	Series 6.6	Series 6.7	Series 6.8	Series 6.9	Series 6.10	Series 6.11	
						Consumption	Prevalence by sex
Netherlands	1984		1978	1975	1982	1970 1985	1982
Netherlands Antilles							1981
New Caledonia	1983		1984		1984	1970 1985	1979
New Zealand	1978	1969		1980-86	1975 1983	1970 1985	1981
Nicaragua							
Niger		1978	1983	1980-84	1975 1983	1970 1985	
Nigeria		(1987)	1980	1980-86	1983	1970 1985	Not stated
Norway	1984		1982		1983	1970 1985	1985
Oman			1983		1975 1980		1983
Pacific Islands	1978						
Pakistan		Not stated	1976	1980-86	1975 1985	1970 1985	1982
Panama	1984		1984	1979	1975 1983	1970 1985	1981
Papua New Guinea		1965	1983		1975 1983	1970 1985	1981
Paraguay	1983		1983	1979	1975 1983	1970 1985	
Peru	1981	1968	1984	1980-86	1975 1983	1970 1985	1971
Philippines	1978	Not stated	1983	1978	1975 1985	1970 1985	1982
Poland	1984		(1980)	1977	1980	1970 1985	1983
Portugal	1984		1978		1980	1970 1985	1984
Puerto Rico	1983						
Qatar	1982		1980		1975 1982		
Reunion						1970 1985	
Romania	1983		1983		1980	1970 1985	1980
Rwanda			1988	1980-86	1975 1983		
Samoa	1980		1988		1975 1982		
Sao Tome and Principe			(1983)		1981		
Saudi Arabia		1978-82	1983	1980-84	1975 1983	1970 1985	
Senegal		1979-80	1978	1980-84	1975 1983	1970 1985	Not stated
Seychelles	1982		1984		1984		
Sierra Leone		1977	1984	1978	1970 1984	1970 1985	
Singapore	1981	1976	1984		1975 1982	1970 1985	1985

6. Health and health services

Country or area	Series 6.6	Series 6.7	Series 6.8	Series 6.9	Series 6.10	Series 6.11	
						Consumption	Prevalence by sex
Solomon Islands			1983		1984		
Somalia			1988	1980-86	1975 1985		
South Africa	1971	1966				1970 1985	
Spain	1980		1983		1983	1970 1985	1986
Sri Lanka	1981	1969-72	1983	1980-86	1975 1983	1970 1985	1984
St. Christopher/Nevis	1984		1981		1983		
St. Lucia	1981		1982		1979		
St. Vincent/Grenadines	1983		1981		1981		
Sudan		1976-77	1988	1979	1975 1984	1970 1985	
Suriname	1981		1984		1983	1970 1985	
Swaziland			1984				1987
Sweden	1984		1984		1983	1970 1985	1986
Switzerland	1984		(1976)		1984	1970 1985	1981
Syrian Arab Republic			1979	1978	1970 1984	1970 1985	
Thailand	1984	1979	1983	1980-86	1975 1983	1970 1985	1981
Togo		1977		1977	1975 1983	1970 1985	
Tonga			1984		1975 1984		1987
Trinidad and Tobago	1977	1968	1987	1977	1975 1983	1970 1985	1987
Tunisia		1978	1988	1980-84	1975 1984	1970 1985	1984
Turkey		1971-74	1979-81	1980-84	1975 1980	1970 1985	Not stated
Uganda		1958	(1973)	1980-84	1975 1983	1970 1985	Not stated
United Arab Emirates			1984		1985		
United Kingdom	1983		1984		1985	1970 1985	1984
United Rep. Tanzania		1971	1988	1980-86	1975 1984	1970 1985	1987
United States	1982		1985	1980-84	1984	1970 1985	1980
Uruguay	1978	1962	1977	1980-86	1975 1983	1970 1985	1985
US Virgin Islands	1973						
USSR			1983		1983	1970 1985	Not stated

6. Health and health services

Country or area	Series 6.6	Series 6.7	Series 6.8	Series 6.9	Series 6.10	Series 6.11		Series 6.12
						Consumption	Prevalence by sex	
Vanuatu			1988		1985			
Venezuela	1980	(1987)	1982	1977	1970 1983	1970 1985	1984	1981
Viet Nam		1959	1982	1980-86	1970 1983	1970 1985	1984	
Western Sahara								
Yemen			1988	1979	1970 1983			
Yugoslavia	1982		(1979)		1981	1970 1985	Not stated	
Zaire		1979		1980-86	1975	1970 1985		
Zambia		1970-72		1980-84	1975	1970 1985	1983	
Zimbabwe	1979	1968	1984	1980-86	1984	1970 1985		1981

7. Public affairs and political participation

Country or area	Series 7.1	Series 7.2	Series 7.3	
			1975	1980 1989
Afghanistan			1975	1980 1989
Albania	yes	1974	1975	1980 1989
Algeria	yes	1987	1975	1980 1989
Angola	yes	1986	1975	1980 1989
Antigua and Barbuda		1984	1975	1980 1989
Argentina	yes	1973 1986/85	1975	1980 1989
Australia	yes	1975	1975	1980 1989
Austria	yes	1975	1975	1980 1989
Bahamas		1987	1975	1980 1989
Bahrain			1975	1980 1989
Bangladesh	yes	1973	1975	1980 1989
Barbados		1971	1975	1980 1989
Belgium	yes	1974	1975	1980 1989
Belize		1984	1975	1980 1989
Benin	yes	1984	1975	1980 1989
Bhutan	yes		1975	1980 1989
Bolivia	yes	1985	1975	1980 1989
Botswana	yes	1974	1975	1980 1989
Brazil	yes	1974	1975	1980 1989
Brunei Darussalam			1975	1980 1989
Bulgaria	yes	1971	1975	1980 1989
Burkina Faso			1975	1980 1989
Burundi	yes	1982	1975	1980 1989
Cambodia			1975	1980 1989
Cameroon	yes	1973	1975	1980 1989

7. Public affairs and political participation

Country or area	Series 7.1	Series 7.2	Series 7.3
Canada	yes	1975/74 1987/84	1975 1980 1989
Cape Verde	yes	1975 1985	1975 1980 1989
Central African Rep.			1975 1980 1989
Chad			1975 1980 1989
Chile			1975 1980 1989
China	yes	1975 1983	1975 1980 1989
Colombia	yes	1974 1986	1975 1980 1989
Comoros	yes	1987	1975 1980 1989
Congo	yes	1973 1984	1975 1980 1989
Costa Rica	yes	1974 1986	1975 1980 1989
Côte d'Ivoire	yes	1975 1985	1975 1980 1989
Cuba	yes	1986	1975 1980 1989
Cyprus	yes	1970 1985	1975 1980 1989
Czechoslovakia	yes	1971 1986	1975 1980 1989
Democratic Yemen	yes	1986	1975 1980 1989
Denmark	yes	1975 1987	1975 1980 1989
Djibouti	yes	1987	1975 1980 1989
Dominica	yes	1985	1975 1980 1989
Dominican Republic		1974 1986	1975 1980 1989
East Timor			
Ecuador	yes	1986	1975 1980 1989
Egypt	yes	1971 1987	1975 1980 1989
El Salvador		1985	1975 1980 1989
Equatorial Guinea	yes	1968 1983	1975 1980 1989
Ethiopia		1987	1975 1980 1989
Fiji			
Finland	yes	1975 1987	1975 1980 1989
France	yes	1974/73 1986	1975 1980 1989

7. Public affairs and political participation

Country or area	Series 7.1	Series 7.2	Series 7.3
French Guiana			
French Polynesia			
Gabon	yes	1973 1985	1975 1980 1989
Gambia		1972 1987	1975 1980 1989
German Democratic Rep.	yes	1971 1986	1975 1980 1989
Germany, Fed. Rep. of	yes	1970/72 1987	1975 1980 1989
Ghana			1975 1980 1989
Greece	yes	1974 1985	1975 1980 1989
Grenada		1984	1975 1980 1989
Guadeloupe			
Guam			
Guatemala	yes	1985	1975 1980 1989
Guinea			1975 1980 1989
Guinea-Bissau	yes	1984 1985	1975 1980 1989
Guyana		1973	1975 1980 1989
Haiti			1975 1980 1989
Honduras	yes	1985	1975 1980 1989
Hong Kong			
Hungary	yes	1975 1985	1975 1980 1989
Iceland	yes	1974 1987	1975 1980 1989
India	yes	1974/71 1987/84	1975 1980 1989
Indonesia	yes	1971 1987	1975 1980 1989
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	yes	1984	1975 1980 1989
Iraq	yes	1984	1975 1980 1989
Ireland	yes	1973 1983/87	1975 1980 1989
Israel	yes	1973 1984	1975 1980 1989
Italy	yes	1972 1987	1975 1980 1989
Jamaica		1972 1983	1975 1980 1989
Japan	yes	1974/72 1986	1975 1980 1989
Jordan	yes	1974/67 1984/67	1975 1980 1989

7. Public affairs and political participation

Country or area	Series 7.1	Series 7.2	Series 7.3
Kenya	yes	1974	1983 1980 1989
Kiribati		1987	
Korea, D. People's R.	yes	1972	1986
Korea, Republic of	yes	1973	1985
Kuwait			1975 1980 1989
Lao People's Dem. Rep.			1975 1980 1989
Lebanon		1968	1972
Lesotho			1975 1980 1989
Liberia	yes	1985	1975 1980 1989
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya			1975 1980 1989
Luxembourg	yes	1974	1984
Macau			1975 1980 1989
Madagascar	yes	1983	1980 1989
Malawi		1971	1987
Malaysia	yes	1975/74	1987/86
Maldives	yes	1984	1975 1980 1989
Mali	yes	1985	1975 1980 1989
Malta	yes	1971	1987
Martinique			1975 1980 1989
Mauritania			1975 1980 1989
Mauritius	yes	1983	1975 1980 1989
Mexico	yes	1970/73	1982/85
Mongolia	yes	1973	1986
Morocco	yes	1970	1984
Mozambique		1982	1975 1980 1989
Myanmar		1974	1985
Namibia			1975 1980 1989
Nepal	yes	1986	1975 1980 1989

7. Public affairs and political participation

Country or area	Series 7.1	Series 7.2	Series 7.3
Netherlands	yes	1974/72	1987/86
Netherlands Antilles			1975 1980 1989
New Caledonia	yes	1975	1987
New Zealand	yes	1984	1980 1989
Nicaragua			1975 1980 1989
Niger			1975 1980 1989
Nigeria			1975 1980 1989
Norway	yes	1973	1985
Oman			1975 1980 1989
Pacific Islands			1975 1980 1989
Pakistan	yes	1975/73	1985
Panama	yes	1984	1980 1989
Papua New Guinea		1987	1980 1989
Paraguay	yes	1983	1975 1980 1989
Peru		1985	1975 1980 1989
Philippines	yes	1987	1975 1980 1989
Poland	yes	1972	1985
Portugal	yes	1975	1980 1989
Puerto Rico			1975 1980 1989
Qatar			1975 1980 1989
Reunion			1975 1980 1989
Romania	yes	1975	1985
Rwanda	yes	1983	1975 1980 1989
Samoa		1985	1975 1980 1989
Sao Tome and Principe			1975 1980 1989
Saudi Arabia		1973	1983
Senegal	yes	1983	1975 1980 1989
Seychelles		1973	1986
Sierra Leone		1972	1984
Singapore	yes		1975 1980 1989

7. Public affairs and political participation

Country or area	Series 7.1	Series 7.2	Series 7.3
Solomon Islands	yes	1984	1975 1980 1989
Somalia	yes	1969 1984	1975 1980 1989
South Africa	yes	1987/85	1975 1980 1989
Spain	yes	1986	1975 1980 1989
Sri Lanka	yes	1977	1975 1980 1989
St. Christopher/Nevis		1984	1975 1980 1989
St. Lucia		1982/87	1975 1980 1989
St. Vincent/Grenadines		1984	1975 1980 1989
Sudan	yes	1986	1975 1980 1989
Suriname	yes	1975 1985	1975 1980 1989
Swaziland		1983	1975 1980 1989
Sweden	yes	1973 1985	1975 1980 1989
Switzerland	yes	1975 1983	1975 1980 1989
Syrian Arab Republic	yes	1973 1986	1975 1980 1989
Thailand	yes	1975 1987/86	1975 1980 1989
Togo	yes	1985	1975 1980 1989
Tonga		1987	
Trinidad and Tobago		1971 1986	1975 1980 1989
Tunisia	yes	1974 1986	1975 1980 1989
Turkey	yes	1983	1975 1980 1989
Uganda			1975 1980 1989
United Arab Emirates		1984	1975 1980 1989
United Kingdom	yes	1974 1987	1975 1980 1989
United Rep. Tanzania	yes	1975 1985	1975 1980 1989
United States	yes	1974 1986	1975 1980 1989
Uruguay	yes	1971 1984	1975 1980 1989
US Virgin Islands			
USSR	yes	1974 1984	1975 1980 1989

7. Public affairs and political participation

Country or area	Series 7.1	Series 7.2	Series 7.3
Vanuatu	yes		1975 1980 1989
Venezuela	yes	1974 1983	1975 1980 1989
Viet Nam	yes	1987	1975 1980 1989
Western Sahara		1979	1975 1980 1989
Yemen	yes		1975 1980 1989
Yugoslavia	yes	1974 1986	1975 1980 1989
Zaire	yes	1975 1982	1975 1980 1989
Zambia		1973 1983	1975 1980 1989
Zimbabwe	yes	1985	1975 1980 1989

8. Crime and criminal justice

Country or area	Series 8.1
Afghanistan	1975
Albania	
Algeria	
Angola	
Antigua and Barbuda	
Argentina	1975
Australia	1980
Austria	1975
Bahamas	1975
Bahrain	1980
Bangladesh	1975
Barbados	1980
Belgium	1975
Belize	1975
Benin	1980
Bhutan	
Bolivia	
Botswana	
Brazil	
Brunei Darussalam	
Bulgaria	
Burkina Faso	
Burundi	
Cambodia	
Cameroon	

8. Crime and criminal justice

Country or area	Series 8.1
Canada	1975
Cape Verde	1980
Central African Rep.	1975
Chad	
Chile	1975
China	1980
Colombia	
Comoros	1975
Congo	
Costa Rica	1980
Côte d'Ivoire	
Cuba	
Cyprus	
Czechoslovakia	1980
Democratic Yemen	1975
Denmark	
Djibouti	1975
Dominica	1980
Dominican Republic	1980
East Timor	
Ecuador	
Egypt	
El Salvador	
Equatorial Guinea	
Ethiopia	
Fiji	1975
Finland	1980
France	1975

8. Crime and criminal justice		
Country or area	Series 8.1	
French Guiana		
French Polynesia		
Gabon		
Gambia		
German Democratic Rep.		
Germany, Fed. Rep. of	1975	1980
Ghana		
Greece	1975	1980
Grenada		
Guadeloupe		
Guam		
Guatemala		
Guinea		
Guinea-Bissau		
Guyana		
Haiti		
Honduras	1975	1980
Hong Kong		
Hungary		
Iceland		
India	1975	1980
Indonesia		
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)		
Iraq		
Ireland	1975	1980
Israel	1975	1980
Italy	1975	1980
Jamaica		
Japan	1975	1980
Jordan	1975	1980

8. Crime and criminal justice		
Country or area	Series 8.1	
Kenya		
Kiribati		
Korea, D. People's R.		
Korea, Republic of	1975	1980
Kuwait	1975	1980
Lao People's Dem. Rep.		
Lebanon		
Lesotho		
Liberia		
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya		
Luxembourg		
Macau		
Madagascar	1975	1980
Malawi		
Malaysia		
Maldives		
Mali		
Malta		
Martinique		
Mauritania		
Mauritius		
Mexico		
Mongolia		
Morocco		1980
Mozambique		
Myanmar		
Namibia		
Nepal	1975	1980

8. Crime and criminal justice

Country or area	Series 8.1	
Netherlands	1975	1980
Netherlands Antilles		
New Caledonia		
New Zealand	1975	1980
Nicaragua		
Niger		
Nigeria		
Norway	1975	1980
Oman		
Pacific Islands		
Pakistan	1975	1980
Panama		
Papua New Guinea		
Paraguay		
Peru		
Philippines	1975	
Poland	1975	1980
Portugal	1975	1980
Puerto Rico		
Qatar	1975	1980
Reunion		
Romania		
Rwanda		
Samoa		
Sao Tome and Principe		
Saudi Arabia		
Senegal	1975	1980
Seychelles	1975	1980
Sierra Leone		
Singapore	1975	1980

8. Crime and criminal justice

Country or area	Series 8.1	
Solomon Islands		
Somalia		
South Africa	1975	1980
Spain	1975	1980
Sri Lanka	1975	1980
St. Christopher/Nevis		
St. Lucia		1980
St. Vincent/Grenadines		
Sudan		
Suriname	1975	1980
Swaziland		
Sweden	1975	1980
Switzerland	1975	1980
Syrian Arab Republic	1975	1980
Thailand	1975	1980
Togo		
Tonga	1975	1980
Trinidad and Tobago	1975	1980
Tunisia		
Turkey		
Uganda		
United Arab Emirates		1980
United Kingdom	1975	1980
United Rep. Tanzania		
United States	1975	1980
Uruguay		
US Virgin Islands	1975	1980
USSR		

8. Crime and criminal justice

Country or area	Series 8.1	
Vanuatu		
Venezuela	1975	1980
Viet Nam		
Western Sahara		
Yemen		
Yugoslavia	1975	1980
Zaire		
Zambia	1975	1980
Zimbabwe	1975	

9. National product and expenditure

Country or area	Series 9.1		Series 9.2		Series 9.3	
Afghanistan			1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	
Albania			1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	
Algeria	1970	1975	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	
Angola	1970	1975	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	
Antigua and Barbuda	1970	1975	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1981 1983
Argentina		1975	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1975 1980 1983
Australia		1975	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1970 1980 1982-83
Austria		1975	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1970 1980 1983
Bahamas		1975	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1975 1980 1983
Bahrain	1970	1975	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1978 1980 1983
Bangladesh		1975	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1975 1977 1983
Barbados	1970	1975	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1971 1980 1983
Belgium		1975	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1970 1980 1983
Belize	1970	1975	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1981 1983
Benin		1975	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1970 1981 1983
Bhutan	1970	1975	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	
Bolivia		1975	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1970 1980 1983
Botswana		1975	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	
Brazil	1970	1975	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1970 1980 1983
Brunei Darussalam	1970	1975	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	
Bulgaria		1975	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1970 1980 1983
Burkina Faso	1970	1975	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1969 1980 1983
Burundi	1970	1975	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1978 1980 1983
Cambodia		1975	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	
Cameroon	1970		1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1969-70 1980-81 1982-83

9. National product and expenditure

Country or area	Series 9.1			Series 9.2			Series 9.3		
	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Canada	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Cape Verde	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Central African Rep.	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Chad	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Chile	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
China	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Colombia	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Comoros	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Congo	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Costa Rica	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Côte d'Ivoire	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Cuba	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Cyprus	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Czechoslovakia	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Democratic Yemen	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Denmark	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Djibouti	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Dominica	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Dominican Republic	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
East Timor	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Ecuador	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Egypt	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
El Salvador	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Equatorial Guinea	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Ethiopia	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Fiji	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Finland	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
France	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985

9. National product and expenditure

Country or area	Series 9.1			Series 9.2			Series 9.3		
	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
French Guiana	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
French Polynesia	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Gabon	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Gambia	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
German Democratic Rep.	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Germany, Fed. Rep. of	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Ghana	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Greece	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Grenada	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Guadeloupe	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Guam	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Guatemala	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Guinea	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Guinea-Bissau	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Guyana	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Haiti	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Honduras	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Hong Kong	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Hungary	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Iceland	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
India	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Indonesia	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Iraq	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Ireland	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Israel	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Italy	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Jamaica	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Japan	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985
Jordan	1970	1975	1980	1975	1980	1985	1975	1980	1985

9. National product and expenditure

Country or area	Series 9.1					Series 9.2					Series 9.3		
Kenya	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1970	1977	1983		
Kiribati	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86					
Korea, D. People's R.						1970-75	1975-80	1980-86					
Korea, Republic of	1970	1975				1970-75	1975-80	1980-86					
Kuwait	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1980-81	1982-83			
Lao People's Dem. Rep.	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86					
Lebanon	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1978	1980			
Lesotho	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86					
Liberia						1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1980-81	1982-83			
Libyan Arab Jamahinya	1970	1975	1980	1985		1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1970	1977			
Luxembourg	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1970	1980	1983		
Macau	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986								
Madagascar						1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1981	1983			
Malawi	1970	1975	1980			1970-75	1975-80	1980-86					
Malaysia	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1970	1980	1983		
Maldives	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86					
Mali	1970	1975	1980			1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1970	1980	1983		
Malta	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1970	1980	1983		
Martinique	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86					
Mauritania						1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1970	1977	1983		
Mauritius	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1970	1980	1982-83		
Mexico						1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1970	1980	1983		
Mongolia	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86					
Morocco						1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1970	1980	1983		
Mozambique	1975	1980	1985			1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1981	1983			
Myanmar	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1970	1977	1982-83		
Namibia						1970-75	1975-80	1980-86					
Nepal	1970	1975	1980			1970-75	1975-80	1980-86					

9. National product and expenditure

Country or area	Series 9.1					Series 9.2			Series 9.3		
Netherlands	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1970	1980	1983
Netherlands Antilles	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86			
New Caledonia	1970	1975	1980	1985		1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1970	1980	1982-83
New Zealand	1970	1975	1980			1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1970	1980	1983
Nicaragua	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86			
Niger	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1970	1980	1982-83
Nigeria						1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1969-70	1981	1983
Norway	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1970	1980	1983
Oman	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86			
Pacific Islands											
Pakistan	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1964-65	1980-81	1982-83
Panama	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1972	1980	1983
Papua New Guinea	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1982	1983	
Paraguay						1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1981	1983	
Peru	1970	1975	1980	1985		1970-75	1975-80	1980-86			
Philippines	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1970	1980	1983
Poland			1980			1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1970	1980	1983
Portugal	1970	1975	1980	1985		1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1970	1980	1983
Puerto Rico						1970-75	1975-80	1980-86			
Qatar	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86			
Reunion						1970-75	1975-80	1980-86			
Romania						1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1970	1980	1983
Rwanda	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1970	1977	1983
Samoa	1970	1975	1980	1985		1970-75	1975-80	1980-86			
Sao Tome and Principe		1975	1980	1985		1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1981	1983	
Saudi Arabia	1970	1975	1980	1985		1970-75	1975-80	1980-86			
Senegal	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1970	1980	1982-83
Seychelles						1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1978	1980	1983
Sierra Leone	1970	1975	1980			1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1972	1977	1983
Singapore	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1970	1980	1983

9. National product and expenditure

Country or area	Series 9.1			Series 9.2			Series 9.3		
	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1908-81 1982-83
Solomon Islands	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1908-81 1982-83
Somalia	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	
South Africa		1975	1980			1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	
Spain		1975	1980			1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1975 1980 1983
Sri Lanka		1980				1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1970 1980 1983
St. Christopher/Nevis	1970	1975	1980			1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	
St. Lucia		1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1980-81 1982-83
St. Vincent/Grenadines	1970	1975	1980			1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	
Sudan	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1975 1980 1983
Suriname	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1978 1980 1983
Swaziland	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1980-81 1982-83
Sweden	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1970 1980 1983
Switzerland	1970	1975	1980			1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1970 1980 1983
Syrian Arab Republic	1970	1975	1980			1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	
Thailand	1970	1975	1980	1985		1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1980 1983
Togo	1970	1975	1980	1985		1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1970 1980 1983
Tonga	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	
Trinidad and Tobago	1970	1975				1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1970 1980 1982-83
Tunisia		1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1970 1980 1983
Turkey	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1970 1980 1983
Uganda	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1980-81 1982-83
United Arab Emirates	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	
United Kingdom	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1970 1980 1982-83
United Rep. Tanzania						1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1980-81 1982-83
United States						1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1970 1980 1982-83
Uruguay						1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	
US Virgin Islands	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1970 1980 1983
USSR		1975				1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1970 1980 1983

9. National product and expenditure

Country or area	Series 9.1			Series 9.2			Series 9.3		
	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1970 1980 1983
Vanuatu						1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	
Venezuela	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1970 1980 1983
Viet Nam	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	
Western Sahara	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	
Yemen	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	
Yugoslavia						1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1970 1981 1983
Zaire	1970	1975	1980	1985		1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	
Zambia						1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1977 1982-83
Zimbabwe						1970-75	1975-80	1980-86	1980 1982-83

Publications on women's statistics

Current statistics and indicators

This unique new publication is an experimental international publication that uses innovative techniques to highlight indicators on women's conditions world-wide, in a form that non-specialists can readily understand. It provides numbers and analyses to inform people everywhere about how much women contribute to economic life, political life and family life.

This three-colour poster presents 16 key indicators on the situation of women in 178 countries or areas around the world in the late 1980s. The indicators cover population, education, economic activity, marital status, fertility and contraception, health and political life. Technical notes and sources for the statistics are included.

**Handbook for National Statistical Data Bases on Women
and Development**
Series K, No. 6, Sales No. 89.XVII.9, 119 pp., \$23.50
(E, A, C, F, R, S)

Methods of Measuring Women's Participation and Production in the Informal Sector
Series F, No. 46, Sales No. 90.XVII.16, 216 pp. \$32.00
(E, A, C, F, R, S)

Focus on measurement of women's and men's participation in the informal sector, including both remunerated and unremunerated work. Specific topics include development of statistical concepts and methods, use of time-budget statistics, measurement of the informal sector in Latin America, and alternative approaches to the measurement of women's economic situation.

Series F, No. 48, Sales No. 88.XVII.11), 148 pp., \$17.00
(E, A, F, R, S)

Presents practical guidance for using household surveys to collect statistics and indicators on women across the various economic and social fields covered by survey programmes.

Series K, No. 5, 604 pp., \$65.00, Sales No. E/F.88.XVII.6 (E/F)

Brings together available statistics and indicators for 178 countries or areas in 33 tables covering population, households and families, fertility, economic participation, income and expenditure, education, health, housing and human settlements and political participation.

Extracts statistics from the *Compendium of Statistics and Indicators on the Situation of Women 1986* for 52 countries or areas in Africa in 31 tables, covering the same fields.

Series F, No. 45, Sales No. 87.XVII.6), 141 pp. \$17.00
(E, F, A, R, S)

• Presents the syllabus, training exercises and summaries of lectures and discussions from the subregional seminar for users and producers of statistics and indicators on women in development, held in Harare in 1985.

Explains how to develop indicators on women from sources of data which exist in most countries, such as population censuses, household surveys and registration systems. Presents illustrative indicators and gives guidance on how to avoid stereotypes and biases which may affect the existing data on women.

Series F, No. 33, No. 84.XVII.3, 70 pp. \$8.50 (E, A, F, R, S)
Reviews critically concepts and

Reviews critically contents, goals and methods in national statistics collection programmes as to the adequacy and quality of statistics produced on the situation of women. Possible changes in statistical recommendations and practices are considered.

To purchase publications, see the order form on the reverse page.

Date :	Order no:
☐ UN Sales Section acct. no.:	Orders over US\$15.00 may be charged to:
☐ Payment enclosed:	☐ Visa ☐ Mastercard
	Account no.:
	Expiration date:
US\$	Signature :

Bill to: _____

Ship to: _____

Please send the United Nations Publications listed below:

[illegible]

Total: \$

Send orders and inquiries to:

United Nations Publications
Sales Section, United Nations
Room DC-2-0853, New York 10017 USA
Tel.: (212)963-8302; (800)254-9646
Facsimile: (212)963-3489

or to:

United Nations Publications
Sales Unit, Palais des Nations, 1211 Geneva 10 (Switzerland)
Tel. (22) 34.60.11, Extension: Bookshop
Facsimile: (22) 740-0931

Wistat

**United Nations Women's Indicators and Statistics
Microcomputer Database**

Wistat

Version 2 (1 May 1991)

Description, order forms and conditions of use

Order forms are to be returned to:

Director of the Statistical Division
United Nations
New York 10017
USA

CONDITIONS OF USE

The United Nations Women's Indicators and Statistics Database on microcomputer diskettes (Wistat) is copyrighted by the United Nations. It may not be copied, reproduced or published by any means, in its original or any altered form, without the written permission of the United Nations, except for back-up and analysis of the statistics by the registered user. Governments, organizations and individuals obtaining copies of Wistat from the United Nations are automatically registered as users when the diskettes are sent to them. The Statistical Division of the United Nations will notify registered database users of new technical developments and other updated information.

Please complete each section of the order forms below to receive the United Nations Women's Indicators and Statistics Database on microcomputer diskettes.

Description of Wistat (Version 2, 1 May 1991)

The United Nations Women's Indicators and Statistics Database (Wistat) consists of 84 microcomputer spreadsheet files for data plus 9 reference files, also in spreadsheets, which range in size from approximately 20kb to 150kb and total about 7mb. Wistat contains detailed statistics for 178 countries and areas in the world. All member States of the United Nations and all other countries or areas with a population of 150,000 or more in 1985 are covered, to the extent national data are available. The data are for the period of roughly 1970-1988 with certain projections and estimates extending back to 1950 and forward to 2025.

Wistat contains a full range of national statistics on women that are available at the international level in offices of the United Nations Secretariat, the statistical services of the United Nations regional commissions and specialized agencies, including the International Labour Organisation, the Food and Agricultural Organization of the United Nations, the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization and the World Health Organization, and the Inter-Parliamentary Union, a non-governmental organization. The data are grouped in the following nine subject fields.

- I. Population composition and distribution
- II. Learning and educational services
- III. Economic activity and population not economically active
- IV. Households, marital status and fertility
- V. Housing conditions and human settlements
- VI. Health and health services; disabled persons
- VII. Public affairs and political participation
- VIII. Crime and criminal justice
- IX. National product and expenditure

Wistat is available on diskettes for use on IBM XT/AT-compatible microcomputers using MS/PC-DOS and Lotus 1-2-3 spreadsheet software. The diskette type is 5-1/4" (360kb) or 3-1/2" (720 kb) low density.

Wistat may be ordered complete for 178 countries or areas or separately for regions, as follows:

	<u>\$US</u>
Global (178 countries or areas) -----	220
Members of the Economic Commission for Europe -----	60
Members of the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean -----	60
Members of the Economic Commission for Africa -----	60
Members of the Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific -----	60
Members of the Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia -----	45

Non-profit organizations may be eligible to purchase Wistat at a reduced charge. See the information provided in the order forms.

Wistat is documented in a User's Guide, currently available at no charge from the Statistical Division in the form of a working paper.

Wistat

ORDER FORMS

These forms are to be returned to:

Statistical Division
United Nations
New York 10017
USA

Please complete each section below for the diskettes you wish to order.

A. Countries and areas (global or for individual regions)

Please send diskettes for the complete database or for the following regions:

		<u>Charge (\$US)</u>
Complete database (178 countries or areas)	☐	\$220
<u>or</u>		
Members of the Economic Commission for Europe	☐	60
Members of the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean	☐	60
Members of the Economic Commission for Africa	☐	60
Members of the Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific	☐	60
Members of the Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia	☐	45
<u>Total amount:</u>	Enclosed ☐	
	To be billed ☐	

B. Diskette format

Spreadsheet format: As of 1 May, 1991, diskettes are available only in Lotus 1-2-3 (Version 2) spreadsheet format, with notations and documentation in English. Please indicate the diskette type you wish to receive:

5-1/4" (360kb) ☐
3-1/2" (720kb) ☐

- a The charge to be billed will be payable in local currency at any United Nations office. If your organization is eligible for diskettes at no charge or reduced charge, please provide the applicable information in section D below.

C. Ordering office and user registration b/

Name: _____ Title: _____

Office: _____

Organization: _____

Shipping address: _____

City/state/country: _____

Special shipping instructions, if any: _____

Purchase order number: _____

I have read the Conditions of Use set out above and agree not to reproduce, publish or copy by any means, in their original or in any altered form, the diskettes which will be shipped to me, except for back-up and analysis of the statistics within my office, distribution to other users in my Government or organization (which distribution will be registered by me and sent to the United Nations Statistical Division on forms provided for that purpose with the diskettes) or as otherwise authorized by the United Nations in writing.

Name/position

Date/signature

b If you do not wish to order the data base on microcomputer diskettes at the present time but do wish to receive further information on development of the database and other work of the Statistical Division on statistics and indicators on the situation of women, please fill in the address information and check this box. ☐

D. Application for free or reduced-cost distribution of diskettes

Please fill out the applicable section for your organization, office, or institution.

1. National Government c/

Country: _____

Office: _____

Mailing address: _____

2. International or intergovernmental organization c/

Name of the organization: _____

Office within the organization: _____

Mailing address: _____

3. Non-governmental organization in consultative status with the United Nations Economic and Social Council d/

Name of organization: _____

Headquarters address: _____

4. Other non-profit organization, teaching or research institution or programme specializing in women's studies e/

Name of institution: _____

Office or programme: _____

Mailing address: _____

c One set of the diskettes can be made available per Government or intergovernmental organization at no charge. Additional requests will be referred to previously registered users in the Government or organization for copies.

d Free distribution limited to one copy per organization.

e Forty per cent discount on charges indicated in part A of the order forms.